SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

...eorgia, Carolina and Northern Rail... Company, Portsmouth, Va., October ...1899.—The regular annual meeting of ...stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina ...Northern Railway Company will be ...at the office of the company in At...ta, Ga., on Friday, November 10, 1899, ...10 o'clock a. m.
J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

NOTICE.

...eaboard Air Line Belt Railroad Com... Portsmouth, Va., October 8, 1899.—...regular annual meeting of the stock...ers of the Seaboard Air Line Belt ...road Company will be held at the ...of the company in Atlanta, Ga., ...Friday, November 10, 1899, at 11 ...ock a. m. J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

...ashington, October 18.—Forecast for Thurs... and Friday: Virginia—Fair Thursday ...Friday; light west to north winds. ...rth and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, ...rn and western Texas, Mississippi, Lou...a, Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Thurs... and Friday; variable winds. ...stern and western Florida—Fair Thurs... and Friday; variable winds.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Reports from Other Stations.

...icates trace of rain or snow.
J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

...ETER LYNCH

...t 95 Whitehall St.

...er in foreign and domestic Wines, ...s, Cigars, Tobaccos, Ales, Porter, ...and all such goods as belong with ...-class liquor store, the very best ...city or state. Send your orders ...e in person. Terms cash. ...Lynch's Seed and Variety Store ...7 Mitchell. Stand will be open in ...days with a new stock Field and ...Seeds and a variety of other.

...RGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordi... Office, October 11, 1899. Fannie L. ...executrix of will of James H. ...deceased, has applied for leave to ...e equity in the land of said de... This is, therefore, to notify all ...file their objections, if any ...ave, on or before the first Monday ...ember next, else leave will then be ...d said applicant as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

...RGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordi... Office, October 11, 1899. Lou... has applied for letters of guar... of the person and property of ...tephens, a lunatic. This is, there... notify all concerned that the ...will be heard and letters granted ...on the first Monday in Novem...xt.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

...RGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordi... Office, October 11, 1899. Daniel A. ...applied for letters of guardian... the person and property of Eva ...minor, under the age of fourteen ...This is, therefore, to notify all ...ed that the same will be heard ...ters granted therein on the first ...in November next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

...RGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordi... Office, October 11, 1899. Sumner W. ...has applied for letters of adminis... on the estate of C. E. Wood, de... This is, therefore, to notify all ...ed that the same will be heard on ...t Monday in November next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

...edule BETWEEN ...ATLANTA ...ND ...OLUMBUS

...lanta and West Point R. R. ...perb Pullman and Dining Car

...BUSINESS MAN'S TRAIN." ...tlanta 5:25 a. m. ...pelika 8:50 a. m. ...olumbus 9:55 a. m. ...VESTIBULED LIMITED." ...tlanta 4:20 p. m. ...pelika 7:37 p. m. ...olumbus 8:40 p. m. ...-five minutes quicker than any ...a, making only four stops be... ...tlanta and Columbus. ...st service Columbus to Atlanta ...olumbus 7:0. a. m. 1:45 p. m. ...tlanta 11:46 a. m. 7:00 p. m. ...rther information apply to ...ARNER, C. T. A., 12 Kimball ...Atlanta. ...ELL, U. T. A., Depot, Atlanta. ...ALLEN, Trav. Pass. Agent, 12 ...House, Atlanta. ...YLY, JR., G. P. and T. A., At... ...TZ, Traffic Manager, Montgom... ...C. SMITH, President and Gen... ...nager, Atlanta, Ga.

...THERN RAILWAY ...TRAINS TO MACON ...tlanta— 5:20 a. m. 12:05 noon 4:20 p. m. 11:00 p. m.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXXII — ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY, MORNING, OCTOBER 20 1899—TEN PAGES. — PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BRYAN ESCORTED BY OHIO FARMERS

Democratic Leader Opens the Buckeye Campaign.

IMMENSE CROWD PRESENT

Numerous and Tasteful Decorations Greet the Great Nebraskan.

ENTHUSIASM DECIDEDLY PRONOUNCED

McLean's Cause and the Cause of Democracy Are Given a Clear and Incisive Aid by the Choice of His Party,

Greenville, O., October 19.—William J. Bryan, Mrs. Bryan and the newspaper men who accompanied the party throughout Kentucky, crossed the river from Covington last night and boarded the special train provided for the three days' tour of Ohio. The train was run to Dayton during the night, where the private car of John R. McLean was attached, and at Greenville, Darke county, today, Mr. Bryan delivered his first address in Ohio. There was an immense crowd present. The decorations were numerous and tasteful and the enthusiasm pronounced. The visiting party was escorted to the courthouse square by a mounted body, largely composed of the farmers of the county. Dr. L. C. Anderson presided and introduced John R. McLean, the democratic candidate for governor.

Mr. McLean introduced Mr. Bryan as the unchallenged leader of the democratic masses. Mr. Bryan to avoid the crisp morning air, put on a skull cap, which provoked good natured laughter, in response to which he said:

"My hair is not as much protection as it used to be, and you ought not to complain if I am getting a little bald. In 1896 they said I was too young to be president. Then I had to depend upon the constitution to protect me. Now I can depend upon my baldness.

"The Chicago platform to which you gave such loyal support in 1896, is still the platform of the democratic party and the platform of the Ohio democracy again endorses that platform. I believe the planks of the platform are stronger today than when they were written."

Mr. Bryan then entered into an elaborate defense of the income tax and predicted a popular indorsement of the proposition. He cited the efforts of the government to raise a revenue to conduct the Spanish war because of the decision of the supreme court against the income tax. He said the money question was still unsettled and the fight would be continued. He treated the matter of trusts in practically the same manner as characterized his Kentucky utterances. He claimed the republican party said some trusts were bad and others good.

"Trusts are actually so bad," said the speaker, "that a republican convention in this state, a convention run by Mark Hanna, denounced them.

"Do you know the difference between a good trust and not a bad trust? A good trust gives liberally to a republican campaign and a bad one does not. The republican party cannot destroy the trusts. When the attorney general of the United States is asked to intervene there comes the Biblical injunction, 'Remember thy creator.' The republican party was the creator of the trusts."

Mr. Bryan denounced the increase of the regular army as being called for by the president two months before there was any war or act of hostility, which he construed as the basis for a change in our national policy, a change from the simplicity of republic to that of an imperialism.

"I dare the republicans to defend the title by purchase of 10,000,000 of men," he continued.

"They assert the right in the Philippines to be by purchase and that too, after having paid a less price for human beings than we pay for hogs.

"Let God choose between this definition of the declaration of independence and that which says all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed."

Mr. Bryan said that when he first went to Cincinnati in March, 1895, to advocate the cause of free silver, the first and foremost man to lend his assistance and sympathy was John R. McLean.

"Under his guidance," continued Mr. Bryan, "our party in this state polled more votes prior to 1896 than we would have done otherwise, and the only reason we did not carry the state in 1896 was that there were more votes counted than we or the law machinery supposed existed in the state."

BRYAN SPEAKS AT CELINA.

Declares God Would Never Choose Mark Hanna as a Mouthpiece.

Celina, O., October 19.—A large crowd met the Bryan-McLean special train here and listened to addresses. Mr. Bryan denounced the statement that God had been instrumental in our presence in the Philippines, and said:

"When God gets ready to speak to the American people, He will find somebody else than Mark Hanna as a mouthpiece."

Mr. Bryan said he did not believe we could shoot or dynamite our civilization into the Filipinos, nor did he believe that in the matter of territorial acquisition we should be sinking to the low level of European nations. Later in his speech Mr. Bryan said:

"I think the time has come when no farmer can afford to be a republican. I believe the farmer who supports that party stands in his own light and is doing himself an injustice. I believe the members of the republican party of an earlier date have a great reverence for Abraham Lincoln. Great changes within the party have taken place since then. Abraham Lincoln, in 1859, wrote a letter in which he demonstrated that he believed in the man first and the dollar afterwards. Since those days the party has placed the dollar first and the man afterwards, and if you republicans who reverence the name of Lincoln want to change conditions, bring the party back to Lincoln's standard, you must employ an artist to draw the difference between Mark Hanna and Abraham Lincoln, employing the toboggan slide as a background. (Applause.)

"With Abraham Lincoln the man came first; with Mark Hanna nothing is genuine unless the dollar mark is blown in the bottle. When the republican party was organized, it was with the idea that political convictions were stronger than party ties. The vicious dollar mark was not a consideration then."

Mr. Bryan made a passing reference to Governor Roosevelt's appearance in this state in support of a larger standing army, and likened our Philippine policy to the colonial policy of England in India, suggesting that the president of the United States have the title of president of the United States and emperor of the Philippines, Queen Victoria being recognized as the queen of England and the empress of India. The increased empire meant an increased army and increased taxation to support the theory of imperialism. He challenged the republicans to defend a policy of measuring human life by the value of acquired territory. He did not believe the Americans would be willing that one human being should be sent to death in this way and he did not believe if every Filipino were killed tomorrow that you could get Americans to go there and attempt to exist under a tropical sun.

Mr. Bryan then discussed trusts, the income tax, the issuance of money by national banks, and closed by urging his hearers to vote for Mr. McLean and the democratic ticket.

OHIO TOWNS GREET BRYAN.

Nebraskan Closes the Day's Work at Defiance Before Large Crowd.

Defiance, O., October 19.—The Bryan party closed the first day of the Ohio tour in this city tonight before a large and interesting audience in the opera house. A street parade preceded the meeting. Hon. John J. Lentz, who was speaking when the Bryan party entered, gave way to John R. McLean, the candidate for governor, who briefly addressed the meeting in introducing Mr. Bryan.

Mr. Bryan said in reference to his introduction as the next president:

"I only have one ambition, shared by every citizen, that is to leave this goverment to my children better than I found it. I want you to believe me when I tell you that if the victory won by the republicans in '96 inures to the good of the people I shall rejoice with every republican"

Mr Bryan then discussed the silver question.

"They have been burying this question for years," he declared, "and they are burying it again, but I do not think they bury it well. And why? Because no tomb is strong enough to hold a righteous cause. (Applause.) They would rather bury the question than discuss it. I know these republicans. I know how careful they are of public money. I know when they appropriated $100,000 to defray the expenses of the monetary conference in Europe to get rid of the gold standard it must be a bad thing."

Mr. Bryan concluded by discussing the Philippine question in opposition to the national administration.

At Vanwert Mr. Bryan discussed trusts, concluding his reference thus:

"In 1892 one of the distinguished citizens of this state gave out an interview in which he said the women defeated the republican party in the state. He said the women went to the store to make purchases and when they inquired why prices were advancing and were told that it was because of the McKinley bill, they influenced their husbands to vote the democratic ticket. Now, the republican party being the creator of the trusts and the trusts the cause of the advance in prices, I expect the women to again influence their husbands to vote the democratic ticket this fall. The republicans denounced trusts and Mark Hanna has been busy apologizing for it ever since. A Chicago paper recently published the opinion of a well-known banker, who said that 'in the long run trusts can do no harm,' but suppose the farmer cannot live until the run is out? Behind the trusts stand all the great financiers who support the gold standard."

There were good-sized crowds at St. Marys, Paulding and Rockford.

NOT DISCOURAGED BY DEFEAT.

Bryan Given a Grand Reception by People at Vanwert.

Van Wert, O., October 19.—Mr. Bryan arrived at Van Wert at 4 o'clock. The visiting party was escorted in carriages to the courthouse through streets thronged with a cheering mass of humanity. Mr. Bryan, in his address, said:

"I do not feel discouraged by the defeat of 1896, for I felt when the republicans went into power responsibility went with them. I felt if we were wrong in our position in 1896, we deserved to be defeated, and if we were right our position would be vindicated by experience. I believe the last three years have vindicated the position taken in 1896. (Applause.)

"We then said the gold standard was bad, and the republicans made the special declaration that the gold standard was all right; that it was the standard of civilization, and yet, the first thing a republican president did was to send a commission to Europe to get rid of the gold standard. Six months after the election the republicans could find nothing to justify the gold standard. They rejoiced at the discovery of gold in the Klondike. And why? Because it meant more money and better times, just as we told you in 1896, and as McKinley knew in 1891. If gold from the Klondike would give us more money and better times, why not open our own mints? The experience of the past three years on the money question puts the republican party in the attitude of the fellow traveling in the mountains who often met himself coming back."

Mr. Bryan concluded his address by denouncing trusts and the president's Philippine policy.

M'KINLEY RETURNS TO WHITEHOUSE

President's Train Was Delayed and Some Anxiety Was Aroused.

HAS TRAVELED 5,000 MILES

Party Was Well Cared for by Railroad Officials Everywhere.

SPECIAL TRAIN CARRIED THE CROWD

Every Convenience and Comfort Was Furnished the Chief Executive on the Trip.

Washington, October 19.—President McKinley and party reached Washington at 12:25 p. m., nearly an hour behind schedule, owing to delay on the grade in the Baltimore tunnel.

The party consisted of President and Mrs. McKinley, Secretary Long, Secretary and Mrs. Hitchcock and Attorney General Griggs, Assistant Secretary Cortelyou and Mr. Finney, private secretary to the secretary of the navy; members of the press and the white house attendants. All but the three cabinet officers mentioned had left the party at various points on the road. The train was met at the station by Secretary Root, Adjutant General Corbin, District Marshal Palmer and John Addison Porter, secretary to the president.

Some anxiety was caused at first by the announcement that the train was delayed three-quarters of an hour near Baltimore, but it was afterwards learned that the only trouble lay in the combination of a sharp curve, heavy grade and wet rails in the tunnel, which necessitated backing out to get another engine.

Mrs. McKinley was looking stronger than on her return from her last trip west and it was agreed by the members of the party that she had improved in health on the journey.

Leaving Washington October 4th, the train traveled a distance of 5,009 miles and passed over the tracks of eighteen railway systems. Arrangements for the trip were made by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which furnished the entire equipment. The itinerary having been arranged by the white house officials, Mr. George W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania system, put himself in communication with the general passenger agents of the various railways over which it was the wish of the party to pass and a schedule was quickly made up.

D. N. Bell, tourist agent of the Pennsylvania railway system, was placed in charge of the train with a corps of men from his own road.

In order that the immense amount of telegraph correspondence originating on the train might be expediently handled the Western Union Telegraph Company sent with the president as its representative William H. Young, night manager of its office at Washington. He had directly in charge all of the official telegraph correspondence of the president and members of the cabinet besides dispatches of the representatives of the press.

MONUMENT TO JOHN TYLER.

Grave of the Ex-President To Be Marked at Last.

Richmond, Va., October 19.—(Special.) The grave in Hollywood cemetery here of President John Tyler, which for more than thirty-five years has been unmarked, is at last to have a monument placed over it. The failure of the last resting place of one of Virginia's presidents to have placed upon it some memorial or mark of identification has for years elicited comments in all parts of the country. The attention of this negligence to recognize one of the nation's chief magistrates has been called both to congress and the Virginia legislature during the last four years. The monument which is now to be placed over the grave of President Tyler will be the contribution of the cemetery company.

"There is nothing," said President Bargamin, of the cemetery company, today, "to mark the spot save a magnolia tree, and John Tyler, his wife and daughter lie side by side, their last resting place known to but few. The only stone on the plot is a shaft over the daughter's grave."

The memorial which is to be placed over Mr. Tyler's last resting place will be a simple tablet of Virginia granite, bearing the name and date of birth and death of the distinguished dead.

BODY HUNG THIRTY MINUTES.

North Carolinian Legally Hanged at Newton in That State.

Newton, N. C., October 19.—Avery Kale, white, was hanged here today for the murder of George Travis, also white, near Catawba last year.

Kale was employed in Alley's distillery, and for some cause was discharged and Travis given the place. Kale went home, got a gun and, returning to the distillery, shot Travis in the head, while the latter was at work. The shot tore away a large section of Travis's skull, death resulting instantly. Kale immediately left for Marion, enlisted in company A, the Hornets' Nest Riflemen, of Charlotte, and was arrested soon after reaching camp at Jacksonville, brought back to Newton, tried and convicted.

His body was allowed to hang thirty minutes, as he had requested that the job be a thorough one, as he did not want to come back to this world.

DENIES THAT SHE IS INSANE.

Julia Morrison Hears the Story That She Has Lost Her Mind.

Chattanooga, Tenn., October 19.—(Special.)—A sensational story was printed this afternoon to the effect that Julia Morrison, the actress in jail here for the murder of Frank Leiden, the New Orleans actor, had lost her mind, and was a maniac. Miss Morrison tonight furnished The Chattanooga Times with a signed statement in which she says she has not lost her mind, has always been perfectly sane, and that she is in good health. She is engaged in writing a play and several short stories. Her communication is bright and displays a very acute intellect and a sound mind.

CHICAGO IS HELPING GOEBEL.

Democratic Marching Club Invades the Dark and Bloody Ground.

Lexington, Ky., October 19.—The Chicago democratic Marching Club, 300 strong, reached this city this afternoon, headed by a band and paraded the principal streets. They came in the interest of Mr. Goebel. They were entertained by the Goebel men with speeches tonight. The club goes to Paris, Ky., next.

WANT OF BREEZE PREVENTS A RACE

Columbia Runs Away from Shamrock Without Trouble.

TIME LIMIT NOT REACHED

Defender Three Miles Ahead of Challenger When Contest Was Declared Off.

YACHTS WILL TRY IT TODAY AGAIN

America's Successor Sails All Around the Irish Craft and Leaves No Chance for Defeat from the Start to the Finish.

New York, October 19.—Had the wind held today, the Columbia-Shamrock series for the America's cup would have ended in three straight wins for the defender, and the Irish cup hunter would have sailed home without the trophy, beaten as decisively as any former candidate. Only the failure of the wind saved the Shamrock from a defeat more stinging than on Monday. Today she was beaten on the run to the outer mark five minutes and fifty-one seconds elapsed time, and on the leg home, which should have been a beat, but which, owing to a shift of the wind, was a broad reach, Columbia sailed away from her like a witch. When the race was declared off, about ten minutes before the expiration of the time limit, Columbia was leading by about three miles. She was then four miles from the finish. Had the race ended, Shamrock would have been beaten by at least twenty minutes.

Sir Thomas's hard luck continued to follow. His boat was very badly handled today, in spite of the aggregation of talent aboard of her. The two English captains and the captain of Emperor William's yacht Meteor, failed to get Shamrock over the line before the handicap gun was fired, and she went into the race penalized by two seconds on that account. The additional ballast which was put into her yesterday also seems to have been a blunder on the part of her managers, as it increased the size of the body to be forced through the water, and in the light wind that prevailed today, retarded instead of increased her speed. What Shamrock may be able to do in rough weather and reefing wind is still promlematical, but, after the drubbing she has received, the experts are almost unanimous in the belief that the Columbia can take her measure in light airs or a gale of wind.

Shamrock's Crew Gives Up.

The crew of the Shamrock has given it up. The members are now convinced that America has the better boat. Before the race on Monday they had the most supreme confidence in their ability to win with Shamrock.

"There was no living with them," said one of the yankee tars on the Shamrock's tender, Lawrence. "They didn't think their boat would win; they absolutely knew it. They would not even hear arguments. After they returned from the race Monday they were so sore that they wouldn't speak to each other. Now they are frank enough to admit that the Columbia is the better boat by ten minutes over a thirty-mile course."

The boats will race again tomorrow, and even if the Columbia wins, it is possible that two more races will be sailed. A proposition to this effect has been made, and Sir Thomas seems anxious that it be carried out. He has been greatly disappointed in the showing his boat has made, but believes she might do better over a triangular course in a heavier wind, and has said that he would be very pleased to sail two more races.

This was a radiant day for those afloat. Though a light haze hung over the horizon, not a cloud flecked the sky. A ten-knot land breeze blew out of the northwest, and the foam-tipped wavelets running on the gentle ground swell shimmered in the bright sun. A big holiday crowd went out to witness what all supposed would be the last race of the cup series, and the sightseers were treated to a rare picture as they bowled down the harbor. The bay was alive with sails. Fifty or more sailing ships of every style, from coasting schooners to lofty square riggers, bound for the Indies or the China seas, which had been harbor bound for two weeks, were taking advantage of the favoring breeze, and, like a flock of wild gulls, were speeding seaward with their spreading pinions gleaming in the sun.

Straightway and Back.

The course today was laid fifteen miles before the wind, southeast by south, straight out to sea. After some pretty manoeuvering behind the lines, Captain Barr, on the Columbia, bested the talent aboard the challenger, sending the Columbia flying across the line twenty-seven seconds ahead of his adversary. So badly had the Shamrock miscalculated that the handicap gun boomed two seconds before the green boat crossed and she sailed away with that penalty in addition to the sixteen seconds she allows the white wonder under its new measurement. The race to the outer mark was not exciting. Both yachts crossed with bulging balloons, mainsails and their largest club topsails drawing. But as the wind had pulled a little to southward after the course had been set instead of keeping away for the mark they made almost a triangular race of it. Without setting their spinnakers they luffed sharply to starboard, each striving for the

Continued on Second Page.

PRITCHARD JUMPS ON THE DEMOCRATS

North Carolina Senator Arraigns His Political Opponents.

FRAUD IS CONTEMPLATED

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution Severely Denounced.

APPEAL TO BOTH RACES IS MADE

Tarheel Asserts That Many Illiterate White Men Will Be Kept from the Polls.

Statesville, N. C., October 19.—Senator Pritchard spoke here last night in regard to the proposition to amend the provision of the state constitution prescribing the qualifications for electors. This amendment constituted, he said, the most important question presented to the people since the war. The constitution of 1868, framed by the republican party, guaranteed free suffrage to the rich, the poor and the educated alike. There had never been a moment since its adoption, declared the senator, when it had not been thei ntention of the democratic party to do all in its power, should the opportunity present itself, to amend the constitution so as to restrict the right of suffrage and if possible prevent the poor and illiterate white people from exercising that right.

The people were confronted with a proposition to amend, the constitution, which would, in his judgment, disfranchise the poor and illiterate classes of both races.

"There is," he said, "much of the proposed amendment which is calculated to create apprehension and alarm on the part of the illiterate and poor white people of North Carolina as well as the colored race. It is a carefully prepared and well devised scheme by which it is thought forever to prevent the common people of North Carolina from participating in the management and control of her affairs. While it is pretended by those who advocate the proposed amendment that its object is to secure white supremacy, at the same time there lurks beneath the surface a purpose to disfranchise thousands of our citizens, both white and colored, and thereby enable a certain class in the state to hold the offices and enjoy the emoluments of the same. The proposition which they propose to submit is an attempt to confer the right of suffrage by inheritance, a plan which is repugnant to every principle of the organic law of the land, and one which ignores all that is sacred and dear to a free and independent people."

The proposed amendment will not in the slightest degree affect the race question, he said. The democrats will always contend that there is a race question as long as any number of negroes vote against the democratic party. The wave of prosperity and general business revival together with the fact that the Spanish war had once more reunited our country and prompted the southern people with a desire to sustain President McKinley in his efforts to bring to a speedy termination the war in the Philippines, the senator said, has alarmed the leaders of democracy and caused them to resort to the agitation of the race question in order to blind the southern people and prevent them from considering the splendid results that have followed republican legislation.

In closing he said he regarded the proposed amendment as an attempt to legalize the methods and practices of the democratic party that obtained in the conduct and control of all elections in the past.

A DRUMHEAD COURTMARTIAL.

Soldiers En Route to Philippines Are Stopped for Trials.

Cincinnati, October 19.—The Forty-sixth regiment of volunteers en route from Massachusetts to Manila, was delayed here on account of an epidemic of drunkenness. The first section arrived yesterday over the Chesapeake and Ohio and held high carnival. They had whisky secreted on the train. Colonel Hegler immediately called a drumhead courtmartial, which sent thirty of the worst offenders to the Columbus barracks.

As the other sections arrived during the day it was found that there was plenty of whisky aboard, and also the supply was greatly increased here, so that the four sections were all sidetracked west of this city at Valley Junction for more trials by drumhead courtmartial and additional installments were today sentenced to Columbus barracks guardhouse awaiting further action. Everything has been in readiness by the Big Four railroad since yesterday noon to carry the regiment to St. Louis, but the trains are this afternoon still held at Valley Junction.

ONE AMERICAN IS KILLED.

Lawton's Command Has Engagement with Insurgents.

Manila, October 20.—8 a. m.—General Young's advance guard of General Lawton's column left Cabiao yesterday morning and entered San Isidro at half-past 1 o'clock. The American loss was one killed and three wounded. One Spaniard and fifteen insurrectos were captured.

LIVINGSTON IS COMPLIMENTED

While Dewey Was Talking with the Macon Committee.

Washington, October 19.—(Special.)—A committee of representative citizens of Macon who waited on Admiral Dewey to invite him to that city were received by the admiral in the most cordial and friendly manner. He made every one of the party feel as much at ease as though they had knew each other in Georgia. Congressman Bartlett, of that district, presented the resolutions adopted by the chamber of commerce of Macon inviting him to visit that city. After the reading of the resolutions the admiral smiled and, placing his hand upon Mr. Bartlett's shoulder, said:

"I shall always have a most kind and tender feeling for the noble people of Georgia. It will ever be a pleasure to me to visit any portion of that commonwealth, and especially Atlanta, because that is the home of my gallant lieutenant and his state has honored him by presenting him with a sword as an appreciation of his services as a United States naval officer and a son of the Empire State of the South, and further, because it is the capital of the state and Congressman Livingston, of that district, was the first member of congress to introduce a resolution of thanks to myself and officers and men under my command. It will be my further pleasure to visit your city during the coming winter."

Congressman Bartlett replied wittily: "Livingstn only got to the feed trough first to introduce the resolution. We all wanted to do the same thing," added Mr. Bartlett.

The admiral, patting him good naturedly on the back, said: "Does not Congressman Livingston get there first in whatever he undertakes?"

CHARLESTON WANTS DEWEY.

South Carolina's Metropolis Sends an Invitation to the Admiral.

Charleston, S. C., October 19.—A committee representing the city of Charleston, the commercial bodies and the German organizations, left here this afternoon for Washington to meet Admiral Dewey by appointment Friday morning and formally invite him to Charleston. The committee consists of the Hon. J. Adger Smyth, mayor; Major Henry Schacte and T. R. McGahan. Dewey's chief quartermaster, Mehrtens, is a Charlestonian and will be honored in his native city. The admiral will be asked to visit Charleston and by his presence add to the importance and enjoyment of the occasion.

FIVE LIVES LOST IN A FIRE.

Mother and Four Children Are Burned to Death.

Canton, Miss., October 19.—At Saint Ann, twenty miles east of here, today Mrs. J. N. Cambrill and four children lost their lives in a fire that destroyed their residence.

JUBILEE COMES TO A CLOSE.

Christian Church Convention in Cincinnati Adjourns Today.

Cincinnati, O., October 19.—The business session of the jubilee missionary conventions of the Christian church concluded today, and tomorrow will be devoted to farewell receptions and sight-seeings. Of the 12,000 visitors, fully 5,000 remain for the closing events. The singing at Music hall today was conducted by W. E. Hanna. Miss Robel Withers led the opening service, and the visiting missionaries were introduced.

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.

Fourteenth Annual Convention Has Been Called to Order.

Columbus, O., October 19.—The fourteenth annual convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew opened in this city today. More than five hundred delegates have arrived, and others are expected. This morning, at Trinity church, Rev. Dr. Johnson, bishop of western Texas, delivered the charge to the convention.

GOLD MEDAL FOR LIFE SAVER.

Secretary of the Treasury Rewards a Tarheel for Good Work.

Washington, October 19.—The secretary of the treasury, upon the recommendation of the board of award of the life-saving service, has presented to Rasmus S. Midgett a gold medal for conspicuous and heroic conduct in rescuing ten persons from the wrecked schooner Precilla, off Gulf Shoal Light Saving Station, N. C., during the hurricane of August last.

CREW REFUSED TO SURRENDER

Helmsman Murders Captain, Captain's Wife and the Mate.

Santa Cruz De Teneriffe, October 19.—The brig Juliana Schlosser recently arrived here on her way to Brazil and reported that during the voyage the helmsman had murdered the captain, the captain's wife and the mate. The Brazilian consul asked assistance of the authorities, and the Spanish cruiser Infanta Isabel sent several boats' crews to the brig. They were fired upon by the brig's crew and the marines replied, finally boarding the ship.

Eleven seamen then jumped overboard, but were rescued by the cruiser's boats and are now imprisoned.

The helsman committed suicide. Another murdered man was found on board.

TWO NEGROES WERE KILLED

And Several Others Wounded in the Trouble at East Decatur, Ala.

Decatur, Ala., October 19.—(Special.)—There are two dead negroes, three or four wounded, and two in jail, as a result of the race war last night and this morning in East Decatur. It was not discovered until daylight that any negroes had been killed, though it was known that several had been badly wounded.

The ringleader, Alex Orr, a bad turbulent negro, was surrounded and arrested about 7:30 this morning and it is now thought the trouble had quieted down, though the citizens had all armed themselves out there and are expecting further trouble.

The riot was caused by a negro woman, the wife of Alex Orr, abusing the wife of Charles James, a steamboat engineer, for which James severely beat the woman and was last night waylaid by a negro and fired upon.

Provisions for Porto Rico.

New York, October 19.—The United States transport Resolute sailed today with 800 tons of provisions for Porto Rico.

One New Case in New Orleans.

New Orleans, October 19.—The board of health reports one new case and no deaths.

CHAMBERLAIN HAS TO MAKE AMENDS

English Statesman Finds Opposition in the House.

MADE RETRACT HASTY WORDS

Secretary of State for the Colonies Finds War Is Not Popular.

MEMBERS OF HIS PARTY CRITICISE HIM

House of Commons Takes Up and Discusses the War with the South African Republics in No Uncertain Manner.

London, October 19.—Floor and galleries were densely crowded today in the house of commons in anticipation of a speech by the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, on the government's policy in South Africa.

Mr. Balfour in reply to an interpellation as to whether the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Alfred Milner, would be allowed to discuss the Schreiner ministry, to dissolve the Cape legislature and temporarily to assume full authority, said:

"This question is apparently founded upon newspaper reports for which, so far as the imperial government is aware, there is no foundation."

Mr. Balfour announced that the present sitting of parliament would be regarded as a complete session, to be terminated by prorogation, and not adjourned until February.

Henry Seaton Carr, conservative, in accordance with notice given yesterday asked the first lord of the treasury whether the government had directed attention to certain speeches and letters by and emanating from the members of the Kilkenny and East Claire, Messrs. Patrick O'Brien and William Redmond, Parnellites, advocating the cause of the Boers, attempting to seduce British soldiers and inciting them actively to assist the enemies of the queen, and what action, if any, the government proposed to take in the matter.

Redmond rose quickly and said before the first lord of the treasury replied, he declared to ask him whether it were not a fact that he (Mr. Redmond) in suggesting a message of sympathy to President Kruger, had only followed the precedent set by her majesty's grandson, the German emperor. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Balfour replied as follows:

Balfour Grows Sarcastic.

"I was not aware that the honorable member for East Claire framed himself upon such an august model. (Laughter). I may point out, among the differences between himself and the emperor of Germany, that his imperial majesty is not a British officer nor a member of this house. I have reason to doubt the accuracy of the statements contained in the question. So far as my memory serves, support of a similar character has invariably been offered by the same quarters to those engaged in hostilities with her majesty's government quite irrespective of race, creed or the theater of hostilities. I have no ground for thinking that such support was ever regarded as important by those to whom it was proffered and I advise the house to take the same view now." (Peals of laughter.)

Mr. Chamberlain, who was roundly cheered on rising, began with a severe criticism of the action of the opposition at the previous meeting of parliment. Their statements, he said, were calculated to encourge President Kruger's resistance and to embarrass the government to "most difficult and most critical functions." Referring to Mr. Stanhope's demand yesterday for the production of his (Mr. Chamberlain's) letter to Mr. Hawksly he said he would gladly produce this, if Sir Milliam Vernon Harcourt and John Morley, who were members of the South African committee, demanded it. Mr. Stanhope's criticism he characterized as "neither honest nor honorable."

The speaker, Mr. William Court Gulley, intervened, saying that the language of the colonial secretary was "beyond parliamentary bounds."

Mr. Chamberlain retorted that it was impossible adequately to describe Mr. Stanhope's accusation that he (Mr. Chamberlain) and Mr. Alfred Milner had fomented war. Dealing with the criticisms made upon the South African league, he said he could not claim acquaintance with a single member of it. The league was one of the poorest pecuniary, but at the same time most representative, organizations ever established.

No Communication with Rhodes.

With regard to the allegations respecting his own associations with Cecil Rhodes, he declared that from the time of the Jameson raid he had had no communication either direct or indirect with Mr. Rhodes on any subject connected with South African policy. He had seen that gentleman with reference to the Cape to Cairo railway project, and with reference to Rhodesia, but the conversations had never touched upon the subjects now under discussion, and he would remind the house that Mr. Rhodes, although a millionaire, had gone to face danger at Kimberley. He had always been determined to secure justice for the Britishers in South Africa and to maintain the paramouncy of Great Britain, but with these things assured, he desired peace. Whenever there had been a doubt as to President Kruger's motives, the government had always given him the benefit of the doubt.

Turning to the principles involved in

the war, the colonial secretary went on to say:

"If we maintain our existence as a great power in South Africa, we are bound to show that we are willing and able to protect British subjects wherever they have suffered injustice and oppression. Great Britain must remain the paramount power in South Africa. I do not mean paramount in the German and Portuguese possessions, but in the two republics and the British colonies. Everyone on both sides of the house is determined to maintain these great principles. The peace of South Africa depends upon Great Britain accepting responsibility in the Transvaal.

"The Boer oligarchy has placed British subjects in a position of inferiority, and what would have been the British position if they had submitted to that inferiority."

Mr. Chamberlain then proceeded to discuss the question of racial animosity, denying that this feeling, which, he said, was based in South Africa on contempt, would be increased by hostilities. He declared that racial animosity had not been created by anything the present government had done, but that it existed before her majesty's advisers assumed responsibility. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman interposed with the remark:

"What I wish to point out is that the feeling of animosity would be increased a hundred-fold when the Dutch and English are slaughtering each other." (Opposition cheers.)

Mr. Chamberlain retorted:

"I say again that the racial animosity which has been the curse of South Africa is based on contempt. Hate is bad enough, but I would rather have a man's hate than his contempt. There will never be an end of racial animosity, nor will there ever be peace in South Africa until both races have learned to respect each other."

Treatment of Natives by Boers.

Referring to the relations of the Boers with the natives, Mr. Chamberlain said:

"There is one subject not dealt with in the blue books. I mean the disgraceful Boer treatment of the natives, unworthy of a civilized power. In 1896 I actually sent a message to Sir Hercules Robinson, for the Transvaal, respecting the treatment of the natives. Then came the Jameson raid, and our South African officials decided that they could not with propriety present the message. The Boers, in their words, trekked because they wanted to 'wallop the niggers.'"

John Dillon cried: "That is not true."

This was followed by loud demands for order, and the speaker called upon Mr. Dillon to withdraw the remark. The latter responded:

"I have not impeached the veracity of the colonial secretary."

The speaker: "I hope such expressions will not occur again."

Proceeding to discuss the question of supremacy, Mr. Chamberlain said:

"The whole object of the Boers has been to oust the queen from her position as suzerain. Now they have thrown off the mask and declared themselves a sovereign, independent state. Her majesty's government have had a suspicion amounting to the knowledge that the mission of Dr. Leyds has been one continual series of negotiations with foreign powers against the British. (Loud cheers.)

Ideal Dangerous to Great Britain.

"The Transvaal and the Free State have an ideal which is dangerous to Great Britain, and by the continuous accretions of arms, the Transvaal had become by far the most powerful military state in Africa. That was a danger, and we have escaped one of the greatest dangers we were ever subjected to in Africa. The whole point of difference between the opposition and the government is as to the details of the negotiations."

Justifying his conduct of affairs, Mr. Chamberlain denied that the question of suzerainty had needlessly irritated the Transvaal government or seriously affected the negotiations. As for the franchise for the Uitlanders, he declared that the government had never shifted their ground, and that every point advanced at the Bloemfontein conference by Sir Alfred Milner had remained on the paper until the ultimatum. Mr. Chamberlain added:

"I am much more afraid of the charge of being too moderate than of the charge of being excessive. The government's reply to the Transvaal accepted the five-year franchise proposal except in respect of the pledge that Great Britain would not re-interfere in the Transvaal's internal affairs, but they hoped that if the five-year franchise measure were carried into effect, there would be no occasion for interference. I believe that influential advisers—I do not mean foreign powers—must have intervened and induced the Transvaal government to withdraw their offer.

"As for the last proposals formulated by the British government, I may say that the desire of the right honorable member from West Monmouthshire (Sir William Vernon Harcourt) that they be published will never be gratified. That ultimatum is buried and is not likely to be resurrected. (Laughter).

"I challenge any one to see a sign of provocation, blood-guiltiness or desire of war in the negotiations. The government increased the garrisons for defense on pressure from the Natal administration, to whom gratitude and thanks are due. Never before had the administration and colony of Natal so completely identified themselves with the mother country. They knew they would be the first to bear the brunt of the attack; yet they threw in their lot, heart and soul, with the mother country.

"Her majesty's present advisers claim, quite as earnestly as any previous government could have claimed, to be anxious for the honor and interests of the country. That is why they have supported the principle of protection for British subjects. That is why they uphold and confirm the suzerainty of England.

"Our countrymen have seen a magnificent demonstration, not only of loyalty, but of sympathy with the objects of the government on the part of the colonies. I have been as anxious for peace as any man, but the government holds that there are considerations which are even more important than peace, and one of these is the maintenance of equality between the white races in South Africa.

Endless Patience Shown.

"In its endeavor to maintain peace, the government has shown endless patience. It was President Kruger who settled the issue. He appealed to the God of battles. If I may do so, with reverence, I accept that appeal, believing our quarrel just."

Mr. Chamberlain, who had spoken two hours and three-quarters, resumed his seat amid loud and prolonged cheering.

Sir Edward Clarke, conservative member for Plymouth, said the more he had read the correspondence the more convinced he had been of blunders in the negotiations and that this lamentable war was unnecessary.

For any minister to assert that "we since 1884 have had suzerainty over the Transvaal," Sir Edward declared, was certainly at variance with the facts and a breach of national faith. President Kruger had had much difficulty with his volksraad and on many occasions had shown himself moderate and an advocate of peace. There was no reason why the conditions which President Kruger attached to the franchise proposals should not have been accepted, seeing that suzerainty was dropped in 1884.

A brief discussion between Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Edward Clarke ensued respecting the interpretation that should be placed upon Mr. Chamberlain's reply, the colonial secretary maintaining that the tenor of the reply was conciliatory, saying:

"We could not accept all of President Kruger's conditions, though we accepted nine-tenths."

Sir Edward rejoined that Mr. Chamberlain's remarks made the matter more and more sad. If this sort of thing had been going on, the war was a crime against civilization. It was very unfortunate that parliament was not sitting the first week in September, or the seven year franchise would have been accepted and there would have been no war. Mr. Chamberlain's conduct of the correspondence he characterized as most clumsy. He had given twenty years' unswerving support to his party, but there was, Sir Edward continued, a deeper and truer loyalty to party than blindly going with it in a division and in the lobby, and some day his friends would acquit him of disloyalty in having striven to prevent his country from suffering a calamity and his party from suffering reproach for having embarked on an unnecessary war. (Opposition cheers.)

John Morley, liberal member for the Montrose district, on rising to speak was greeted with loud cheers by the opposition. He said:

"A very material change has come over the spirit of the discussion since the brilliant, eloquent, forcible and unanswerable speech of Sir Edward Clarke, and it now seems as if we are going to war, not for the franchise, but for suzerainty. Under the name of paramountcy, we are going to impose on the Transvaal obligations which the government would not for the life of them dare impose upon any self-governing colony."

Mr. Chamberlain interposed: "If we could imagine such a case as a self-governing colony imposing upon a majority of its inhabitants such conditions as the Boers imposed upon British subjects, we should interfere or cut the connection."

Mr. Morley contended that in Newfoundland was a remarkable case of alienation of territory in favor of individual, but though that corresponded to the position of affairs in the Transvaal, Mr. Chamberlain refused to interfere.

Mr. Chamberlain said the cases were in no way comparable.

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KIND THAT WON'T CAKE
FAVORITE
Table Salt
Sold in dust proof and air tight boxes. At the grocer's. 5 and 10 cent sizes.
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BOERS KILLED BY HUNDREDS.

Lydete Mine Said To Have Taken 1,500 Lives Quickly.

London, October 20.—The Daily News' Cape Town correspondent says:

"It is rumored that news has reached De Aax Junction that the Boers attacked Mafeking in force, but were repulsed. The defenders, seeing the enemy retreating, pursued them for some distance. Then a feint was made and they commenced to retire on the town, allowing themselves to be driven in by the Boers, who, eager to retrieve their position, again advanced to the attack and were drawn over lydite mines laid for the defense of the town. It is reported that 1,500 Boers were killed by the explosions. It is reported from Delagoa Bay that the Swazi King Bunu is collecting his forces, with the object, presumably, of attacking the Boers. It is stated that the Portuguese forces at Delagoa Bay will be raised to war strength.

"It is announced from Pretoria that an eccentric person known as Baron de Ganseberg has been courtmartialed and shot as a spy. Plans of the local forts were found in his possession.

EXCITING DAY AT WAR OFFICE

London Has Little Information from the Front as Yet.

London, October 20.—Yesterday was one of the most exciting days at the war office since the crowd attended there to learn the result of the relief expedition to Gordon at Kaartoum.

The news that the Fifth Lancers had been engaged brought many ladies and other friends of the regiment to inquire for news.

The gravest intelligence today seems to be the report of the capture of a train with officers at Elandslaagto, because it was understood that the whole cross-country line was regularly patrolled.

As no correspondents are allowed at the front, it is impossible to gain definite information, but it is known that General Sir George Stewart White has been making some extensive moves of the troops in that neighborhood, and developments are hourly expected.

It is rumored that Commandant Joubert's northern column, with twelve guns, is now at Dannhauser.

Although the Boers have shown considerable activity in Natal, there is nothing to indicate that they are yet prepared for a serious combined attack, and the general belief here is that unless something unexpected happens, General Sir George Stewart White will maintain the defensive.

STARTING THE IRON FURNACES

Capitalists Are Purchasing Plants in Alabama.

Birmingham, Ala., October 19.—(Special.) Fred Hoffman and W. H. Weller, formerly of the Hoffman, Billings and Weller Manufacturing Company, at Gadsden, are forming a company and intend to purchase the furnace at Jenifer, Ala., with abundant ore, coal and limestone lands, to supply the furnace with raw material. The capital stock of the company will be over $150,000, and the properties to be taken hold of will be put in full blast at once. Fred Hoffman is interested in the Hoffman & Billings Manufacturing Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., and says he has got faith in Alabama industrial properties.

F. M. Jackson, general manager for the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company, today announced that one of the Ironton furnaces would go into blast either Saturday or Monday, the Gadsden furnace thirty days later and the second Ironton furnace before January 1st. As soon as started, the furnaces will be pushed for the iron, orders for which have been received in large qauntities.

WILLIAMS AT HEAD OF F. C. & P. RY.

President of Seaboard Air Line Is Given Another Presidency.

S. A. L.'S IMPROVED SERVICE

Shortest Line Between North and South Hard at Work.

CUBA BROUGHT CLOSER TO NEW YORK

The New System Passes Through Historic Capitals and Six States and Cuts Through Country Full of Historic Interest.

the Florida Central and Peninsular Railroad Company, held in this city today, J. Skelton Williams, president of the Seaboard Air Line, was elected president to succeed H. R. Duval, resigned. No other business of importance was transacted.

President Williams announced today that his system had concluded arrangements for the operation of through vestibule trains between New York and Tampa.

"Negotiations," said Mr. Williams, "have been concluded with the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad, from Richmond to Quantico, and with the Pennsylvania railroad, extending from Quantico to New York, by which the trains of the Seaboard Air Line will enjoy the same rights and privileges between Richmond and Washington as those enjoyed by the Atlantic Coast Line, and from Washington to New York the Seaboard Air Line will be upon precisely the same footing in the use of the tracks of the Pennsylvania as either the Atlantic Coast Line, the Southern railway or the Chesapeake and Ohio railway.

The contract with the Pennsylvania railroad has been signed by the officials of both companies and a final agreement has been arrived at with the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad for the use of that company's tracks between Richmond and Quantico, where connection will be made with the Pennsylvania railroad.

President Williams confirms the report that his system has recently contracted with the Pullman Palace Car Company for four magnificent vestibuled trains, which are to be used this winter by the Seaboard Air Line in its new through passenger service between New York and Jacksonville and Tampa. These trains will be the most luxurious that were ever operated in the south and will include dining, sleeping, parlor and observation cars, which will be furnished with all the conveniences and luxuries that art and ingenuity can contrive.

The new route thus opened will be known as "The Florida and West India Short Line," and will cover the distance between New York and Tampa by a line about 110 miles shorter than the Southern railway and about seventy-five miles shorter than the Atlantic Coast Line between the same points.

The link which is being built by the Seaboard Air-Line to connect its main line with the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad at Columbia, is being laid with new 80-pound steel rails. The new bridges which are being constructed are all of steel, and adapted to the use of the heaviest locomotives and the fastest trains.

The new projected lines of the Seaboard system from Charleston to Augusta, and from Augusta to Athens, are now being surveyed. Several corps of engineers are busily engaged in the work, and nothing definite will be given out in regard to this new line until this preliminary work is completed.

If this new projected line should be constructed, the Seaboard besides being the shortest line by about 100 miles, between Washington and Tampa and Cuba, will have the greatest advantage of operating its own rails for the entire distance between the cities of Atlanta, Ga., and Augusta, Ga., Atlanta and Savannah, Ga., Augusta and Charleston, S. C., Augusta and Athens, Ga., by shorter routes than any now existing between the important cities mentioned.

The consolidation of the Seaboard Air-Line with the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad, and the Georgia and Alabama railway, will probably take place between now and the first of January. The new system, including its projected lines, will embrace about 3,000 miles of main line of railroad, exclusive of second track and sidings. This system also controls the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, which for the past fifty years has been operating the principal line of steamers on the Chesapeake bay, between Baltimore and Old Point Comfort, Norfolk and Portsmouth.

The combined bonded debt of the railroads comprising this system is less than that of any other system of like importance in the United States. The present combined indebtedness per mile of the Seaboard Air-Line, Florida Central and Peninsular and Georgia and Alabama railway is, in fact, less than one-half the debt per mile of the Southern railway, about one-third of the debt per mile of either the Louisville and Nashville, the Mobile and Ohio, the Norfolk and Western and the Chesapeake and Ohio railway.

The new system will operate its own trains from Washington, the capital of the nation, through the capital cities of six south Atlantic and gulf states; Richmond, Va., Raleigh, N. C., Columbia, S. C., Atlanta, Ga., Montgomery, Ala., and Tallahassee, Fla. It will take in every important seaport from Baltimore to Pensacola, including Norfolk, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, Fernandina, Jacksonville, on the Atlantic, and Tampa, Cedar Keys and Saint Marks on the Gulf of Mexico, reaching also the important interior cities and towns of Durham, Weldon, Henderson and Charlotte, N. C., Chester, Camdem, Clinton, Barnwell, S. C., Augusta, Athens, Columbus and Albany, Ga., as well as the leading places throughout Florida.

Among the cities and winter resorts which will be reached via the Seaboard Air-Line from New York and Washington by shorter routes than by any other lines, are: Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Palm Beach, Miami, Tampa, and Fernandina, Fla., Releigh and Southern Pines, N. C., Columbia, S. C., and Athens, Ga., and intermediate points.

The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company, the parent company of this system, has been in successful operation for more than fifty years, and has never been through a receivership, or required reorganization; for many years past it has been paying guaranteed dividends on stock, and in one year paid 50 per cent dividend on common stock in scrip worth considerably more than par. The fiscal year which has just closed has been the most successful in its entire history; the several roads which will take part in the consolidation, have also made magnificent showing for the past year. The aggregate surplus, after the payment of interest on bands, has amounted for this year to nearly 100 per cent over and above fixed charges. That these roads should make so magnificent a showing while operated separately, and before they have begun to reap any of the advantage of increased business, and of the economies in operation, which will necessarily result from the consolidation, certainly promises well for the future.

All of the roads comprising the new system, which is about to be perfected, are controlled in Richmond and Baltimore, and are managed entirely in the south; in fact, this is the only large system in the southern states which is owned and managed by southern men residing in the south.

RAILROAD MEN WILL MEET

Commission and Representatives Will Hold Joint Meeting Today.

NEW STATION QUESTION AGAIN

A General Manager Says M. H. Smith Controls the Situation—May Talk of State Plan.

A joint meeting of the representatives of the railroads entering Atlanta and the railroad commission will be held today, and what they will do is only a matter of conjecture.

The old problem of a new union depot will be again discussed, and it is probable that plans may be presented by the railroads, though a statement to the effect that such will be the case cannot be made.

The sentiment of the state press, as expressed day after day, is that Atlanta cannot get a new depot, and it mystifies them to think she can get Dewey or McKinley, an exposition, or a state fair, yet cannot get what she needs more than all these.

A general manager, speaking of the Atlanta station situation recently, said:

"None of us cut any figure. We have no more to do with it than you have. M. H. Smith and Samuel Spencer are the men who control the situation, and Mr. Spencer told Mr. Smith to go ahead, have plans prepared, and if they suited him and Major Thomas, the Southern would co-operate. That is the whole thing in a nutshell. Whatever Milton Smith says goes. If he says the railroads ought to build, they will build. If he thinks the roads ought not to build, they will not build.

"When you find out what M. H. Smith has decided, you will know what will be done."

Very little has been heard for a week about the plan to have the state build to the terminal. The conference today will probably decide whether or not that project will be presented to the legislature this fall.

MRS. RACHEL SHADDEN DEAD.

Popular Lady Died at Her Home, 145 West Peachtree Street Yesterday.

Mrs. Rachel W. Shadden, wife of J. H. Shadden, died at her home, 145 West Peachtree street, yesterday after an illness of several weeks.

Mrs. Shadden was in her fifty-seventh year, and was the mother of Thomas S., Sion R., and Miss Annie Shadden. Her youngest son, Will L. Shadden, died last November. She was born in Jefferson county, East Tennessee, and had resided in Atlanta since the civil war.

Mrs. Shadden was well known in the city and had many friends, who will regret to learn of her demise.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been made, but will be announced today.

FARMER BENTON KILLS THIEF.

Shot Will Green While He Was Stealing Cotton.

Senoia, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—Mr. Will Benton shot and killed a negro boy at his farm, six miles southwest of Senoia, last night about 8 o'clock. The negro, Will Green, with another negro, was caught in a cotton house on the farm stealing cotton. When hailed by Mr. Benton, they both ran, and as the moon was shining brightly, Mr. Benton could see them plainly enough. They refused to halt when ordered to do so, and Mr. Benton fired his pistol at them and hit Will Green in the shoulder, the ball coming out in front. Mr. Benton had no thought of killing either one of the negroes, and only fired to make them stop.

Benton had been missing seed cotton from his cotton house for some time, and last night took a stroll about his farm and ran upon these two negro boys, about grown, in the very act of stealing his cotton.

YOUNG NEGRO SHOT TO DEATH.

Mysterious Murder Near Quitman, Ga.—Coroner Holds Inquest.

Quitman, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—The body of a negro named Bud Thomas, about twenty-three years of age, was found last night in the Troupeville road, eleven miles northeast of Quitman. He was lying within a hundred yards of his home, and was fairly shot to pieces with shotgun and rifle.

Certain negroes admit having heard the shots, but claim that is was a case of suicide. The coroner went to hold an inquest, and has not yet returned. Further particulars cannot yet be learned.

RECEPTION TO CONGREGATION.

Dean and Mrs. Albion Knight Entertained Last Night.

Dean and Mrs. Knight tendered a reception last night to the members of the congregation of the cathedral. The reception was a brilliant affair and was largely attended.

The parsonage was beautifully decorated for the occasion and presented an animated scene. Delightful refreshments were served during the course of the evening.

WANT OF BREEZE PREVENTS A RACE

Continued from First Page.

weather gauge. The Columbia showed her rival a fleet pair of heels, gaining gradually from the start. For almost an hour the luffing match continued, carrying the yachts four miles off their course. The Shamrock having been badly beaten in her attempt to get to windward, both squared away for the mark, breaking out their big spinnakers to the wind. After watching the yachts run before the wind for an hour, during which the breeze gradually died down to about five knots or less, the excursion fleet turned ahead and gathered about the float to witness the turn. By the time they had lined up the big yachts could just been seen. Through the haze across the water they looked like phantom pyramids. The wind kept failing, and there was a long wait. The excursion boats became impatient as they lay wallowing in the swell and they shifted their positions uneasily, starting and stopping their engines. The balloons of the big sloops bellied in and out, shivered, collapsed and the race was degenerating into a drifting match as they approached the mark. The challenger was directly astern of the Columbia, trying with her mountains of canvass to blanket the towering sails of the yankee. But Columbia was a wizard. Somehow she managed to get wind enough from somewhere to keep her slipping through the water, and in vain Shamrock strained to overtake her. The yachts were half an hour covering the last half mile. Slowly but stately as a queen the white leviathan wore around the mark and filled away. Passing Shamrock, still outward bound, close aboard on her weather, she robbed her of the slight breeze and left her with drooping wings utterly becalmed for a full minute. It must have been a minute of intense chagrin aboard the challenger, and the patriots could not but feel a sense of pity for the loser. A brass-throated chorus had greeted the Columbia as she turned, and it was repeated with vigor when Shamrock went around 6 minutes and 18 seconds later. The Columbia had gained 5 minutes and 51 seconds in the fifteen miles to leeward. about three and a half hours had been consumed and there appeared no chance for either yacht to get home, but as the breeze continued to haul to the southward, it made a fair wind for the return journey, and as it freshened to ten knots soon afterward, a faint hope of finishing within the time limit arose.

The yankee sailed away from her rival like a ghost ship, leaving her far astern, increasing the distance between them so rapidly that when the race was declared off at 4:19 she was leading by three miles.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

The aldermanic board held a meeting yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of acting on papers passed at the last meeting of council. The board concurred in all papers. The resolution providing for the immediate raising of the grade on Edgewood avenue was held up until the next meeting of the board.

The regular literary meeting of St. John Epworth League will be held in the church, corner Pryor street and Georgia avenue, tonight at 7:30. A very interesting and instructive programme has been arranged for the evening, both literary and musical. The subject for the evening is "The Boys of the Bible." The inimitable Charlie D. Tillman will be present and sing several solos.

The death of P. C. Adams, the watchman for the Western and Atlantic railroad at Thurmond street, occurred at his home, 290 Marietta street, yesterday morning. The cause of the death was injuries received in a wreck on the road more than twenty years ago. He was forty-six years of age, and had been employed as watchman for a number of years. The body will be taken to Marietta this morning at 12 o'clock, where the funeral exercises will take place.

Recorder Broyles began the hearing of the portion for the removal of alleged obstructions in Kenny's alley last Tuesday. This is the first time the city recorder has ever sat in chambers, as it might be called, and the case for that reason is of more than ordinary interest. Frank M. Coker has asked that the recorder order Robert J. Lowry to remove the second floor of a building which spans Kenney's alley like an arch. The case will take up two or three days more. The petitioner is trying to show that the alley is a public thoroughfare, as much so as a street, and the defendant is at attempting to disprove that allegation.

The Atlanta Lyceum Association, which was organized last summer, will open its lecture season Saturday night at the Young Men's Christian Association hall with J. S. Burdette, who is well-known as a popular lecturer. The association was formed to accommodate those who could not join the lecture association, and it makes all members of the Young Men's Christian Association members of it. All members of the association attending Saturday night will be given two reserved seats for the season.

The Henry Grady Debating Club will hold an interesting debate at their hall next Friday night, October 20th. The subject to be handled by the young orators for the occasion will be "Resolved, That the city councilmen should be nominated by ward primaries." George W. Payne, the leader, and E. A. Latham will appear for the affirmative, while V. M. Newton will lead, followed by P. P. Starnes, for the negative. After the debate there will be rendered a recitation by L. G. Jacobs.

MOODY TO PENITENTIARY.

Atlanta Man Was Given Two Years in Norfolk for Forgery—Known in Atlanta.

Norfolk, Va., October 19.—Lewis Moody, the young man from Atlanta, who was arrested here several weeks ago for swindling by means of forged checks, today pleaded guilty to one of the two counts of the indictment against him, and was given two years in the penitentiary. The other count was nolle prossed.

Frank H. Smith, a pal of Moody's, also of Atlanta, is yet to be tried on the same charges. It is expected that he too, will plead guilty, as the eveidence against him is conclusive.

Moody was known in Atlanta, and is now wanted by the police on charges similar to the one on which he was convicted in Norfolk. He is said to have represented himself as a typewriter agent, obtained a number of machines and pawned them about three months ago. He was also charged with forgery.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health
"I had been in very poor health for 2 years," says Mr. N. Lazelier, of Romeo, Mich., "the result of LaGrippe. Had faint, smothering, dizzy spells; dull pain in head, and stomach was also deranged. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nervine cured me."
Write for Free Book
on heart and nerves. Druggists guarantee first bottle will benefit.
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

ADMIRATION RUNS FOURTH IN A FIELD

Favorite in the Ramapo High-Weght Handicap Badly Beaten.

WINNER TURNED UP IN A. N. B.

Duke of Middleburg, a Rank Outsider, Ran Second in the Event.

THE FORDHAM FURNISHES GOOD SPORT

Morris Park Stewards Refuse the Entry of Horses Belonging to Clancy and Lakeland.

New York, October 19.—The Ramapo and Fordham highweight handicaps were the fixtures at Morris park today. In the former Admiration was the favorite, but was disgracefully beaten, finishing fourth in a field of six. The Duke of Middleburg, the outsider, made the running to the last sixteenth pole, when A. N. B., at 8 to 1, came on with a well-timed rush and got the decision by a head. The Fordham resulted in one of the best finishes of the season, for a blanket could have covered four of the horses at the end. Richard J, the favorite, won driving by half a length, while heads separated Kinnikinnic, Elfin Conig and Oneck Queen, who finished in that order.

The stewards have refused the entry of any horses belonging to M. Clancy and W. Lakeland, and the case of the former has been referred to the jockey club for further action. The in and out running of Maximo Gomez was responsible for the action. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Selling, one mile: Intrusive, 104, Bullman, 3 to 1, won; The Pride, 97, Odom, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Queen of Song, 94, O'Connor, 7 to 2, third. Time 1:42½. Tamor, Rare Perfume and Maximo Gomez also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six and a half furlongs: Magnificent, 110, Spencer, 9 to 10, won; Bombshell, 110, Jenkins, 7 to 1 and 5 to 2, second; Armor, 107, Wilson, 7 to 1, third. Time 1:21¾. Back Talk, Mac Hanlon, Fonsolee, Dissenter, Royal Sterling, Matt Simpson, Solon and Wakem also ran.

THIRD RACE—Ramapo handicap, one mile and a furlong: A. N. B., 111, Jenkins, 8 to 1, won; Duke of Middleburg, 105, Bullman, 30 to 1 and 8 to 1, second; Prince McClung, 118, O'Connor, 3 to 1 and even, tihrd. Time 1:54½. Admiration, The Rose and King Barleycorn also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Fordham highweight handicap, seven furlongs: Richard J, 129, Jenkins, 8 to 5, won; Kinnikinnic, 127, Spencer, 5 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Elfin Conig, 110, O'Leary, 7 to 1, third. Time 1:29. Oneck Queen, Matanza, Spirituelle, Lady Lindsey and Nanine also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six and a half furlongs: Emigre, 107, Wilson, 4 to 1, won; Pickwickian, 110, Jenkins, 7 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; St. Simonian, 115, Bullman, 11 to 5 and even, third. Time 1:21¾. Draughtsman, Marmarica, Trappist, Miss Soak, Belle of H, Havelock and Tritonus also ran.

SIXTH RACE—One mile and a quarter: Muskadine, 106, Odom, 7 to 5 and out, won; Warrenton, 109, Bullman, 4 to 5 and out, second; Dutch Skater, 95, Slack, 7 to 1, third. Time 2:07¼.

LIEUTENANT GIBSON WINS.

Kimball Stakes Picked Up by C. H. Smith's Crack Colt with Ease.

Cincinnati, October 19.—C. H. Smith's crack colt, Lieutenant Gibson, had an easy victory in the Kimball stakes at Latonia today. The distance was six furlongs and Lieutenant Gibson carried 125 pounds but he took up his heavy impost and made a show of his field. In the betting Lieutenant Gibson was the favorite at 4 to 5, with Kentucky Farmer next in choice at 7 to 2. When the flag dropped for the start, Kentucky Farmer was last away. Lieutenant Gibson also got off poorly, but the pair made up ground quickly and in the stretch Lieutenant Gibson went to the front, followed by Kentucky Farmer. John Yerkes, the pacemaker, then dropped back, and in the run home Lieutenant Gibson had things his own way. Kentucky Farmer got the place as easily as the winner secured first money. Weather showry; track heavy. Summary:

FIRST RACE—One mile, selling: The Doctor, 99, Wilson, 5 to 1, won; Lord Frazer, 102, Class, 20 to 1, second; John Kessler, 105, Aker, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:48½. Dominis, Sir Jos. Lister, Incidental, Brighton, Hill Billy, Donal Fonso also ran.

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs, selling: Etta, 100, Knight, 10 to 1, won; Unsightly, 106, Morrison, 5 to 1, second; Stiles, 103, Boland, 12 to 1, third. Time 1:05. Alpaca, Nina B. L., Turkish Bride, Little Veronica, Peter Duryea, Fannie Wynn, Ice Drop also ran.

THIRD RACE—One mile: Donald Bain, 101; Dupee, 3 to 1, won; Hittick, 104, Boland, 3 to 1, second; Eberhart, 104, Mathews, 7 to 1, third. Time 1:46¾. Miss Patron, Monk, Wayman, Carl C, Garrabrant and Pinochle also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Kimball stake for two-year-old colts, six furlongs: Lieutenant Gibson, 125, Boland, 7 to 10, won; Kentucky Farmer, 121, Knapp, 7 to 2, second; John Yerkes, 110, Crowhurst, 5 to 1, third. Time 1:19. Parmenion, Strathlight, Solent Adair II also ran.

FIFTH RACE—One mile, selling: Kriss Kringle, 105, Boland, 9 to 10, won; Ferrol, 99, Dupee, 8 to 1, second; Ramiro II, 108, Mason, 7 to 1, third. Time 1:47. Osric II, Eltholin, Albert Vale, Moralist also ran.

Entries at Latonia for Today.

FIRST RACE—Maidens, three-quarters of a mile, selling: Prince Elthen, Sound Money, Marguerite Hagaman, Young Bel, Sandurango, Miss Maytie, Lond Ho, Whim, 104; DeHaven, Great Pride, Illuvian, Pelleus, 107; Brennan, Kalmia, 109.

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs: Rouge-et-Noir, Orris, Elsie Venner, Lunette, I'm Next, Pink Pearl, Aida Dunn, Laura G., Susanne, T., Flora Daniels, 98; Amaranth, 102; Northumbria, Fairy Dell, 106; My Butterfly, 110.

THIRD RACE—One mile, selling: Rosy Morn, Fannie Taylor, Match Box, Chorus Boy, Ethel Davis, Asman, Pat Cleburn, 94; Spree, 97; Meddlesome, Rubel, 99; Bentley B., Friesland, Musket, 101; Lee Bruno, 102.

FOURTH RACE—One mile, selling: Devo, McCleary, Nancy Till, George Kratz, Otto H., Derby Maid, Dr. Withrow, 99; Lizzie Mack, 104; Flop, Moralist, 106; Elyra, 111.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a half, selling: Preliminary, 95; Babe Fields, Pete Kitchen, Hungry Hill, Kath May, 97; Fatherland, 98; Goodrich, 100; Countess Ira, Bethlehem Star, 101; Pawnee, 104; Kodak, 109.

BROOKLYN BEATS QUAKERS.

Champions and Third Place Players Will Continue Exhibition Games.

Philadelphia, October 19.—The Champions took another game from the Phillies today. McJames and Piatt were hit hard, and were relieved by Kennedy and Barnhard respectively. The teams will continue the series of exhibition games in Brooklyn tomorrow. Score:

		R	H	E
Brooklyn..	3 4 1 0 3 0 3 0—14	19	5
Philadelphia..	3 3 0 0 1 0 0 1— 8	13	4

Batteries—McJames, Kennedy and McGuire; Piatt, Bernhard and Douglass.

TREASURER'S REPORT FILED.

State Banks Are in the Best of Condition—Not One Failed Last Year.

The annual report of State Treasurer Speer, which was submitted to the governor yesterday, shows the banks of Georgia to be in a splendid condition. Among the one hundred and thirty-seven banks there was not a failure during the past year.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."
But some stubborn people wait until "down sick" before trying to ward off illness or cure it. The wise recognize in the word "Hood's" assurance of health.
For all blood troubles, scrofula, pimples, as well as diseases of the kidneys, liver and bowels, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the effective and faultless cure.
Rheumatism—"I was practically helpless from rheumatism in my shoulder. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me and ever since is a household favorite." Mrs. M. E. Powers, 4812 St. Lawrence Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints
Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Phone 70—"When found make a note of" the Doll Ballard Baggage Co., opposite waiting room, Union Depot.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

JESSE L. DAVIS, AUTHOR, DEAD.

Writer of Songs, a Graduate of a Cincinnati College, Passes Away.

New York, October 19.—Jesse L. Davis, author of many popular songs, died today of heart disease, aged thirty-six years. He was a negro, a native of Cincinnati, and a graduate of a college there. Among his compositions were "Poverty Row," "Send Back the Picture and the Ring" and "The Fatal Wedding."

FUNERAL OF MRS. PARROTT.

Burial of an Estimable Lady at Cartersville Yesterday.

Cartersville, Ga., October 19.—(Special.) The remains of Mrs. M. M. Parrott, who died at Gadsden, Ala., Saturday night, reached here this morning, and were interred at the city cemetery. The funeral was conducted from the depot, where the sorrowing relatives were joined by a good crowd of people of the city to follow the remains to their last resting place, beside her husband.

Mrs. Parrott was the widow of Judge J. R. Parrott, who was on the superior court bench of the Cherokee circuit for a number of years, and died in 1872. She was a sister of Colonel L. N. Trammell, of Marietta, who, with his wife and his daughter, Mrs. Sessions, was present at the funeral. Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Parrott, of Newnan; Mrs. Pillow, of Tennessee; Mr. and Mrs. Hollingsworth, of Gadsden; Mrs A. P. Wofford, of Hollingsworth, Ga.; Colonel O. N. Starr, of Calhoun, and Mrs. C. G. Trammell, of Madison, were the other relatives present. A touching service was conducted at the grave by Rev. B. P. Allen, of the Methodist church.

N. W. Albrecht, Columbus, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—N. W. Albrecht, a well-known machinist in the employ of the Central railway, died suddenly today at Goodwater, Ala., of apoplexy. He went there early this morning to repair a pump. The remains were brought home tonight. Mr. Albrecht was sixty-three years old and was born in Columbus and had lived here all his life. He had been a machinist at the Central shops here twenty years. He is survived by a wife and several children, among whom is Mrs. John Peacock, of Atlanta.

William H. Appleton Dead.

New York, October 19.—William H. Appleton, of the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co., died today at his home at Riversdale, N. Y., aged eighty-five years.

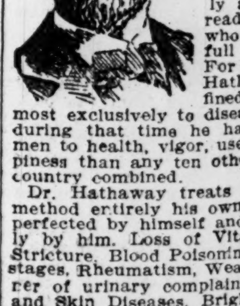
Frank Patterson, Stilesboro, Ga.

Cartersville, Ga., October 19.—(Special.) Frank Patterson, of Stilesboro, this county, died yesterday at his home, after a brief illness. He had been coroner of Bartow county for a number of years and was a popular citizen.

A New Book For Men

Special Arrangements Whereby a Free Copy Can Be Obtained by Every Reader of This Paper.

For weeks the presses have been busy turning out the enormous edition of Dr. J. Newton Hathaway's new book "Manliness, Vigor, Health"—necessary to satisfy the public demand. Dr. Hathaway has reserved a limited number of these books, and these he has specially arranged to send free by mail to all readers of this paper who send name and full address to him. For twenty years Dr. Hathaway has confined his practice almost exclusively to diseases of men, and during that time he has restored more men to health, vigor, usefulness and happiness than any ten other doctors in the country combined.



Dr. Hathaway treats and cures by a method entirely his own, discovered and perfected by himself and used exclusively by him. Loss of Vitality, Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poisoning in its different stages, Rheumatism, Weak Back, all manner of urinary complaints, Ulcers, Sores and Skin Diseases, Bright's Disease and all forms of Kidney Troubles. His treatment for undertoned men restores lost vitality and makes the patient a strong, well, vigorous man.

Dr. Hathaway's success in the treatment of Varicocele and Stricture without the aid of knife or cautery is phenomenal. The patient is treated by this method at his own home without pain or loss of time from business. This is positively the only treatment which cures without an operation. Dr. Hathaway calls the particular attention of sufferers from Varicocele and Stricture to pages 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of his new book.

Every case taken by Dr. Hathaway is specially treated according to its nature, all under his general personal supervision, and all remedies used by him are prepared from the purest and best drugs in his own laboratories under his personal oversight.

Dr. Hathaway makes no charge for consultation or advice, either at his office or by mail, and when a case is taken the one low fee covers all cost of medicines and professional services.

Dr. Hathaway always prefers, when it is possible, to have his patients call at least one interview, but this is not essential, as he has cured scores of thousands of patients in all sections of the world whom he has never seen. His System of Home Treatment is so perfected that he can bring about a cure as surely and speedily as though the patient called daily at his office.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.
22½ A South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.
Office hours 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.

DEWEY IN MACON NEXT FEBRUARY

Admiral Has a Conference with the Committee.

ACCEPTS CITY'S INVITATION

But Puts Off His Trip to Macon Until February.

THIS WILL GIVE PEOPLE MORE TIME

And They Will Make Elaborate Arrangements for the Admiral's Reception—Funeral of Mr. Thos. Freeman—Other Macon News.

Constitution Bureau, Brown House, Macon, Ga., October 19.—Admiral Dewey will visit Macon—in February. A telegram was received this morning from the committee of Macon citizens which went to Washington several days ago to invite Dewey to come.

The telegram stated that the admiral had accepted the invitation to visit Macon, but that he could not do so before February. Of course, while the people here are disappointd to know that he will not visit here next week, as was thought, they are glad that he will came here, for they are anxious that the great naval hero visit Macon and will be ready to entertain him at any time.

It was the hope of the people that he would come next week, just after his trip to Atlanta, and plans had already been discussed for his entertainment. A far more elaborate entertainment will be given, however, when he comes in February, as more time will be had in which to arrange it and everything can be put in better shape.

Funeral of Mr. Freeman.

The funeral services of Mr. Thomas Freeman, who died yesterday, were held this afternoon from the residence on Oak street, Rev. S. L. Morris, of the Tattnall Square Presbyterian church, officiating. Mr. Freeman was one of the best known men in Macon, having lived here all of his life.

He was sixty-six years of age at the time of his death. He was the grand tyler of the grand lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of Georgia and was also tyler of Macon Lodge No. 5. He was a man of fine character and had many friends who will regret to learn of his death. The Masons conducted the services at the grave. The interment was at Riverside cemetery.

The stockholders of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad met here this morning at the offices of the company on Pine street. Out of 27,680 shares of stock, 16,688 were represented. The stockholders elected the following directors for the coming year: F. M. Edwards, of Boston, Mass.; T. B. Gresham, Baltimore; J. F. Hanson, of Macon; J. M. Johnston, of Macon; W. A. Merryday, Palatka, Fla.; G. W. Parrott, Atlanta; T. C. Burke, Macon; A. S. Pendleton, Valdosta; R. M. Rogers, Macon; W. C. Shaw, Macon; H. P. Smart, Savannah; Samuel Spencer, New York; H. H. Tift, Tifton; T. D. Tinsley, Macon; Shipwith Milner, Baltimore. There was only one change in the board of directors, the name of T. C. Burke, of Macon, being substituted for J. H. Dooley, of Richmond, Va.

After hearing the annual report, the stockholders adjourned and the following directors held a meeting: W. C. Shaw, R. M. Johnston, R. M. Rogers, T. D. Tinsley, of Macon; A. S. Pendleton, Valdosta; W. A. Merryday, Palatka; H. B. Smart, Savannah, and G. W. Parrott, of Atlanta.

The following officers of the road were elected by the board of directors. President, Samuel Spencer, New York; vice president, William Checkley Shaw, Macon; general counsel, John I. Hall, of Macon; superintendent, O. M. Grady, Macon; secretary and treasurer, Ben C. Smith, Macon; auditor, A. F. Sherwood.

The directors then declared a dividend of 2½ per cent semi-annual on preferred stock and 3 per cent annual on second preferred stock. The meeting adjourned after the dividend was declared.

Judge Felton Better.

Judge W. H. Felton, Solicitor General Hodges and Court Stenographer Barnes returned this morning from Crawford county, where the superior court has been in session at Knoxville. The docket was cleared and the work of the court was finished within three days.

The court will begin here on the first Monday in November, the civil docket being taken up first and then the criminal. A number of cases are on the civil docket and it will take several weeks to dispose of them all. The criminal docket will not be so large as usual. There are no murder cases to be tried. John Stebens, the man who was acquitted of the murder of the young white man, James Kershaw, will be tried on the charge of assault with intent to murder, he having shot James Carr at the time of the killing of Kershaw. When he was acquitted on the charge of murder, Judge Felton ordered him held on the charge of assault with intent to murder. He will be represented at the coming trial by Hon. John R. Cooper, one of the best known criminal lawyers in the state.

Marshals Make Raid.

Deputy Marshals George Thomas and George White returned this morning from Laurens county, where they had been to raid a large illicit distillery. They brought back Ben Dent and Jordan Haines, whom they found operating a large still. They destroyed the still and several hundred gallons of beer. The men were given a hearing this morning before Commissioner Erwin and were bound over to the United States court under a $200 bond. They gave the bond and were released.

Examining Board To Meet.

The examining board of the Second Georgia regiment will meet here tomorrow for the purpose of examining several officers of the newly formed company at Barnesville, the Barnesville Blues.

The officers who are to appear for examination are Captain R. L. Swatts, First Lieutenant Henry M. Fletcher and Second Lieutenant James Lawrence Hunt, Jr. All of these men have been in the service of the state for a number of years and will have no trouble in passing the examination. Captain Fritz Jones, of the Macon Hussars, is president of the board and will conduct the examinations.

Dr. Marshall Marries.

Dr. A. A. Marshall, president of the Monroe Female college, at Forsyth, was married to Miss Janie Chastain, at the First Baptist church in this city this afternoon, Rev. Mr. Durden, of Atlanta, officiating. Dr. Marshall is well-known throughout the state and is one of the ablest educators in the south. Miss Chastain is a beautiful young lady with many accomplishments and has a host of admirers all over Georgia. She is the daughter of Mr. Morgan Chastain, a prominent citizen of Montezuma. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall left tonight for Atlanta, where they will spend several days.

Mayor Price Better.

Mayor Price, who has been seriously indisposed for some time past, is much better today. The mayor has had a severe attack of fever, but he has been pronounced convalescent by the physicians and he now hopes to be out in the next few days.

Many Letters Received.

Among the many letters received by Mr. Sam Altmever from the members of the governor's staff thanking him for the many courtesies extended them while here is the following from Mr. R. U. Thomason, of Madison, Ga.:

Madison, Ga., October 16. Colonel Samuel Altmeyer, Macon, Ga., My Dear Colonel: You must permit me to express my deep appreciation for the many courtesies which I received at your hands during my stay in your city. I have never met with a more generous welcome, or been the recipient of more thoughtful courtesies than I received at your hands. You certainly did not leave a stone unturned to render our stay the most pleasant in remembrance.

I trust, some day, I will have the pleasure of welcoming you to my town, and in a measure, showing, as well as we may here, how much I am in your debt. With assurances of my highest esteem. I am, truly yours, R. U. Thomason.

"Colonel Third Infantry G. Y."

The expressions in the letter aptly show the feeling of the staff members relative to thir recent visit here and are a credit to Lieutenant Colonel Altmeyer, who did all in his power to make it as pleasant for them as possible.

McArthur-Jones.

Mr. George A. McArthur and Miss Bennie Jones were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents on Ash street. Quite a number of guests were present to witness the ceremony, after which an elegant supper was served. Numerous presents were received by the young couple



DR. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY.

Head of the firm of Dr. Hathaway & Co.—The greatest and best known of specialists in treatment of diseases of men and women. Dr. Hathaway, can be consulted personally daily at his offices, 22 1-2 A South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. (Inman Building.)

SPALDING WET BY TWELVE MAJORITY

Close Contest Between Prohibitionists and Antics.

DAY OF GREAT EXCITEMENT

But There Were Very Few Fights About the Polls.

THE OUTSIDE PRECINCTS WENT DRY

But the City of Griffin Gave the Antis Votes Enough for Them To Claim the Election by Twelve Majority.

Griffin Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—The election today has passed off very quietly, and there have been no personal encounters of a serious nature. Everyone has been too busy working for the cause they have espoused to spend the time in quarreling.

The ladies were at the courthouse all day serving hot coffee and luncheon to the prohibition workers and their sympathizers, and their presence, no doubt tended to keep down disturbances.

Another new feature of the election was the ringing of church bells. All day long at intervals of only a few moments, the bells pealed forth their notes, calling upon the Christian people to do their duty at the polls.

When the return from the county began to come in, wild excitement reigned and a majority of 358 for the prohibitionists caused a shadow of gloom to fall over the antis, although it was expected the county would go dry by a large majority. Their only hope lay in the town being sufficiently large to overpower the county returns. This number gave one unheard of district a handsome estimated majority in favor of prohibition.

The Griffin district gave 370 majority in favor of barrooms, or the small number of 12 majority in favor of liquor.

No official information can be had, however, until the votes are consolidated tomorrow.

TWO MEN FATALLY INJURED.

ACCIDENT ON SOUTHERN RAILWAY NEAR TENNILLE, GA.

Engine Jumps Track on Trestle—Engineer Nunn and Fireman McNair Will Die.

Louisville, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—A telephone message from Wrens, Ga., on the Southern railway twelve miles from this place, says while turning a sharp curve this evening about three-quarters of a mile from this place train No. 42, which is a mixed train, bound from Tennille to Augusta, was wrecked. The engine jumped the track and went crashing headlong into a trestle twelve feet high with four freight cars on top of it. After some time Engineer Nunn and Fireman McNair were got out of the ruins, but they were both fatally injured. No passengers were hurt.

POLITICS IN HOUSTON COUNTY.

Captain Houser Announces for Legislature—Solicitorship Race.

Fort Valley, Ga., October 19.—(Special.) Captain O. M. Houser, one of Fort Valley's most prominent citizens, is the first to announce as a candidate for the legislature to fill the unexpired term of Hon. C. S. King, deceased. He only wishes to represent Houston at this session and says he will then retire.

The political pot is beginning to boil in this section, though with the exception of the election to fill the vacancy in the legislature caused by the death of Hon. C. S. King no elections are to be held for months yet.

The race for solicitor of this circuit promises to be a lively one. Houston offers as a candidate J. P. Duncan, of Perry, while Bibb county produces Bayne, Cooper, Polhill, Lane and the present solicitor, Robert Hodges.

It is conceded that in the congressional race Judge Allen Fort will crowd the present congressman, E. B. Lewis, very closely and this contest promises to be exceedingly interesting. Both candidates have many friends in this county. In the event that some of the lower counties should bring out a candidate it is not improbable that Fort Valley would follow suit, and in that event the campaign would be unusually vigorous and replete with interest.

Discharged Principal and Teacher.

Rome, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—The board of trustees of the city public schools at a special meeting this afternoon fired T. M. Dent, principal of the colored public school, and Ella C. Barnett, one of the teachers. Dent and the Barnett woman had a bitter quarrel Saturday of half an hour's duration in the normal class. The board decided that in the interest of the school it was advisable to expel the recalcitrant members of the faculty. They will meet in a few days to elect successors to the two.

Its Seventh Annual Session.

Rome, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—The seventh annual session of the General Missionary Baptist and Educational convention of Georgia met in Thankful Baptist church, colored, this morning. Over two hundred delegates are here, and the sessions are very interesting. This afternoon the meeting was given over for the funeral of Lucy, the wife of Rev. J. G. Poindexter, pastor of Thankful church. It was one of the largest and most impressive colored funerals ever held in Rome.

Will Be Signed Today.

London, October 19.—The British foreign office asserts that the verbal changes in the terms of the Alaska modus vivendi are of no practical importance and have been readily agreed to; and that it is assumed the United States secretary of state, Colonel John Hay, and the British charge d'affaires in Washington, Mr. Tower, will sign tomorrow.

SLAUGHTER TRIAL COMES TO CLOSE

The Verdict Will Be Rendered Some Time Later.

NO ARGUMENTS WERE MADE

A Resume of the Evidence Taken in the Four Nights.

WHEN THE VERDICT MAY BE MADE

There Was Not Much Testimony of Importance Last Night—Commissioners To Peruse Full Copy of Evidence Before Decision.

The last of the evidence in the case of Detective Captain Bradley Slaughter was taken by the board of police commissioners last night. The attorneys decided to submit the evidence without argument. The official stenographers were instructed to transcribe all the testimony and present to each of the commissioners a full copy of the evidence at an early a date as possible. In a week or ten days the board will meet upon the call of the chairman and render a verdict.

There was very little evidence of importance taken last night. Captain Slaughter was cross-questioned by the prosecution, but very little that was new was brought out.

Witnesses were introduced to testify that they would believe Detective Green Conn on his oath.

Last night was the fourth night that the board sat on the case, and considerable evidence on both sides was taken down.

A resume of the case is as follows:

Chief Manly has sworn that Captain Bradley Slaughter failed to make proper reports to him of several transactions that recently came to his attention.

Chairman Patterson testified about the McCartney divorce case, and swore that he never ordered Captain Slaughter to work on that case.

The facts in the McCartney case were gone into and the prosecution showed that Detectives Looney and Hewitt worked on the case under orders from Captain Slaughter. McCartney paid Captain Slaughter $50 for having the evidence secured against Mrs. McCartney.

Green Conn swore that he had worked on the Twiggs divorce case of Augusta, and that he and Captain Slaughter made out a fraudulent statement of expenses and collected $97.92 from Twiggs, which they divided. Conn also swore that he and Slaughter divided other moneys which were collected for work on private cases.

A man named Kirke swore that he paid Captain Slaughter $64 for working a case, and afterwards received back $44 of the amount.

Witnesses swore that they would not believe Green Conn on his oath, and other witnesses swore that they would believe him on his oath.

Several members of the detective department testified that they had never known Captain Slaughter to do any dirty work.

McCartney swore that he went to Chairman Patterson's office and heard the chairman telephone Captain Slaughter to work on his case.

Chairman Patterson told about hearing Captain Slaughter swear before a commissioner that he, Patterson, had ordered him to work on the McCartney case, and that he swore that he did not do it.

It was in evidence that Captain Slaughter had loaned Sam Hewitt a watch which was taken from a negro.

A lot of letters and other documentary evidence was introduced by the prosecution to back up Green Conn's evidence.

Captain Slaughter denied the transaction, and stated that Conn received the money, and that if there was anything like fraud committed, Conn was entirely responsible for it. He stated under oath that he had never divided a cent of money with any man in the detective department. He said he had made all the necessary reports to the chief of police, and that the custom was not to make written reports of some unimportant cases. He had let Hewitt have a watch until it was called for.

The captain claimed that he never did any private work without orders from the chairman of the board, and that he had been ordered by the chairman to work on the Twiggs case.

The sensation of the trial was Chairman Patterson denouncing McCartney as a liar, for which he afterwards expressed his regets. With the exception of this incident, the trial has been quiet and, while interesting, was devoid of any very sensational feature.

The board will meet at the call of the chairman to make up a verdict after each member has had an opportunity to peruse the evidence in private.

Last Night's Proceedings.

When the police board met last night to resume the trial of Captain Bradley Slaughter, the captain took the stand to be cross-questioned by the prosecution.

Colonel Moyers questioned Captain Slaughter. The defendant said he didn't remember whether he testified once or twice before a commissioner in the McCartney case. He heard that chairman Patterson had sworn against him. He reviewed his testimony as given on his direct examination Wednesday night; in addition he stated that Detective Looney and Hewitt did not report to him all the details of the workings of the McCartney case.

Captain Slaughter was asked why he had to expend $50 in the McCartney case if the woman's reputation was generally known to be bad. He replied that it might be that a man was generally believed to be a thief and yet evidence would have to be worked up against him.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing, you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

MUNYON'S



I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

KIDNEY CURE

In his testimony Captain Slaughter held that he did not do the work on the McCartney case.

"Then, captain," said Colonel Moyers, "how was it you said last night that the work was done to the queen's taste?"

"Because the case was worked to a queen's taste," was the reply, "and I will leave it to the chairman of this board if it was not worked to a queen's taste."

The question was asked Captain Slaughter why he did not report to the chief of police that he received the $50 from McCartney.

The reply was:

"Among only twelve apostles Jesus Christ found a traitor, in the same ratio out of 144 policemen, there would be twelve traitors. We have to guard our secrets in certain cases."

Chairman Patterson interrupted Colonel Moyers to say that it was the custom of the captain of the detectives not to report certain important cases in writing.

Captain Slaughter said Walter Brooks, whom he told Green Conn to get to work in the Twiggs case, was not a licensed detective.

The captain said it was possible for one of his men, when on the reserve, to be absent from the city two days and a night without his knowledge. The reserve had been abolshed because men were asking to serve in each other's place. When a man was on the reserve at night he did not work the next day.

This was brought out because Green Conn had sworn he had been in Macon two days and a night working on the McCartney case.

When asked why he had so much confidence in Green Conn as to indorse his note, Captain Slaughter replied:

"I had confidence in Green Conn until I found him out."

"When was that?" asked Colonel Moyers.

"When he made this break," was the reply, "and proved himself a liar."

Captain Slaughter said he was positive he did not receive $40 from Dr. Parks to send after two men in Birmingham.

The captain was shown an affidavit from Dr. W. F. Parks in which he swore he paid Captain Slaughter $40.

"This paper is a falsehood," exclaimed Captain Slaughter.

Captain Slaughter left the witness stand.

Attorney Hill read an affidavit from A. J. Twiggs, of Augusta; attached to the affidavit was a check for $97.92 drawn by Twiggs and indorsed by Slaughter and Conn.

The defense announced closed.

The prosecution offered in evidence the affidavit of Dr. Parks. The defense objected to it on the ground that no man in such a trial should be confronted with affidavits. They had offered the Twiggs affidavit to offset a letter from Twiggs which the prosecution introduced.

Colonel Moyers argued that the verdict of the board would not put Captain Slaughter in the chaingang, but would merely say whether or not he was a fit public servant.

Mr. Rosser stated with great feeling that no civilized country ever tried a man on such charges on affidavits.

"A discharge," said Colonel Rosser, "means the stamping of Captain Slaughter as a thief and, worse than that, as a perjurer."

The board decided to exclude the Parks affidavit.

Conn on the Stand Again.

Conn stated that he did not work on the Bass case as sworn to by ex-Policeman Doyal, and that there was no preliminary trial of Bass.

Conn said he supposed the reason Special Railroad Officer Heard swore against him was because he had told the railroad people if they discharged Heard the stealing in the railroad yards might cease.

"Judge Foute," said Conn, "has sent at least fifty people to jail on my testimony."

Judge Foute had testified that he wouldn't like to believe Conn on his oath.

P. H. Randall swore he knew Green Conn's reputation for eight or ten years and would believe him on his oath.

W. C. Haines created some merriment by stating that he knew Green Conn and had not heard any more mean things about him than about other detectives. He said he would believe Conn on his oath.

Joe Gross, a tailor, swore he would believe Conn on his oath.

J. W. Matthews testified he would believe Conn on his oath.

Sergeant H. H. Bedford swore he would believe Conn on his oath.

"Now, Sergeant Bedford," said Attorney Hill, "Mr. Conn has confessed that he has been stealing from the city for three years. Would you believe such a man on his oath?"

"No, sir," replied Bedford, "I don't think I would."

At 9 o'clock both sides announced the case closed.

Attorney Hill announced that Captain Slaughter was willing to submit the case without argument.

The city attorney stated that the prosecution was present to do a duty and would act to suit the pleasure of the board.

Mayor Woodward asked if it was raining.

"If it is raining," said the mayor, "we can pass away an hour with some speeches."

This caused much laughter.

"My remark is only a pleasantry," said the mayor.

"We took it as a pleasantry," replied Colonel Moyers, "for we know that wind usually accompanies rain."

It was decided to submit the evidence without argument.

The chairman of the board announced that it would have the stenographer furnish each commissioner with a copy of the evidence and the board would convene again in called session to render a verdict.

The verdict may be reached in a week or ten days.

Burglary Near Athens.

Athens, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—A most daring burglary has just come to light. It was committed Sunday night near Athens, but had been kept quiet in the hope of catching up with the burglars. Mr. Joe Brightwell, farmer, lives about one mile from Athens. He went away from his home Saturday for a few days and locked up everything securely. When he came back he found that burglars had entered his house and fairly looted it, carrying off beds, chairs, bed clothing, clocks, and all kinds of articles. A vigorous search has been made, but no clew has been found to the guilty parties.

GOOD SHOES

It is not necessary that a Shoe be high priced in order to be good.

A cheap Shoe is little or no good, but there is goodness in all the Shoes sold at this store, and for the price you will find none to excel.

Men's, Women's, Misses' and Boys' Winter Shoes.

A very extensive assortment of high quality Winter Shoes, heavy soles, and good material throughout, perfect fitting and stylish shapes at pleasing prices.

R. C. BLACK

Sign Brass Tracks—35 Whitehall Street.

NEW ARRIVALS!

Battle Creek Sanitarium Health Foods

Nut Bromose Tablets, large	.50	Nut Butter, ½ lb.	.15
Nut Bromose Tablets, small	.25	Nuttolene, 1 lb.	.30
Nut and Fig Bromose Tablets, large	.50	Nuttolene, ½ lb.	.20
Nut and Fig Bromose Tablets, small	.25	Nut Meal, ½ pints	.30
Malted Nuts, ½ pints	.40	Antiseptic Charcoal Tablets, large 50c, small	.25
Fruit Coco, large	.50	Mattol, ½ lb.	.35
Nuttola, pints	.25	Marno, per package	.25
Nuttose, ½ lb.	.20		
Nuttose, 1 lb.	.30		
Protose, 1 lb.	.30		
Protose, ½ lb.	.20		
Nuttena, ½ lb.	.20		
Nut Butter, 1 lb.	.30		

Mail orders special attention.

A. W. FARLINGER, Distributor, 321-323-325 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga.

LOWER RATES FOR GEORGIA SIRUP

Dealers from Southern Part of State Scored a Point.

WENT BEFORE COMMISSION

Claim They Can Compete with Louisiana and Build Up Trade.

WILL MEET IN SAVANNAH TUESDAY

There a Schedule of Rates Will Be Arranged by Roads and Dealers To Encourage Latter.

Georgia sirup scored a good point yesterday.

The dealers in south Georgia have declared for a year or more that if they could only get as favorable rates on sirup as the Louisiana shippers enjoy an immense industry could be built up in this state.

This country imports $20,000,000 worth of sugar and its total sugar and molasses bill is $100,000,000 a year.

Georgia can make better quality of sirup and her cane makes more sugar than the Louisiana cane. There is more saccharine matter in the Georgia cane and it is possible for this state to build up even a larger molasses and sugar business than Louisiana has.

W. A. Davis, of Quitman, and J. W. Barwick, of Cairo, appeared before the railroad commission yesterday and asked for lower rates on sirup. They said that if the roads would give them favorable rates they could compete with Louisiana producers in Texas. One of the dealers said he could sell car loads of sirup in Pittsburg, Pa., if he had the same rate given to New Orleans.

South Georgia is now selling in Virginia, the Carolinas, Tennessee and Alabama.

Georgia sirup is pure and dealers in Cincinnati, Cleveland and other northern cities are buying Georgia sirup to mix with glucose and make it palatable.

Even here in Atlanta dealers are adulterating the Georgia sirup, so these shippers say. But the south Georgians are putting it up in cans and bottles and sealing them. They will put up 100,000 gallon cans next winter. In two years they expect to put up 500,000 to 1,000,000 gallon cans.

They say that the business will soon be worth millions of dollars. It is more than doubling every year.

These dealers complained to the commission that New Orleans could ship to Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Rome, Dalton, Huntsville, Birmingham and other points in this territory cheaper than they could ship.

The roads were right well represented at the hearing.

Among those present were Traffic Managers J. M. Culp, of the Southern, E. H. Hinton, of the Central; General Freight Agents A. Pope, of the Georgia and Alabama; A. G. Jackson, of the Georgia; J. M. Cutler, of the Georgia Southern and Florida; Division Freight Agents Cheatham, of the Seaboard, and McClesky, of the Southern, and Mr. Cressland, of the Plant system.

Messrs. Hinton, Culp and Pope spoke for the roads. They opposed a horizontal reduction, but Mr. Culp suggested that if the commission would ratify it he thought the roads would be willing to reduce the rates on sirup from points of production to basing points so that the New Orleans competition could be met, but if the reduction was horizontal to all points in the state the roads would lose heavily and the sirup manufacturers would find New Orleans still a sharp competitor.

So it was arranged for the roads and the sirup manufacturers and dealers to meet in Savannah Tuesday, November 6th, when the traffic officials will endeavor to work out a schedule of rates which will encourage the production of Georgia sirup.

Judge Fite Improving in Health.

Cartersville, Ga., October 19.—(Special.) Judge Fite, though still very ill, has had the most favorable day of any within a week, and his physicians consider him better.

A SPLENDID TONIC. A TRUE STIMULANT.



Dunn's Monogram Rye!

Kentucky's finest whiskey, Used in moderation will promote appetite, improve digestion, strengthen the nerves and build up the body. Its absolute purity and exceptionally fine flavor make it a favorite wherever it is tried, 12 years old.

In quarts, pints and half-pints. All first-class dealers sell it.

ALBERT L. DUNN, So. Trav. Agent Box 657, Atlanta, Ga.

Phone 70 for the Doll Ballard Baggage Co. to call for and deliver your trunks. Office 26 Wall Street.

CHILDREN TO HAVE HOLIDAY

They Will Be Given the Opportunity To Greet Dewey.

WILL SING PATRIOTIC SONGS

New System of Grading Scholars Adopted by the Board—Committee Met Yesterday.

A meeting of the committee on teachers from the board of education was held at the office of Superintendent Slaton yesterday afternoon, at which the new system of marking was decided upon, and at which, also, it was decided to give the children a holiday on Thursday—Dewey day.

The new system of marking will consist of the use of words, instead of figures, and will range as follows:

Excellent will be from 95 to 100; very good, from 90 to 95; good, from 75 to 90; fair, from 60 to 75, and bad will be below 60. The system is similar to that used in the colleges, and will go into effect at once.

The committee decided to give the children of the schools a holiday on Dewey Day. They will be massed under Superintendent Slaton, marched to North avenue, where they will greet the admiral and his lieutenant with patriotic songs. The colored children will be massed at another point, and will also greet Dewey and Brumby.

The resignation of Miss Carrie Clark, of the third grade, Walker street school, was presented to the committee, and accepted. It will take effect on November 1st. Her successor will be chosen later.

"Rob Peter to pay Paul." That is what they do who take stimulants for weak nerves. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives true nerve strength.

DEWEY-BRUMBY DAYS.

Low Rates and Special Train Service Via Western and Atlantic R. R.

To accommodate its patrons who will desire to visit Atlanta to do honor to Dewey and Brumby, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell low rate round-trip tickets from all stations. In addition to the present schedules, on October 25th and 26th, the Marietta accommodation will leave Rome at 5:50 a. m., with stops at all intermediate stations, arriving in Atlanta at 8:40 a. m. Returning, leave Atlanta at 5:30 p. m., arriving in Rome at 8:10 p. m. Also on October 25th and 26th special train will be run from Kingston to Rome, connecting with Western and Atlantic railway schedule No. 4, leaving Atlanta at 8:30 p. m., arriving Rome about 11 p. m.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL—Pres't and Bus. M'g'r

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS,

Daily, with Sunday, one year..	$8 00
" without " "	6 00
" with " six months..	4 00
" without " " "	3 00
Sunday edition only, one year..	2 00
Weekly " one year..	1 00

Entered at the Postoffice, Atlanta, Ga., as second-class matter.

London Office

The London Office of
... The Constitution
Is in the Trafalgar Buildings,
Trafalgar Square

Handsome reading and reception rooms are provided there, and a special invitation is extended to all Southerners visiting London to avail themselves of the facilities provided, and to make The Constitution office their headquarters.

MR. GEO. M. S. HORTON is the London representative of this paper.

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., October 20, 1899.

Chancellor Hill's Address.

The address of Chancellor Hill, delivered at the opening of the state fair, like all results of real thought, carries with it, if we may so describe it, the tang that invites discussion—not controversy, but real discussion.

In effect, if not in aim, the chancellor's address deals with the development that has compelled the individual to seek refuge in combination. This development began with the socialism that marked the beginnings of Christianity, but in its particular form it gave way to the family group, which became more important when marriage was made a sacrament, and when the ties that bound husband and wife and father to children found a guardian and a promoter in the church. This group, with the necessity of its maintenance, may be termed the germ of modern civilization. It did not destroy individuality, but served to create for it new opportunities.

The contest between personality—individuality—and combination has been neither as sharp nor as ominous as many philosophers contend. It is a contest in which the victory may be awarded to both. Take the very latest combination, and whether its results are to be for good or evil—we are not now discussing its economic effects—it will be found that at the seat of its power and influence will be found the individual, the man who has the gift or the art of organization and control.

If the progress in the direction of combination means anything at all—if the experiments in that direction are not to fall to pieces—it means that we are making a costly and roundabout journey to the socialism which ushered Christian civilization into the world.

Chancellor Hill makes one political allusion which has a pungency of its own. He says that the followers of Jefferson—meaning those who call themselves democrats—"are committing themselves unreservedly to the municipal ownership of natural monopolies without seeming to realize the logical coup de grace which they are administering to their own cherished theories."

The thought here suggests itself that the principles which Jefferson formulated are too important, too vital, to stop at the foot of every hill that political society is obliged to climb, and there languish. A principle, to be genuine, must have the faculty of accommodating itself to all the phenomena which are the outcome of society. It must, in many instances, take over to itself and employ the virtue of expediency—a term that is the bane of all who do not take into consideration the vast movements of society which are necessary to progress and development. These great movements are carried forward by all manner of expedients whether of growth or decay. We see realized in the individual on a small scale the development which society presents on a large scale. In effect, the child and the man are one and the same, and yet they are as totally different as if they were, in fact, two distinct personalities.

When it comes to be said that the day of the individual is over—this is the intimation even now—it must necessarily follow that the rights of the individual follow him where he goes and become the rights of the combination into which he is merged. What he loses under the collective theory are the opportunities with which he is familiar and while this may seem under some aspects to be as important as a right, it will be found not to be so in the end; for, whereas opportunities have a thousand forms and shapes and fashions, rights have one form under all imaginable aspects. The right to operate natural monopolies by a group or collection of individuals for its common benefit is of the very essence of democracy; it is not new, though it may be that circumstances have newly brought it out.

And this brings us to the reflection that the principles of democracy contract or expand according to necessity. They fit themselves both to opportunity and necessity. A very important one may lie dormant and unsuspected until the circumstances of political and social development combine to bring it out. Whatever development is real and permanent is bound to force changes on society, is bound to lead men to new points of view. Politically, old principles will be newly applied, and expedients that have had their day will perish. And then there will be new interpretations of doctrine which will be truer than the old because of the stronger light that is thrown upon their meaning by changed conditions, more complex relations and the creation of new necessities. Questions which now take the shape of vexed problems will be simplified or settled, and others just as perplexing will arise in their place.

We have not by any means demonstrated in these crude and hastily-written remarks that Chancellor Hill's address is richly suggestive but that is its chief characteristic. He challenges the attention of all who are disposed to deal with our surroundings and prospects seriously and thoughtfully.

Receivership and the Like.

Our readers have doubtless noticed that a petition has been filed for the appointment of a receiver for the Southern Home Building and Loan Association.

The connections and interests of this association are so numerous that any injury done to its standing and character is an injury inflicted on a great many people. This question of injury to the financial interests of those who have no means of protection is a very important one. How can the shareholders in an institution help themselves when a petition for a receivership is presented to a court? The institution in question may be perfectly solvent, may have in hand assets to more than cover its liabilities, and yet the petition for the appointment of a receiver gives it a black eye and has a tendency to depreciate the holdings of those who have invested their money in its stock.

Suppose that in the case of an institution which has interested large numbers of investors in its plans and purposes, it is found to be perfectly solvent in every particular when a showing is made; what remedy is provided for those whose property has been depreciated? The showing may be perfectly clear and satisfactory to the court; solvency may be written over every part of the institution; nevertheless, a fillip has been given to suspicion, and the public mind has received an impression which is damaging to the property interests involved. Would it not be well, in matters of this kind, for the law to exact a bond from those who apply for receiverships? Not as casting suspicion on their motives, but simply as a guarantee of good faith.

The General manager of the Southern Home Building and Loan Association assures the public that the institution is perfectly solvent, and that the attack on it is not made in the interest of its shareholders.

We refer to these matters for the reason that thousands of our readers throughout the south are interested in the Home Building and Loan Association. The announcement of the general manager and the board of auditors is that the absolute solvency of the association will be demonstrated.

Why Mr. Neill Holds Up.

The purpose of Mr. Neill's extravagant crop estimates is at no time for the public good, but is bent to the cold business interests of those whom he serves. These people are not necessarily the spinners, at all times, for the speculator, who wants to buy cotton cheap, in order that later he may sell it to the miller dearer, are generally men without mills, and their only interest in the market is the margin they make between the producer's anxiety to sell and the miller's necessity to stock up.

When Mr. Neill, for instance, came out with his circular of August 12th, there was barely room that he might have been mistaken. His speculative friends were led, however, into the purchase of October cotton at figures from 5 1-4 to 5 1-2. The truth came out in time, and the price went up, and then it was that, in the face of overwhelming facts, Mr. Neill come out with his 11,000,000-bale estimate, hoping to knock a cent a pound off the ruling price, and thus save his friends. This is made plain by a trade circular which, in commenting upon the situation, says:

> The best thing possible is to let Neill and his following swing on to 11,000,000 estimates, and reiterate as often as it will amuse them to do so. When people are short of contracts at a cent a pound lower than current quotations they are justified in using all legitimate means to recover lost ground, but when this Neill syndicate of half a dozen or less assume a knowledge superior to what is being continually given by the men who have made the crop, the merchants who financially assisted them to that end, and every well informed person who has given close investigation to the matter, then it is time to ask whether it is a conspiracy they have entered into to retard a movement towards higher prices for cotton. They cannot prevent such a realization from being ultimately secured, but like many in a desperate situation they are catching at straws.

The people should keep their heads cool and watch the market. The bears have gone to hibernating, and they should be kept in the hole as long as possible.

The Winnie Davis Memorial.

The work which the Daughters of the Confederacy have undertaken in the establishment of the Winnie Davis Memorial at the State Normal college is one which should appeal to every Georgian.

It is especially appropriate that the Georgia Daughters, in addition to assisting in the general memorial to be placed at Richmond, should feel a desire to have an additional memorial of their own, for the last official visit of the daughter of the great confederate chief was paid to this state and there were strong bonds of friendship between Miss Davis and our people; and the ladies who have inaugurated the movement are to be congratulated upon the direction which their endeavors have taken.

It is the aim of those back of this Georgia Memorial to do lasting benefit to their fellow women in the name and for the sake of her whose memory they revere and honor. To this end they have determined to create a permanent fund with which to educate needy girls rather than some handsome shaft or some memorial building which could only satisfy the eye.

The movement was set on foot at the recent convention of the Daughters at Athens. The suggestion of an independent memorial, which came first from Mrs. Hallie Alexander Rounsaville, met with unanimous favor, and The Constitution thinks the society was particularly happy in working out the details. It was deemed best to establish the memorial fund as a part of some existing state institution rather than to attempt to maintain it as something separate and distinct, and after a canvass of the situation the ladies selected the State Normal school at Athens as the institution through which it could best reach the girls it seeks—those whose need for education is greatest and whose desire to educate themselves is keenest. Not that there are not other such institutions in the state, but this one seemed to particularly fit the requirements, and it was selected.

Ten thousand dollars is to be the amount of the fund, and of this amount Athens has agreed to raise one-fourth. Such a fund judiciously invested and handled will do a vast deal of good, and there will certainly be no doubt of the ability of the ladies to raise it. They deserve every assistance. Given such assistance, the Winnie Davis memorial of Georgia will be something of which the entire state will have occasion to be very proud.

The National Game.

The result of the fight for the baseball championship in the league was no great surprise to the majority of the lovers of the national game, though there have been not a few so-called experts who have kept busy all season predicting that the Brooklyns could not stand the pace which they themselves set in the early part of the contest and must inevitably give way to the Bostons or the Philadelphias. Brooklyn's victory was well earned and deserved. The team had its share of breakdowns and other pieces of ill luck, and it will fly the pennant because it has won a greater number of games than any of its opponents. The fact that the champion club won a majority of its series with each of the other clubs even more clearly demonstrates its superiority.

The season as a whole, has, however, been far from satisfactory. That individual clubs should have disappointed the expectations of their admirers was, of course, inevitable; that is the thing to be expected. But there has been disappointment beyond this. There has been a lack of interest on the part of the public which cannot be attributed to individual disappointments. We are all of us interested, in a way, in the national league, even when we are unable to see those contests, for, to a large extent, the national game depends upon the league. That is the parent body of baseball—fixes the lines on which it is to be played, sets the pace for the entire country—and a healthy interest in this splendid sport depends, to a very large degree, upon league legislation and league conditions.

In one respect the men who have charge of league affairs deserve unstinted praise; that is in their success in keeping the game absolutely free from the suspicion of crookedness. These gentlemen realize, of course, that their only hope of salvation lies in this. Were there cause for even the slightest suspicion that the games were not strictly on their merits, the day of professional baseball would be at an end. The "magnates" have succeeded in putting baseball on a high plane in that respect, however, and they deserve none the less credit for it because it was their financial interests to do so.

If, however, there is to be a real revival in public interest, there must be improvement in one other respect; that is in the elimination of rowdyism. In some instances this has been achieved through the individual efforts of club owners and club managers, but the legislation on this point has not gone far enough. There is good grounds for the cry for competent umpires which is heard in the land and for some of the criticisms that are from time to time hurled at the heads of these suffering officials. The tendency of league legislation has been toward the perfection of this important arm of the baseball service, but there has been hesitancy at striking the real root of the trouble. The legislation has not gone far enough. Just so long as the possibility of the impire's being wrong in his decisions is recognized in the rules of the game, and the opposing captains are permitted to openly question his decisions, just so long will the bars be down for rows and rowdyism.

The umpire's decision should be final. Provision might be made for appeal to the governing board in cases of flagrant misinterpretation or misunderstanding of the rules, but so far as each individual contest is concerned the umpire's word should go. When this is done, the root of the umpire evil will have been got at. It will then be possible for President Young to secure a higher class of umpires, and these men will be in a better positon to give impartial service. The umpire evil is the one great danger threatening the existence of the game, and only in the way suggested can the evil be corrected.

The able letter which Sampson told Chadwick to write to Toral, and which caused his immediate surrender, should be stuffed and hung in the national museum. Sampson is what may be termed an amphibious hero.

Quay is engaged in hanging out Aguinaldo as a scarecrow.

The Globe-Democrat is very much afraid that Mr. Bryan will hearten Aguinaldo. But what is the matter with our gifted republican administration? Doesn't it propose to smash Aguinaldo before Mr. Bryan is nominated? Really, the organs are becoming incoherent.

We presume there is no reason why Sampson shouldn't draw back pay for commanding the land forces at Santiago.

The Two Pictures.

> Mr. Whitney: I can point out the right man 1896 we lost the state for leader. He is a by 246,000 plurality. The platform in himself, New York democracy, and if we put him up like the party ship in the democratic party many other states will return to power went down, scuttled by again. I mean Mr. Clevelandism. It is not Cleveland. He is the my purpose to extenonly man with whom sively speak of that the party has won since Lone Fisherman who 1856, and his prestige sits at Princeton. Yot has not been impaired I will tell you in canby the defeat of four dor he was the blight. years ago. Let us get It was he who prepared back into power, and it probability for defeat in will then be time to 1896, and who buried compromise all differ- it in New York, unences as to policies. der a landslide of which history has never known the parallel.
>
> Mr. Belmont: In Mr. Belmont: In

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Jest Born So.

He wuz jest the laziest feller that the country ever seen—
He wouldn't double-shuuffle to a tinklin' tambourine;
No fiddle's tune could move him, a-playin' fast or slow,
He'd allus up an' tell 'em he wuz
Jest
Born
So!

Oh, jest the laziest feller in the valley or the plain;
He wouldn't run to shelter ef they caught him in the rain;
He wouldn't light a fire in the freezin' time o' snow—
Twas dead ag'in' his raisin': he wuz
Jest
Born
So! —

He wouldn't raise a dollar, an' he wouldn't raise a song;
He wouldn't dodge a bullet ef he saw it comin' 'long;
He never hipped an' hollered when the war wuz on the go—
His very voice wuz lazy: he wuz
Jest
Born
So!

An' when it come to dyin' he axed 'em square an' fair:
"Do you think they'll light the fire when they git me over there?
Will I have to chuck the coal in, an' make the bellows blow?
Ef I do, I'll raise the devil!" (He wuz
Jest
Born
So!)

* * * * *

From Real Life.

He was a pale, half-starved little fellow, dying on a pallet on the floor.

The mother was bending over him.

"Didn't the children go to the mills today?" he asked, faintly.

"No, dearie—they wanted to be with you—they all stayed home."

"And was there bread enough, mother?"

She did not answer, but turned away her eyes to hide the tears that came to them.

Then the boy clasped his thin arms around her neck, and said:

"Wake me up, mother, 'fore the mill whistle blows."

But the sleep that came to him knew no waking.

* * * * *

An Anniversary.

Nothing to bring you—
No song to sing you:
(What song is sweet enough, dearest, for you?)
Love that would cling to you—
Lips that would sing to you;
Find not a flower in life's dust and its dew!

Cares, dear, and crosses—
Life, with its losses,
Have left the lute tuneless that sang for your sake.
Hidden the pain shall be—
Silent the strain shall be
Till to the music of Heaven we wake!

* * * * *

Took Him at His Word.

"Thar's one er them agents what sells clocks on a credit wants to see you right off," said the new farm hand.

"Hang the agent!" exclaimed the farmer, "I don't want to see him or his clocks!"

The new farm hand vanished, and did not return for an hour.

When he put in an appearance he asked: "Whar'bouts roun' here, does the coroner live?"

"What in thunder does you want with the coroner?"

"Well," said the new farm hand, taking a seat on a stump and wiping the perspiration from his brow with his shirt-sleeve, "I hanged him!"

* * * * *

"He Clean Fergot!"

It was a cold day in the meeting house, and the absent-minded, colored exhorter, in giving out, from memory, the hymn—

"Could I but stand where Moses stood
And view the landscape o'er,
Not Jordan's stream, or Death's cold flood
Would fright me from that shore,"

blundered through it as follows:

"Could I but climb where Moses stood
En view de lan'scape o'er,
I'd cut me 'bout ten cords er wood
En make dat ole stove roar!"

* * * * *

The Family Roll Call.

"What's Bill a-doin' of?"
"Diggin' 'taters."
"An' Dick—whar's he?"
"Splittin' rails."
"An' whar's Mandy?"
"Milkin' the cows."
"Now, whar's yer daddy?"
"Straddle o' the fence, a-talkin' politics an' a-doing of nothin'!"

* * * * *

One of the Home Guard.

I ain't gwine ter no Affky—
I don't keer what dey say;
I raise en bo'n in Georgy,—
I raise en bo'n ter stay!

I ain't gwine ter no Affky:—
Ter drink de bitter cup!
We sen' de missionaries dar,
En don't dey eat 'um up?

Don't talk no Affky ter me—
I fur ez I gwine go!
I drinks my dram, en praise de Lawd
Fum whom all blessin's flow!

* * * * *

Markham's Latest.

The Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post has secured Mr. Markham's latest poem, which is in a more optimistic vein than that of "The Man With the Hoe." Here is a sample of it:

"My love is higher than heavens where Taurus wheels,
My love is deeper than the pillared skies;
High as that peak in Heaven where Milton kneels,
Deep as that grave in Hell where Caesar lies."

That's good verse, but just why Mr. Markham should consign Caesar to hell, does not appear. He should be more charitable. "When the poor cried, Caesar wept."

* * * * *

We're After Him.

They may talk o' "The Man With the Hoe,"
In the poem that startles and shocks;
They may sing—
They may swing
All the bells till they ring,
But give us the man with the "rocks!"

* * * * *

Kruger says his capital can't be collared by the bold, bad British.

F. L. S.

AN IRISHMAN'S HEART TOUCHED BY THE POET

It is not often that a singer gets a more tender compliment than that paid Mr. Frank L. Stanton, the Georgia poet, in a letter just received from Saginaw, Mich. Recently the sale of the Lakes of Killarney attracted Mr. Stanton's attention, which fact struck his sentimental nature, and he wrote three stanzas, expressing the feeling of the lovers of nature. It was in answer to this that the following letter came to the poet as stated:

Saganaw, Mich., October 16, 1899.—Mr. Frank L. Stanton.—Dear Sir: "Sellin' Killarney," which was copied into Sunday's Detroit Evening News, moves me to ask the question. Are you a Killarney man? There are touches of experience and feeling in the little gem that seem to point that way. I hope you will pardon this intrusion when I tell you that over sixty years ago I left the beautiful spot. I am now nearly seventy-six and there is not a highway or byway or nook or corner that I have not explored. From the time I was eight until thirteen, when I left, it was our business and pleasure Sunday after Sunday, father and I and a stalwart cousin of mine, to take in some of the many delightful excursions into the country by land or water, from the Ha Ha to Ross to Enisvallen and the Eagle's Nest; from Muchross to the top of Mangerton and its glorious view. Every mountain and glen was searched, always with new pleasures as we were always sure to discover new beauties.

I have never seen it since, and your little poem came like a shaft of sunlight through a rifted cloud reviving and regilding old and faded memories. If you are a Killarney man, a word from you will be esteemed a great favor. If not, permit me to ask pardon for the intrusion and that you charge it up to error of judgment.

EDWARD M. SWEENY.

Lest the last sentence in the above be misconstrued, it may be well to say that a word from Frank L. Stanton would be highly esteemed in either case, and add that I am neither a tuft hunter nor an autograph fiend and that this is the first and only time in my life that such a thing as this has left my hand. E. M. S.

Mr. Stanton exceedingly regrets that he is not a Killarney man, for if there is any place outside of South Carolina in which he would have elected to be born, it would be Ireland. The poem to which reference has thus been made is as follows:

They're sellin' the lakes of Killarney—
That's what the papers all say;
The auctioneer stands
With their fate in his hands,
An' we're hearin' his voice in the far, foreign lands—
They're sellin' Killarney today!

They're sellin' the lakes of Killarney,
Where in youth we delighted to stray;
Where in summer-bright gleams
We forsook the glad streams
And found on their flowery margins sweet dreams—
They're sellin' Killarney today!

They're sellin' the lakes of Killarney,
But, please God, they can't take 'em away!
Yet the talk o' the sellin'—
The auctioneer's knellin',
Makes the tears to the eyes that have loved 'em come wellin'—
They're sellin' Killarney today!

STATE POLITICAL GOSSIP.

The Oconee Circuit.

Rochelle New Era: We hear that Hon. E. D. Graham will not enter the race this time for the judgeship of the Oconee circuit. So that narrows the race down to Judge C. C. Smith, the present incumbent, and ex-Judge D. M. Roberts. There is also some talk of Captain J. H. Martin entering the race. It is rather soon to commence politics, and The New Era desires to hands off right now, but we propose to champion the cause of the best man for the place at the right time.

Hon R. D. Callaway.

Washington, Ga., Chronicle: Hon. R. D. Callaway, who is now squarely in the race for state senator from this district, has just returned from a trip to Columbia and McDuffie counties, where he went to see how the political land lay. He says he found a bright outlook for democracy, especially in Columbia, as that county went democratic at the last election, the clerk of the court being the only man on the populist ticket who was elected, and that even he was not a full-fledged populist.

Hot in the Third.

Americus, Ga., Recorder: The Butler Herald says editorially:

"It seems to be a settled thing that Hon. E. B. Lewis is to have no opposition next year. This is exactly right, for Mr. Lewis is the very man we need to represent us in the next congress. He will be worth a dozen new members. Hurrah for Mr. Lewis!"

The esteemed Herald is in error. Judge Allen Fort, of Americus, has already announced his candidacy and is clearly in the race for congress. The Times-Recorder made this statement some time since, having been informed by Judge Fort that he would certainly oppose Mr. Lewis, and that he was going in to win. The Times-Recorder learns that Judge Fort is marshaling his forces throughout the district, as is Mr. Lewis, and the now tranquil political waters of the old third will soon be stirred, and if we are to judge the future by the past, the people will witness one of the most feeling and intense campaigns of 1900.

The African Boer-o-Bull-aghan.

Editor Constitution—Realizing the embarrassment English-speaking peoples will have in securing a handy, hyphenated designation for the present unpleasantness between Great Britain and the Transvaal republic, I feel constrained, from a sense of public duty, to offer the term Boer-o-Bull-aghan (qualifying the word war) as a happy solution of our trouble. This, however, not without due acknowledgments to the late Mr. Charles Dickens.

R. H. GREENE.

Montgomery, Ala., October 17, 1899.

Music and Labor.

Chicago Tribune: An English newspaper says that to every gang of fifty men now working on the new military railway in the Soudan two harpers and a flute player are assigned. Music is furnished almost continuously, and so long as the musicians play the workmen do not feel fatigue. This musical success in the Soudan suggests that harps, flutes, fiddles and other musical instruments might be profitably employed as inspirers of labor nearer home. The housemistress, perhaps, could hurry up lazy servants or inspire plumbers and painters to finish their jobs in a reasonable time by spirited rag time performances on the piano. A small flute and harp orchestra might induce the garbage collectors to get around two or three times a week instead of once in six months. A battalion of hand organs might expedite the efforts of the Italian street cleaners. A brass band performing continuously might spur up a lazy legislature to attend to its business. If labor is as amenable to the charms of music as appears to be in the case of the Soudan, why not give the plan a widespread trial? Perhaps a full orchestra at Sandy Hook might set the wind to blowing.

North Carolina Cotton Growers.

Raleigh, N. C., October 19.—(Special.)—The North Carolina Cotton Growers' convention committee today elected Wm. A. Graham, of Lincoln county, president. The committe is drafting resolutions regarding the growing and sale of cotton. It will publish these and send them to all the cotton growing states. Delegates were appointed to the Atlanta convention which meets next week.

Officers Appointed.

Montgomery, Ala., October 19.—(Special.)—Mayor Joseph today announced the appointment of the following city officers: A. C. Jones, superintendent of streets; McD. Cain, Jr., superintendent waterworks; H. D. Long, market clerk; B. A. Blakey, city electrician; W. C. Smith, sanitary inspector; F. J. McCosker, plumbing inspector.

APPOINTMENTS TO BE MADE BY GOVERNOR

The Georgia legislature has seen the last—for the present at least—of political contests and from a political standpoint the coming session will therefore have less interest to the politicians than any other in many years. As a rule the second session sees but few contests, but with the election of judges and solicitors relegated to the people, this session will be absolutely barren of politics. The governor has a number of appointments to make and submit to the senate for ratification, but there are very few contests among them and these are purely local in their character. There are a few ad interim appointments that have to be made again and submitted for ratification, some trustees of state institutions and members of state boards to be named, but there is very little general interest in any of these.

Among the ad interim appointments is that of Clark Howell as a member of the board of trustees of the state university. The terms of James M. Dupree and T. M. Newell as trustees of the Georgia Normal and Industrial institute expire in the near future and their successors are to be named, as are successors to James H. Evans and Philip E. Boyd, as trustees of the Experiment station; of Dr. A. A. Smith and E. R. Anthony, allopath; Drs. M. A. Cleckley and R. E. Hinman, homeopaths, and Drs. M. K. Philips and John F. Harris, eclectics, all members of the board of medical examiners; of Dr. B. F. Sims as a member of the board of dental examiners, and of the entire list of trustees of the state lunatic asylum. These latter officials do not go to the senate for confirmation, but are appointed straight out by the governor.

The county and city judges whose terms expire are as follows:

H. M. Reid, city court of Atlanta; W. B. Bennett, county court of Brooks; Asa W. Warnell, county court of Bryan; Herman H. Perry, criminal court of Burke; J. T. Burnett, county court of Clay; S. C. Atkinson, city court of Brunswick; Samuel J. Winn, city court in Gwinnett; James A. Harley, county court of Hancock; W. A. Brown, county court of Henry; John H. Blacknell, county court of Jasper; H. L. Long, county court of Lee; H. W. Baldwin, county court of Morgan; Richard M. Jackson, county court of Oconee; R. G. Mitchell, Jr., county court of Pierce; Elijah F. DuPree, county court of Pike; George W. Jordan, county court of Pulaski; T. M. Norwood, city court of Savannah; Robert L. Maynard, county court of Sumter; R. A. S. Freeman, county court of Troup; A. S. Morgan, county court of Warren; W. H. Toombs, city court of Wilkes; James J. McDowell, county court of Worth.

There are but few contests in the above list. Judge Reid, of the city court of Atlanta, has no opposition, neither has Judge Norwood, of the city court of Savannah. There is a hot contest on over the judgeship of the city court of Brunswick with four candidates—Judge Sam Atkinson, the incumbent, and Messrs. Sparks, Symmes and Eve. Those on the inside say the contest is really between Messrs. Atkinson and Sparks. In Hancock there is another lively contest between Judge Harley, the incumbent, and Judge Frank Little, who held the office for twelve years. The candidates for the Jasper judgeship are Messrs. Bonner and Key, and both are strongly indorsed. For the Morgan judgeship there is a contest between Judge Baldwin and Colonel Jonas Holland. Perhaps the most interesting contest of them all is for the place now held by Judge Maynard, who presides over the county court of Sumter. The judge is not a candidate, but former Congressman Charley Crisp and Judge Pillsbury are after that bit of ermine and each has brought the strongest kind of pressure to bear in his behalf. This Sumter fight is attracting more general attention than any of the others, indeed, than all of the others put together.

There is a long list of solicitors whose terms expire, but as in the case of the judges, there are few contests. The list is:

James F. O'Neill, city court of Atlanta; J. H. Thomas, city court of Baxley; J. W. Edmondson, county court of Brooks; W. M. Osteen, county court of Bryan; W. R. Callaway, criminal court of Burke; Levi Osteen, city court of Douglas; Matt J. Pearsall, county court of Colquitt; R. W. Sheppard, county court of Effingham; A. N. King, county court of Franklin; F. F. Juhan, city court of Gwinnett; W. C. Davis, county court of Houston; W. F. Way, county court of Irwin; Greene F. Johnson, county court of Jasper; Howell Beazley, county court of Lee; Donald Fraser, county court of Liberty; Levi C. Grear, county court of Macon; W. B. Short, county court of Marion; E. W. Butler, county court of Morgan; J. F. Rogers, county court of Newton; S. W. Sturgis county court of Pierce; Earl A. Jackson, county court of Walker; E. T. Shurley, county court of Warren; J. H. Tipton, county court of Worth; J. E. Wooten, county court of Dodge.

In Burke there is a triangular contest between Messrs. Cook, McKenzie and Covington; in Franklin, Messrs. Little and Sheppard are the applicants; in Gwinnett Messrs. Juhan, Peeples and Johnson are being pressed by their friends upon the governor's attention; Irwin county has a contest that would delight the soul of The New York Sun—of that sheet can be said to have a soul—the contestants being Messrs. Way and Jay.

Hon. W. G. Park, of Troup, will introduce a bill for the election of county commissioners of education which provides "that any citizen of the several counties, who is eligible to serve as a member of the legislature of his county, may be elected to serve as county commissioner of education; that the county commissioner of education shall be elected as other county officers are elected, as provided in section 97, volume 1, of the Code of 1895, except that the first election for said office, under this act, shall be held the first Wednesday in October, 1900, for term beginning January thereafter; that the term of office of said county school commissioner shall be four years, unless sooner removed by law; that all commissioners of education now in office shall hold over until their successors in office are duly elected and qualified; that the county school commissioner, so elected shall be required to give bond, with good and sufficient security, payable to the county school board, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duty under the law, the amount and sufficiency of the security to be judged by the county board."

Suspended for Adjustment.

Montgomery, Ala., October 19.—(Special.) The Montgomery Brokerage exchange, being operated by Mr. D. F. Lowe, failed to open for business this morning and on its place of business is hung a sign which reads "suspended for adjustment." The liabilities are not given, but many local investors were stuck.

All Want To Come to Atlanta.

Raleigh, N. C., October 19.—(Special.)—Quartermaster General Macon is working zealously to secure low rates for troops to go to Atlanta next week. Nearly all desire to go if cheap rates are secured. He says if he succeeds, the state will be represented by a regiment.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

Ottmar Mergenthaler, the inventor of the linotype machine which is now used by the principal newspapers of the country instead of the old method of setting type by hand, lies dangerously ill at his home in Baltimore. Though only forty-five years of age, it seems that the career of this noted inventor is about to close. Mr. Mergenthaler was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, in 1854. While he was still a mere boy he was apprenticed to a watchmaker, but he failed to serve out



INVENTOR MERGENTHALER.

his full time on account of difficulties, which made him resolve to seek his fortune in the United States. When he landed in Baltimore his worldly possessions barely exceeded $30 in cash. Going to Washington, D. C., where his uncle was engaged in the building of machines, he obtained employment with his relative at that place. Here in the course of time he originated and perfected the machine which has since placed him in the forefront of great modern inventors. Mr. Mergenthaler was barely more than thirty years of age when he conceived the idea of the linotype. Seldom has genius been more precocious. On account of ill health Mr. Mergenthaler has not engaged in active work for some time past.

When the English parliament opened several days ago an ancient custom which has come down since 1605 was observed as usual. This was none other than the searching of the vaults below Parliament house in quest of an imaginary Guy Fawkes. Not once since the gunpowder plot of 1605 was discovered has the search been omitted. At that time, as the school histories tell, the vault under the house of parliament was filled with barrels of gunpowder, and Guy



GUY FAWKES.

Fawkes, though by no means the chief conspirator, was caught while getting ready to light the fuse which would have blown lords and commons alike higher than the top of the tower. Fawkes and a number of his fellow plotters were executed after they had been tortured to make them confess, and the day of the discovery of the plot, November 5th, was proclaimed a holiday. For years the anniversary was celebrated throughout England, and only within late years has its general observance fallen into disuse.

Within the past few weeks the last known connection of William Shakespeare has passed from earth. Her name was Mrs. Baker, and she was lineally descended from Anne Hathaway, the poet's wife. For seventy years she had been the custodian of the famous Anne Hathaway cottage at Stratford-on-Avon.



LAST OF SHAKESPEARE'S KIN.

which has been visited by thousands of pilgrims from the United States. Shakespeare himself had three children, two daughters and one son, the latter of whom died at the age of twelve. The two girls survived their father, and both left children. These children, however, left no heirs, and so the direct family line died out with the third generation in 1670. One of the granddaughters of the great poet was married to an English nobleman, Sir John Bernard.

MR. LUCEY'S RECITAL TONIGHT.

Entertainment for the Benefit of the West End Christian Church.

Tonight at 8 o'clock, in the little chapel occupied by the West End Christian church, Mr. T. Elmore Lucey, one of Georgia's most talented representatives on the lecture platform, will give a dramatic recital for the benefit of the building fund of the West End Christian church.

On account of the peculiar gift of Mr. Lucey, it is safe to predict that the entertainment will be greatly enjoyed by every one who attends. Some of Mr. Lucey's impersonations are ludicrous in the extreme, and those who go out to hear him tonight may expect to be convulsed with laughter. Tickets to the entertainment are 25 cents each, and they can be obtained either from the members of the building committee or at the door of the chapel.

Strangers will find no difficulty in reaching the chapel, which stands just back of the West End Presbyterian church, on the corner of Gordon and Ashby streets. The chapel will no doubt be crowded to overflowing tonight.

PROGRAMME HAS BEEN CHANGED

Executive Committee Met and Acted Yesterday.

WILL MEET THIS AFTERNOON

Programme Shortened After Conference of Committees.

SWORD PRESENTATION ON TUESDAY

Governor Issues a Proclamation Requesting That Banks and Other Places Close on "Dewey Day"—Programme as It Now Stands.

GOVERNOR CANDLER'S PROCLAMATION.

October 20, 1899.—A Proclamation—Whereas, The presidents of the several banks constituting the Clearing House Association of the city of Atlanta, and many other bankers, bank officers and bank clerks, have petitioned the governor to set apart "Dewey Day" as a thanksgiving day and thereby make it a legal holiday, and

Whereas, Believing that to designate any day not set apart for a religious purpose as a thanksgiving day would be inappropriate and unlawful, but being anxious to conform as nearly as possible to the desires of the gentlemen who have preferred the request, I, Allen D. Candler, governor of Georgia, do issue this my proclamation directing that all the public offices of the state in the capitol and elsewhere, and requesting that all banks and other places in the state where public business is transacted, be closed on October 26th, "Dewey Day," in order that all persons employed in them may have an opportunity of paying proper honor to the state's distinguished guest, Admiral Dewey, and Georgia's own heroic son, Lieutenant Brumby, whose achievements on the high seas have reflected so much glory upon our flag and the American name.

Given under my hand and the seal of the executive department, in Atlanta, on this, the 20th day of October, A.D. 1899, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-third.

A. D. CANDLER, Governor.

By the Governor:

C. M. HITCH, Sec. Ex. Dept.

The children of the public schools will be given a holiday next Thursday in honor of Admiral Dewey and in order that they may be present at the parade and be reviewed by the admiral.

A meeting of the executive committee will be held in the mayor's office this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The mayor urges a full attendance as important business will be transacted.

At the meeting of the executive committee yesterday morning further alterations were made in the Dewey-Brumby programme and as it now stands it will in all probability be observed.

The presentation of the sword to Lieutenant Brumby will occur on the steps of the state capitol instead of at the exposition grounds as had at first been contemplated. The presentation will be under the direction of the sword committee and will occur on Wednesday instead of on Thursday as had originally been intended.

There will be no public reception. The military parade will occur Thursday morning and will be reviewed by Ad-

Continued on Seventh Page.



Wonderful how little hands can grasp and use with comfort that BABY SPOON.

Such a pleasure and help to mamma. Many new designs just received.

Davis & Freeman

JEWELERS.

Successors to J. P. Stevens & Bro.

FUND NOW NEEDS MORE THAN $3,000

Two Days in Which To Complete Dewey-Brumby Fund.

$1,000 RAISED YESTERDAY

Chairman Pope Urges That Citizens Send In Subscriptions.

COMMITTEES ARE HARD AT WORK

On Account of Shortness of Time They Cannot See Every One and Checks Should Be Sent to Robert Maddox, the Treasurer.

With more than $3,000 to be raised to make the Dewey-Brumby reception a success, there remain only a few days to secure the necessary sum. It is IMPERATIVE that every Atlantian should subscribe in keeping with his means. No amount is too large or no mite too small. Chairman Pope, who is working earnestly and constantly, aided by his committees, urges that contributions be rushed in and that all checks should be sent to Robert F. Maddox, treasurer.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

City of Atlanta. . . .	$5,000 00
Previously acknowledged . . .	3,202 00
Blumenthal & Bickert . . .	25 00
L. DeGive.	10 00
Atlanta Fire Department. . .	25 00
Atlanta Fire Department	50 00
Darwin Jones and others. . .	15 00
T. J. Hightower, Jr. . .	10 00
W. J. Northen	10 00
John S. Parks.	10 00
George S. Brown.	10 00
A. P. Thompson	5 00
J. M. Stephens	10 00
Matthews & Co.	5 00
Carroll & Long.	25 00
Rodgers & Harwell	5 00
Southern Flour and Grain Co.	5 00
J. M. Cochran.	2 50
Cash	2 50
J. P. Mahoney & Co.	2 50
George Brooks	10 00
C. S. Lincoln	2 00
Murphy & Co.	20 00
J. J. Russell	2 00
R. M. Wiley	5 00
Clem R. Harris	10 00
H. A. Inman.	20 00
Atlanta Steam Candy Factory.	10 00
Lyon Manufacturing Co. . . .	5 00
Atlanta Supply Co.	25 00
J. W. Rucker.	25 00
W. L. Peel.	25 00
John B. Goodwin	5 00
J. F. Golightly.	1 00
A. Stephens	25
King & Spalding	10 00
J. A. Anderson	5 00
F. E. Callaway	50
C. D. Hill.	5 00
Kontz & Austin.	5 00
Collins Park and Belt Railroad.	25 00
W. D. Ellis.	5 00
Aragon Hotel.	100 00
Marion Hotel	20 00
H. R. Durand	25 00
Vignaux Restaurant	5 00
A. L. Delkin.	5 00
A. M. Floyd.	5 00
Maier & Berkele.	15 00
Davis & Freeman	10 00
F. J. Stilson.	5 00
J. R. Watts & Co.	3 00
N. Kaiser & Co.	2 00
Schaul & May.	5 00
William Bollman.	1 00
C. C. Chillingsworth.	1 00
R. L. Avery	50
Cash.	2 00
B. Z. Phillips	5 00
George T. Ozburn.	5 00
Dorsey, Brewster & Howell. .	10 00
Morris Brandon.	10 00
Hamilton Douglass.	5 00
G. W. Adair.	10 00
Inman, Smith & Co.	50 00
John Silvey & Co.	50 00
Coates Shoe Co.	5 00
Southern Overall Manufacturing Co.	5 00
Wilmer L. Moore Manufacturing Co.	10 00
Bates, Kingsbery & Co. . . .	10 00
M. C. Kiser Co.	25 00
Draper, Coggins Shoe Co. . .	25 00
A. M. Robinson & Co.	10 00
Dobbs, Wey & Co.	10 00
Atkins, McKeldin & Co. . . .	10 00
Stovall, Calloway & Co. . . .	10 00
Shipp & Webber.	5 00
George Muse Clothing Co. .	25 00
Eisoman & Weil.	10 00
Kahn & Teitlebaum.	5 00
Edwin Stewart	5 00
Hirsch Bros.	10 00
Globe Clothing Co.	5 00
Eiseman Bros.	25 00
W. R. Emmons & Co.	15 00
Alexander Kreisle.	2 50
Ralph H. Brown.	5 00
Stewart & Ray.	50 00
TOTAL SUBSCRIBED. .	$9,282 00
AMOUNT NEEDED. . .	3,218 00

The Dewey-Brumby entertainment fund is increasing, and more than $1,000 was collected yesterday by the canvassing committee and reported to Chairman Pope, of the finance committee.

The fund is now $9,282.

The amount still needed is $3,215.

Chairman Pope urges that those who

Continued on Sixth Page.

MILITARY PARADE IS TAKING SHAPE

Georgia Hussars and Atlanta Troop Will Escort Dewey.

FULLY 3,000 MEN TO COME

A Feature of the Parade Will Be the Carriages.

DEWEY AND THE MAYOR AT HEAD

A Number of Military Organizations Notified Marshal Byrd Yesterday They Would Come and Take Part in the Parade.

The military feature of the big parade, under the splendid organiation of Dr. George Brown and Acting Adjutant General Phill Byrd, has assumed proportions where any failure on this line is totally out of the question.

With this portion of the long procession an assured success, the committee on reception and entertainment, which will probably meet today, is figuring earnestly ask for further information and for time in which to hold company meetings and decide on the trip to Atlanta. More than a hundred replies of this nature have been received by Marshal Byrd, and it is believed that out of the large number of commands that are undecided, quite a number will determine later to be in the parade.

Regulars for the Parade.

Marshal Byrd yesterday directed a cordial invitation to the commanding officer at Fort McPherson to take part with his men in the military day parade. There are at present two full batteries of the First United States artillery at the post, comprising over 200 men, and the addition of these troops to the parade is one that will attract attention. The batteries of the post are of the heavy artillery and in the parade the men will be without their guns.

The trip of the Savannah troop of cavalry, in command of Captain McAlpin, has already been arranged for and together with the Governor's Horse Guard, The Hussars of Savannah, will act as escort to Admiral Dewey. A place has also been assigned to the cavalry command at La Grange.

Georgia Militiamen in Line.

The basis of the militia display will be the Georgia militia, which has recently undergone reorganization, and will make its first appearance before the general assembly of the state next Thursday. Up to date every regiment in Georgia is represented except the First, while from the Third regiment will come more than half its entire strength. Following is the list of the Georgia militia companies according to regiment that have so far accepted the invitation and will be in Atlanta on Dewey Day.

Second Georgia regiment, Colonel C. M. Wiley; Company E, Pulaski Volunteers, Captain J. W. Adams; Company L, Americus Light infantry, Lieutenant J. R. Britton; Company G, Barnesville Blues, Sergeant R. L. Swatts.

Third Georgia regiment, Colonel R. Usher Thomason—Company A, Irvin Guards, Captain A. L. King; Company B, Irish Volunteers, Captain S. W. Fargo; Company C, Green Rifles, Captain H. F. Hurt; Company D, Lexington Light infantry, Captain George C. Smith; Company E, Madison Guards, Captain Ervin Godfrey; Company F, Elbert Light infantry, Captain W. B. Adams; Company G, Conyers Volunteers, Captain J. F. Irwin, and the Athens Guards, if admitted in time.

Fourth regiment—Company E, Albany Guards, Captain A. J. Scott, with forty men; Company H, Fourth infantry, forty men.

Fifth regiment, Colonel John S. Candler—Company A, Atlanta Zouaves, Captain E. E. Aldred; Company B, Capital City Guard, Captain W. W. Barker; Company C, Hibernian Rifles, First Lieutenant W. A. Fraklie; Company D, Atlanta Rifles, Captain Hunter Course; Company K, Atlanta Grays, Captain W. C. Massey; Company L, Gate City Guard, Captain La D. White; Machine Gun Battery, Lieutenant Shearer; Company I, Hill City Cadets, of Rome, Captain L. F. George; Company F, Griffin Rifles, Captain J. H. Smith.

Orders Issued Yesterday.

The office of Marshal Byrd at the state

PROGRAMME AS IT WILL PROBABLY BE OBSERVED

TUESDAY, 24th.

Governor and staff, with members of general committee and the Mayor, leave the city at 11 o'clock in the morning to meet the admiral's train at state line with artillery company to fire the admiral's salute.

WEDNESDAY, 25th.

10 A. M.—Reception at capitol by governor and members of the legislature.

11 A. M.—Presentation of sword at capitol, under direction of Brumby Sword Committee.

8 P. M.—Reception at Capital City Club.

10 P. M.—Military ball at Kimball.

THURSDAY, 26th.

10 A. M.—Parade.

12 M.—Review of parade by Admiral Dewey from stand at junction tion of Peachtree and Ponce de Leon avenue

1 P. M.—Luncheon at Piedmont Driving Club.

upon the manner of arranging the occupants of the various carriages.

The first carriage will, as a matter of course, be occupied only by the mayor and Admiral Dewey, as was done in New York and Boston.

Among those who will occupy a prominent position will be Hon. Nim McCollough, whose admirable alertness in public matters has kept him at the front in municipal affairs and whose enterprise in suggesting that Dewey be invited to Atlanta will result in bringing to the city the largest crowd ever here.

If it were possible—or rather, if it were within the limits of customary and not beyond the bounds of all precedence for any other than the mayor to occupy the first carriage with the admiral—Councilman McCollough would undoubtedly occupy a seat along with the city's chief executive in Dewey's carriage. But since in all previous similar public entertainments, the mayor of the city alone rode with Dewey, the same custom will, no doubt, be followed here. So despite the good natured protests of Councilman McCollough's friends, it is not likely that the accepted conventionality will be disregarded and a third person placed along with the mayor and the admiral. Councilman McCollough, however, is sure to be given an especially prominent part in the parade that his splendid thoughtfulness in suggesting that Dewey be invited entitles him to.

The arrangement of the occupants of the carriages, in which great interest is being manifested, is likely to be made known today.

Companies Accept Invitations.

According to the rate at which company commands all over the state and in surrounding states have so far responded to the invitation to take part in the big parade in honor of Admiral Dewey, it will be impossible to tell the number of troops to be given place in line before Saturday night. The subsistence department, in charge of Sergeant Anderson, has begun its preparation for supplying between 1,500 and 2,000 visiting soldiers while they are in the city, and it is practically certain that the scope of the commissary department at first agreed upon will have to be enlarged considerably.

A great many commands in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and North Carolina were heard from yesterday, and while none of them declined to accept the invitation quite a number wired that they would be on hand and asked that a place be reserved for them.

Following are the additional commands in this and other states that gave definite answers yesterday to Grand Marshal Byrd that they would come to Atlanta:

Albany Guards, Captain A. J. Scott.

Elbert Light Infantry, Elberton, Ga., Captain Irwin.

Athens Guards, Captain McCurdy.

Conyers Volunteers, Conyers, Ga.

Madison Guards, Captain Godfrey.

Blue Ridge Rifles, Asheville, N. C., Captain Chedester.

Ozark, Ala., command, Captain P. C. Black.

Company I, Lucerne, Ala., Captain G. O. Dickey.

Cadet battalion, Milledgeville, Ga.

The large majority of the letters and telegrams in response to the invitation capitol presented a busy scene yesterday with the pile of correspondence, including letters of inquiry from all over the south regarding the parade, and which require the constant attention of the marshal and his assistants.

Two orders of importance were issued yesterday, the first of which contained the appointment of Colonel J. V. Nash, Jr., as chief of staff and is as follows:

General Orders No. 1.

Headquarters Dewey Day Parade, State Capitol, Atlanta, Ga., October 19, 1899.—By virtue of an appointment from the general committee on Dewey reception, I hereby assume the office of grand marshal of the military and civic parade, to take place on Thursday, the 26th inst. Lieutenant Colonel J. V. Nash, Jr., assistant inspector general Georgia Volunteers, is hereby designated as chief of staff and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

PHILL G. BYRD,
Colonel, Assistant Adjutant General of Georgia, Grand Marshal.

The second order issued yesterday notifies the commanding officers of all troops who are to take part in the parade, to report in person or by wire to the marshal of the day for assignment in the parade. The order is as follows:

General Orders No. 2.

Headquarters Dewey Day Parade, State Capitol, Atlanta, October 19, 1899.—1. Commanding officers of all organizations who will participate in the Dewey day parade, October 26th, will report to these headquarters at once for assignment to a position in the parade.

2. Commanding officers of visiting troops will report by telegram, stating time and date of intended arrival in the city.

By order of Colonel Phill G. Byrd, grand marshal.

J. V. NASH, JR.,
Chief of Staff.

Governor's Staff Invited.

Marshal Byrd, as acting adjutant of the state, was notified by Governor Candler yesterday to invite the members of his military staff to Atlanta to take part in the Dewey celebration. The staff is invited to Atlanta for October, 24th, 25th and 26th. Marshal Byrd was engaged last night in the work of sending out the invitations to the staff. Governor Candler will ride in the big parade at the head of his staff, but in case for some reason the governor cannot be in line, his staff will be attached to that of Marshal Byrd.

NATIONAL COLORS WILL COVER CITY

Hundreds of Citizens Have Agreed To Decorate.

BRIDGES WILL BE ABLAZE

Active Work of Decoration Has Already Commenced in Earnest.

DECORATORS BUSY MAKING DESIGNS

Committee on Decoration Completed All Details Yesterday and Will Meet Again Only at the Call of the Chairman.

The movement to decorate is meeting with success on every hand and long before Admiral Dewey and Lieutenants Brumby and Caldwell reach the city it is safe to say that there will be countless miles of bunting floating from the homes and business houses of the citizens of Atlanta.

Everybody is going to decorate. Everybody is now preparing to decorate by ordering decorations and making deals with skilled workmen to put their decorations in the most conspicuous places to be found both on the stores and houses.

Nearly one hundrred and fifty living along the line of march have already signed an agreement to decorate, and this number means only about one-third of those who will sign today and tomorrow.

The rain yesterday prevented an active canvass of residences, but early this morning, C. E. Greeley, the personal representative of the official decoration committee, will call on as many residents as possible to ascertain just who are the ones that will agree to put up flags and bunting in honor of the visit of the city's guests.

To date not a single person approached on the subject turned a deaf ear or stated that they would not decorate. On the contrary all that have been seen have not only signified their intention to make a grand display, but have evinced such enthusiasm on the subject that there can be no doubt in the minds of the committee regarding the handsome way in which all the citizens are going to prepare for the great demonstration next week.

The decoration committee held a short session yesterday at noon and disposed of all the details of the work then in hand. It is probable that no other meeting of this committee will be necessary during the next few days, but if so, the members will assemble at the call of Chairman Joseph Jacobs.

Work on Electric Displays.

Oscar Turner announced yesterday that the work on the electrical displays had already commenced and would be carried forward night and day to completion. The big sign "Dewey—Welcome—Brumby" will be placed on the east side of Broad street bridge in the course of the next day or so, and the necessary wiring will be finished almost as soon.

It was decided not to decorate the west side of the Forsyth street bridge, but to confine the decorations to the east sides of both bridges. The two structures will be covered with bunting and flags and a number of large pictures of the admiral and his flag lieutenant will be used to advantage in making the displays complete in every way.

The union depot will be made to bloom with bright streamers and flags and bunting, combining the national colors, and the decorators will begin active work there either today or tomorrow.

The city hall will come in for its share of decoration and the entire front of the building will be handsomely decorated with appropriate and beautiful designs. Special attention will be given the Grady monument, and the statue will be made one of the features of the decorations on Marietta street.

Work has already commenced on the reviewing stand at the junction of Peach-

Continued on Sixth Page.

Elegance and Quality

Combined with Low Prices Creates a Demand and

BOOMS BUSINESS.

We cater to all manner of tastes, and from our large and extensive stock of fine Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Cut Glass, Sterling Silverware, etc., etc., can fill all requirements.

Continued heavy sales brings in daily invoices of new goods, and you can always rely on our supplying your needs from the

Very Latest Productions of leading manufacturers.

Maier & Berkele, Jewelers, 31 Whitehall St.



"THE BRIDGE THAT CARRIES YOU SAFELY over" is the one to stick to, the old saying is, and those who have been using our finely constructed and well made carriages wouldn't think of using any other. Our vehicles are superb in style, superior in quality and satisfactory in ease and comfort. Our handsome new designs in Stanhopes and Victorias will please the connoisseur.

JOHN M. SMITH,

120, 122, 124 Auburn Ave.

THERE is a happy medium in Shoes as in other things.

And the vast majority demand that kind—the whole lot of quality and style at a happy medium price. Our purchase this season was so big we got the best style and quality-at-the-price combination ever shown in the South.

Be sure and see the happy medium Shoes.

Men's Dark Tan Willow Calf, Double Sole, Lace. . . . $3.50
Woman's Black Vici Kid, Hand Welt, Military Heel, Button or Lace. $3.50

Byck Bro's. & Co.

FOOT COVERERS TO ALL MANKIND.

MONEY ON REAL ESTATE AT 5¼ PER CENT

Payable back monthly or will build you a house on easy payments. Come and get my terms.

THOMAS W. JACKSON

70½ Peachtree St.

Money on Real Estate 5%

J. L. RILEY & CO.,

26 SOUTH BROAD ST

Our Men's Suits.

If there is one point in our stock in which we lay more special stress than another it's Clothing for Men. There is a collection here for this Winter—better, larger, handsomer than ever. Business and dress wear. Sacks in single and double breasted. Cutaways, too. The most exacting can come to us, assured in advance of the correct thing.

HIRSCH BROS.,

44 Whitehall Street.

"Herring Bone" Suits

The nobbiest and most popular fabric for gentlemen's suits is the "Herring Bone." This greatly favored suiting comes in Gray, Tan, Blue and Black—is stylish in appearance and will wear well. We have a large stock of Herring Bone Sack Suits, both single and double-breasted, silk faced and plain. The vests are also single and double-breasted, as you wish. We have Overcoats made of the same popular material, also boys' suits in the larger sizes. We manufacture these goods, as we do every garment we sell, and confidently recommend the "Herring Bone" to our friends and patrons.

Don't Delay

the purchase of your fall suit. Now is the very best time to buy. Our clothing is ne plus ultra from every point of view and we can fit your person and your purse. We please others—let us please you. With every Boys' Suit and Overcoat we sell for $3.00 or over we give one of those useful, interesting and instructive "Little Wonder Cameras."

EISEMAN BROS

Clothing, Hats, Underwear, Neckwear, Gloves, Hosiery, Shirts, Shirt Waists, everything worn by men and boys.

STORES { Atlanta, 15-17 Whitehall St. Washington, Cor. Seventh and E. Sts. Baltimore, 213 W. German St.

15-17 Whitehall St. Our Only Store in Atlanta.

GEORGIA IS RICH IN GOLD MINES

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Mackintosh, of Canada, Visits Georgia.

INSPECTS THE GOLD FIELDS

Says Georgia Promises Greater Results Than California.

ADMIRES THE PEOPLE AND LAWS

Talks Interestingly of Gold Mines, Discusses the Philippine Question and Touches on England's South African Trouble.

Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, ex-lieutenant governor of the Canadian northwest territories, including the famous Yukon gold fields, returned to the city yesterday, after a brief visit to a few of the prominent mining properties in Lumpkin county. He received a representative of The Constitution with the utmost cordiality.

"It is a pleasure," he said, "to meet any one officially connected with a newspaper that was once edited by the lamented Henry W. Grady. Why, the first thing I did after arriving in Atlanta, four days ago, was to visit the square where the statue is erected to his memory. The words of a speech delivered by him at Boston a few years ago are still fresh in my memory. He was so human, so charitable in all his methods, and a great orator, besides being a splendid writer. We in Canada had the late Hon. Joseph Howe, who resembled the lamented Grady in many particulars. Probably providence ordered for the best in calling him hence so suddenly."

Ex-Governor Mackintosh resigned the governorship of the northwest in January, 1898, although retaining it for six months with leave of absence, at the request of the Canadian government. Prior to that, he had been mayor of Ottawa, the capital of the dominion, and also represented that city in parliament for many years. In December, 1897, he accepted the resident directorship of the British-American corporation, of which the marquis of Dufferin and Ava is still chairman. He found the duties of that office required all his time, and the responsibilities too great, so this year he retired, although consenting to act in advisory capacity whenever called upon. The corporation owns great mines in British Columbia, and is largely interested as well in the celebrated LeRoi mine.

In answer to a question in connection with the object of his visit to Georgia, Governor Mackintosh said:

"I was anxious to compare the general mining surroundings of California and Georgia, and can now unhesitatingly say that Georgia, to my mind, promises greater results, for it has fuel in abundance, water power sufficient to drive the spindles of the continent, good roads, and, added to this, very cheap labor, as well as wise and liberal mining laws. The foreigner is not considered as nor treated as an alien; the law is one for all, unlike the almost prohibitive ordinances of Washington state. Added to this, your people are square; that is, they are manly and honorable, and appear to believe in the policy of live and let live. Nearly all the large properties in California appear to be in litigation."

Asked what portion of this state he inspected, Mr. Mackintosh said:

"Chiefly Lumpkin county, where my friend, Colonel S. M. Wharton, is doing capital work near Dahlonega. He was in Rossland, British Columbia, opening and working mines there, and first called my attention to Georgia. I then promised to come and see for myself, and have been amply rewarded. His Calhoun property is very promising. This was formerly owned, as you know, by the brilliant statesman, Hon. John C. Calhoun—a name to conjure with, surely! We in Canada have always been believers in and admirers of the southern people; the world knows what heroines the women were and how chivalrous the men of the south were and are. Mind you, this is not mere bombast; I believe what I say."

"Your opinion is, then, that capital will come into the state as a mining investment?"

"Undoubtedly, providing when it comes prices are not run up, as in other districts. Capitalists are not as speculative as formerly, and science has enabled them to pretty fairly estimate the value of a mining claim or a mine.

"All things being equal, Georgia could hold her own, for a state that has already produced fully $17,000,000 of gold, with primitive appliances, should astonish the world if developed according to up-to-date processes.

"It was natural for me to go to the Dahlonega district, in view of the fact that sufficient gold was discovered to justify the United States government establishing a mint at Dahlonega in 1838; in fact, I believe the first gold minted by the United States in 1830 was from the state of Georgia. Even when the placediggings give out, and they certainly appear very rich, quartz mining must follow, for I have seen already miles of ledges yielding very satisfactory assays. When the latest concentrators, plates, stamps and modern appliances generally, there is nothing to prevent an output of several million dollars in gold per annum from this state. Capital can accomplish this providing properties are not overcapitalized or over-officialed, and laws and labor values continue as at present."

The conversation then drifted into a national channel, regarding Canada and the United States and Great Britain. In the course of this, the ex-governor spoke feelingly with reference to the Spanish troubles; all Englishmen sympathized with the United States in its hour of tribulation; they looked upon it as a crusade against savagery, a bold and human proclamation in favor of civilization; in short, a white man's war. The present Philippine trouble was greatly to be deplored, and must cost a vast sum of money.

"I really do not see how the American government can now stay its hand; a proposition to compromise would be considered by the enemy as a partial capitulation, a showing of the white feather. If one terrific blow could be struck, and the malcontents made to feel their weakness and inferiority, it is just possible that the United States would be better off by allowing the enemy local self-government, with certain checks and safeguards. As it is, they must be for many years a source of weakness and a menace, should the nation be called upon to center its forces elsewhere. But, then, these are only the opinions of a layman, who in all likelihood is not in a position to properly sum up all the circumstances."

Referring to Great Britain's troubles in the Transvaal, Mr. Mackintosh remarked:

"It had to come, just as the unfortunate and ever-to-be-deplored war with Great Britain and her colonies more than a century ago. The Englishmen can now realize what a colonial Englishman felt when passing through the ordeal of taxation without representation, of parliamentary dictation without a voice in legislation. Practically, the blood about to be shed in South Africa will flow freely for a principle made sacred in 1776 by a similar process in the old colonies. President Kruger is a hypocrite; he induced millions of British capital to go into South Africa; thousands of British subjects to follow, and after their wealth and work had established values, deliberately undertook to deny adequate representation, a reasonable franchise or a generous consideration of legal questions. Even the ermine of the judges was besmirched and degraded by either his policy of dictation or ill-concealed threats. Why, I cannot conceive how any man who justifies the war of independence could apologize for the Boer tyranny and Kruger's rapaciousness. I expect a terrific fight in South Africa; but the commandant, Sir Redvers Buller, will gradually close in on the Boers, and within six months absolute British mastery must follow. The empire is powerful. Buller will be unmerciful; his hands are free, his power unchecked; every colony will send a contingent if called upon. Canada is now enrolling one thousand picked men, nearly all capital marksmen and sharpshooters; and they will give a good account of their stewardship. Our people are impelled at all times by a spirit of manly independence, without which there would be no permanent loyalty to either crown or constitution; hence, Canada's sons, while respecting themselves, are fervently devoted to the mother country. In fact, this is true of all the colonies owning allegiance to the empire."

Ex-Governor Mackintosh, in closing the interview, intimated that he was going north in the evening. Of Atlanta he spoke in the highest terms, regretting his short stay here.



HON. C. H. MACKINTOSH,

Ex-Lieutenant Governor of the Northwest Territories of Canada, Who Is in Atlanta.

"No eye like the master's eye." You are master of your health, and if your blood is out of order you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will purify the blood and give you health.

FUND NOW NEEDS MORE THAN $3,000

Continued from Fifth Page.

intend to subscribe to the fund let him know of the fact, and not wait for the committee to call on them.

The committee are numerous, but they will not be able to see every one, and a telephone message to the chairman of the finance committee of the amount desired to be subscribed will be sufficient to have the name put on the list.

The time is short now, and while the committees are hard at work, and there seems no doubt that the desired amount will be secured, still it is necessary to have the money at once, and for this reason those who intend to subscribe to the fund should do so at once. Now is the time.

The demands that are constantly made on the treasurer by the various committees make it imperative that the money should be in his hands as early as possible. Checks should be sent to Robert F. Maddox, treasurer.

In order to complete the fund, it will be necessary to secure more than $3,000 today and tomorrow, and it will require hard work on the part of the committees to see those who have not yet contributed. The committee will be aided considerably if contributions are sent in.

Ladies are greatly benefitted by the use of the tonic, Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters.

AMUSEMENTS

"The Signal of Liberty" was last night's bill at the Columbia, and despite the bad weather, a good-sized audience was there to enjoy another performance of the Baldwin-Melville company. "The Signal of Liberty" is a naval drama, dealing with Spanish treachery and Cuban independence. The blowing up of the battleship Maine is one of the very realistic scenes of the play. The scenery was appropriate, and added much to the enjoyment of the play. Dillon and Garland and Baby Vavene were seen in clever specialties. Some new and entertaining pictures were given with the cinematograph.

At the matinee today "Little Lord Fauntleroy" will be given. The theater will doubtless be packed at this performance, as it is an excellent matinee bill. Tonight "The Russian Slave" will be put on. Nat Goodwin's famous comedy, "Turned Up," is announced for Saturday matinee, and "The Streets of New York" for Saturday night.

Following the usual custom at this playhouse, $25 will be given away Saturday night.

The Lyceum theater was opened last night by the Josie McClain company. The bill presented was "Lost in London," and it is to be regretted that it was not really lost in some of the hidden precincts of that famous English city. Even at 30 cents, the play is a luxury. The caste is exceedingly mediocre.

The Klimt-Hearn company will open a week's engagement at the Columbia theater Monday, October 23d, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. The repertoire to be presented is the strongest ever seen here at popular prices. The list is as follows: "Held by the Enemy," "Mr. Barnes of New York," "The Silver King," "The Commodore," "Alabama" and "The Great Diamond Robbery." The company carries scenery and electrical effects for each production, and the plays will be put on in the same manner as when high prices are charged.

The Dewey moving pictures, both the land and naval parade, taken only a few days ago, will be shown at every performance. The advance sale of seats will begin Saturday morning at Miller's. The prices will be 10, 20 and 30 cents at night; 10 and 20 cents at the matinees.

The bill for Monday night will be Gillette's great play, "Held by the Enemy."

"The Turtle," from the French of Leon Gandillot, by Joseph W. Herbert, which ran for 200 nights at the Manhattan theater, New York, and achieved equal success in Paris, Berlin and Vienna, will be presented Saturday matinee and evening at the Grand with the original company. This audacious French farce, for it can be classed under no other heading, is perhaps today the most widely discussed play in this country. Whatever may be said of the morals of the play, it must be conceded that it has been dignified by splendid acting and artistic treatment in every way, and it is acknowledged that it has the funniest third act that has been seen on the stage in years. The notable cast includes such well-known artists as Sylvia Alice Lynden, Ada Zell, Frances Knapp, Maud Otis, Ada Morton, John Terriss, William McCreedy, J. E. McGregor, Clement St. Martin and Harry Gibbs

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, ss.—Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that the said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

DEWEY-BRUMBY DAYS.

Low Rates and Special Train Service Via Western and Atlantic R. R.

To accommodate its patrons who will desire to visit Atlanta to do honor to Dewey and Brumby, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell low rate round-trip tickets from all stations. In addition to the present schedules, on October 25th and 26th the Marietta accommodation will leave Rome at 5:50 a. m., with stops at all intermediate stations, arriving Atlanta at 8:40 a. m. Returning, leave Atlanta at 5:30 p. m., arriving Rome at 8:10 p. m. Also on October 25th and 26th, special train will be run from Kingston to Rome, connecting with Western and Atlantic railroad schedule No. 4, leaving Atlanta at 8:30 p. m., arriving Rome about 11 p. m.

Solid carload of Pompano, Trout, Spanish Mackerel and Mullet received today. Get in your orders. Donehoo & Robinson, 2 S. Broad street.

The Children All Say



That the best thing they know is the new wafer — **Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer.** Its delicious taste has captivated the little folks. You'll like them. Everybody likes them after they have once tasted

Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer

You've never tasted anything like it. A new flavor, a new crispness, a new delicacy. Baked by the best bakers in the leading bakeries. Get a box and try them. Packed in a new air tight and moisture proof box which keeps in the goodness—keeps them fresh and crisp until you want them.

Have you tried **Uneeda Biscuit?**

Made only by
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.
Sole owners of the registered trade-mark **Uneeda.**

NATIONAL COLORS WILL COVER CITY

Continued from Fifth Page.

tree street and Ponce de Leon avenue and as soon as the structure is completed it will be handsomely decorated by the artists under contract with the decoration committee to attend to all the work of decorating at the special points already specified by the committee.

A contract was signed yesterday with a large decorating firm in Richmond to do the work, and the agents guaranteed that everything would be in readiness by noon Tuesday. The electrical displays are to be finished by 6 o'clock on the evening of the same day and all the decorations will be ready when the admiral and his party arrive on the special train from Washington.

Hundreds Agree To Decorate.

The following are those who have been seen and who agree to decorate:

Harry L. Schlesinger, B. L. Lilienthal, T. C. Wilkenson & Bro., D. H. Dougherty, Atlanta Auction Company, Delbridge & Rice, M. D. Avery, John Church Company, A. L. Holbrook, A. J. Manson, W. R. Roberts, Jack's bakery, P. H. Cherry, X. Brown & Bro., I. R. Bratton, Sam Marcus, Carroll Bros., Bowden Lithia Springs Company, J. R. Carmichael, Mrs. M. Smith, R. F. Maddox, H. S. Jackson, The Majestic, Ballard house, H. F. Leak, F. Pearson, J. W. Goldsmith, R. A. Hemphill, W. H. Kiser, T. D. Meador, A. G. Smart, the New York Grocery Company, Thomas Wilson, E. E. Schurr, R. S. Bramlette, Thomas & Garner, Charles M. May, Guthman Steam laundry, J. J. Doonan, National Cash Register Company, E. D. Smith, Tappan & Co., W. A. Russell & Co., Anderson Hardware Company, Hightower-Hallman Company, Hunnicutt & Belingrath, M. M. Mauck, Georgia Paint and Glass Company, H. M. Patterson, Empire Shoe Store, Charles Vittur, A. McNell, D. P. Holland, J. C. Cline, M. C. Casey, Elkin-Watson Drug Company, John McGrory, McMillan Seed store, Felger Bros., John M. Miller, Delamater & Todd, Harry Spillman, R. A. Broyles, Bluthenthal & Bickart, J. Vogt, C. O. Tyner, J. M. Alexander & Co., John Pappa, Atlanta Gaslight Company, Walter Tomlinson, Julius R. Watts & Co., S. N. Post, F. S. Derracott, F. Edmondson & Bro., Atlanta Journal, C. P. Byrd, William Bollman, Emery Market Company, Clark Hardware Company, F. A. Powell & Co., S. M. Wall, Atlanta Market Company, Inter-Ocean, Gelder's restaurant, Folsom's hotel, Carroll & Lorg, Gifford's, R. M. Rose Company, A. F. Herndon, Hammack, Lucas Company, Brown & Catlett Furniture Company, R. S. Crutcher Furniture Company, Fielder & Mower, King Hardware Company, Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company, Keely Company, Stokes Company, Mrs. Crandall, D. Rich, residence 330 South Pryor; M. Rich, residence 336 South Pryor; M. Rich Bros., Phillips, Welborn, Baker & Co., W. C. Reese Millinery Company, Hirsch Bros., J. Regenstein, George Muse Clothing Company, Isham Daniel, Lace House, Charles W. Crankshaw, Edwin Stewart, H. L. Kahn & Co., Jacobs' Pharmacy, Whitehall street; Jacobs' Pharmacy, two stores on Marietta street; Jacobs' Pharmacy, Wall street; J. C. Daniel, Buck Bros. & Co., Maier & Berkele, G. H. & A. W. Force, R. C. Black, M. R. Emmons, J. Froshin, Davis & Freeman, C. H. Simon, Bass Dry Goods Company, F. J. Sullivan, Douglas & Davison, McClure Company, H. Silverman Company, Phillips & Crew, A. W. Farlinger, two stores on Peachtree street; Miss Mary Ryan.

For Asthma use Cheney's Expectorant.

A Business Opportunity

A well established real estate firm wishes to secure the services of an active business man to sell real estate on commission.

Applicants applying must be of high moral character, competent to sell real estate and be willing to engage actively in the business.

To such a person liberal terms will be made. No moss-backs or lazy persons need apply. Address Real Estate, care Constitution.

Best Boarding Accommodations at 116 South Pryor street.

DROPSY CURED

With all its complications. A valuable discovery. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, ATLANTA, GA., cure Dropsy in all its various forms. Have made Dropsy and its Complications a Specialty for the last twenty years, with the most wonderful success. Have cured many thousand cases, after having been pronounced utterly hopeless by eminent physicians. Are constantly treating from 150 to 300 persons all over the United States and Canada. Order ten days' trial treatment FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box F, Atlanta, Ga.

Thos. H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable.

GORDON STREET—Handsome modern home best part of the street, large elevated lot, at a bargain.

Large elevated corner lot, 200x210, with two good houses, Nos. 293 and 297 Courtland, corner Baker street, for sale. Will sell a lot or house.

No. 201 Washington street, eight-room, two-story house, close in, east front near Rawson, for only $6,000.

Manufacturing site 150 feet on Southern railroad, corner Hunter and Elliott, in a block of Mitchell street viaduct, at a price that should interest you.

Corner Lot—50x195; east front; best part of Piedmont avenue for only $5,500.00.

For Sale—Houses on Peachtree, Capitol avenue, Pryor and other streets. If you wish to buy, sell or borrow, it will pay you to call on us. 409 Equitable.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—25 young ladies for Pain's grand spectacle, "San Juan Hill." Apply Aragon hotel at 4 p. m. to Frank Oakes Rose, director Pain's Fireworks Co.

FOR RENT—Stores.

FOR RENT—My large storehouse, first and second floors, 23 west Alabama; U. S. quarter vacates soon. Apply to A. D. Adair, 23½ W. Alabama street. 10-11-2w.

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st. W. & A. R. R. Tel. 1956, 2 calls.

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED—Visitors to the fair can get comfortable rooms and good fare for $1 per day at 134 Ivy street.

WANTED—Visitors to the fair will find nice accommodations at 19 and 21 W. Baker; three blocks from Aragon, on route to fair. 10-18 wed-fri-sun.

PARTIES visiting the fair can find nice pleasant board at 19 Magnolia St., at 75c day or $3.50 per week. thu-fri

THE INN—Lithia Springs, Ga., will remain open for the winter. The rates are reasonable. It is an ideal place, eighteen miles from Atlanta, directly at the Bowden Lithia Springs. 10-1 1m

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE cheap, office furniture and supplies by the largest office and typewriter supply house south. Fielder & Mower, 61 Peachtree street, Atlanta.

FOR SALE—One two-stone diamond ring, Tiffany setting; cheap. Box No. 523.

WE HAVE to offer at lowest prices, whisky, brandy and wine bottles; also government tents and cots. Atlanta Metal and Bottle Co., 342 Decatur street.

FOR SALE—Holsteins, grades, hogs, colt, wagons, T-cart, Calhoun Farm, Wallace, Ga. Stock can be seen at state fair, care Mr. Penn. 10—16—1w

TYPE WRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

WERNICKE BOOKCASES always "complete;" shelves added as needed, thereby avoiding empty space; dust proof and ornamental. Fielder & Mower, dealers, 61 Peachtree street.

THE ONLY factory equipped typewriter repair shop south is operated by Fielder & Mower, 61 Peachtree street, who employ expert repairers and guarantee all work. 'Phone 241.

IF YOU ARE thinking of purchasing a typewriter do not fail to examine the latest model Smith Premier. H. M. Ashe, General Agent. 'Phone 1541. Y. M. C. A. Building. 9-24 sun fri tues

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing new business. We furnish building news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

FOR SALE—Handsome coupe rockaway, practically new, removable front, upholstered in green cloth, shafts and pole, $265. A. C. M. Pennington, Majestic Hotel.

ROOMS—With or Without Board.

ANY location desired at prices to suit; we save you time and trouble; information free. Atlanta Board and Room Renting Agency, 28 Grant building.

FOR RENT—Offices.

FOR RENT—Large offices in Gould building, each with splendid fireproof vault; most central location in the city and prices lower than anywhere else. Apply Room 403, Gould building. 9 27 3t

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate, repayable monthly. The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co., 51 N. Pryor st., Equitable building. 10-7-1mo

THOS. W. JACKSON, banker, 70½ Peachtree, buys good paper; loans on real estate; low interest, repayable monthly.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgages, loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases.

CHEAPEST money in the city to loan on real estate, bonds and stocks. Purchase money notes wanted. Come to me and save money. W. A. Foster, room 18, Jos. E. Brown building, Pryor and Wall streets. 10-8-tf

FARM LOANS a specialty; lowest rates and payments to suit. W. P. Davis, attorney, No. 613 Temple Court, Atlanta.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

MONEY loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc.; all business strictly confidential. Pickert Jewelry Co., 6½ Whitehall street.

STRAIGHT LOANS and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission charge. E. S. McCandless, Cashier, 9 E. Alabama st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

LAWSHE PROPERTY, Peachtree street, 95x180 to 10-foot alley, besides side alley, at auction for the executor Wednesday, first day of November, at 3 p. m. A. J. West & Co., real estate auctioneers.

FOUR Capitol avenue homes to exchange for vacant or improved property. W. A. Foster, room 18, Jos. E. Brown building, Pryor and Wall streets.

FOR SALE—New 6-room house, Highland avenue, cabinet mantels, tile hearths, gas; $1,850, $100 cash, $20 monthly. Fitzhugh Knox, 70 Grant building.

WANTED—Agents.

LADY OR MAN wanted to travel and appoint agents; $60 per month salary and expenses. Ziegler & Co., 251 Locust st., Philadelphia. 9-2 30t sat sun wed

AGENTS—"Dewey Celebration" badges, buttons, souvenirs, flags, photos, lithographs and novelties of all kinds; fair and convention goods; we beat them all; samples 10c; catalogue free. Miller, 2 Chambers street, N. Y. oct 16 18 20 23 25 27 30; nov 1 3 6 8 10

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

PRINTER, experienced as journeyman, foreman and employer, with New York city references, wishes to buy partnership or entire business of job printing office. Law briefs a specialty. Address Printer, Class Man, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Cotton seed oil mill, capacity 20 tons per day, two twelve inch presses; also on same grounds a Murray system ginnery with six gin stands, capacity 80 bales per day; plenty of room and land; centrally located in town of 2,500 inhabitants with large territory and very cheap freights; several hundred tons of cotton seed on hand. Everything in first-class order; ginnery running every day. Address Lock Box 91, Hawkinsville, Ga. 10-17—6t

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Second-hand wooden picket or iron fencing; also one or two run not much used. G. A. R., care Constitution.

WANTED—Old gold, highest cash price paid or will exchange for new goods. A. L. Delkin, 10 Peachtree st. 8-28-3m

DENTISTRY.

DENTAL COLLEGE—Opposite Grady hospital, Butler street, is open every afternoon for winter session. Competent instructors in charge. Patients only pay for material. 10-15-3m

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Ground floor with telephone service, $15 per month. 21 S. Broad st.

FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms.

EXHIBITORS or visitors can get a few nice rooms in elegant house, 22 Baker Cain, one block of Peachtree street.

FURNISHED room for rent, 79 Centre Place.

PERSONAL.

OUT-OF-TOWN shoppers visiting the city leave your name, address and a dime at 26 Wall street (opposite ladies' waiting room, union depot) and have your packages delivered there. 9—30—1m

NERVOUS prostration, melancholy, nervous deafness, paralysis, rheumatism, cured without medicine. Consultation guaranteed. Dr. G. Gebauer, 147 Peachtree. 'phone 3083.

FALL MILLINERY OPENING.

Our dates are the 18th, 19th, and 20th Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. A superb line of new and exclusive designs in French pattern Hats and many new and startling novelties will be shown in our parlors these dates. Come.

Mrs. Smith, the artistic designer, in charge.

C. H. SMITH,

180 PEACHTREE STREET. OPPOSITE ARAGON HOTEL.

OFFICES: 422, 423, 424 Austell Building. Ladies' Private Parlor.

CATARRHAL DISEASES, BLOOD, NERVOUS, SKIN, URINARY, PRIVATE

DR. H. N. STANLEY & CO., Specialists.

RUPTURE, VARICOCELE, PILES, IMPOTENCY, GLEET, HYDROCELE, STRICTURE

Out-of-Town Patients Treated by new and effective Correspondence System. Send for symptom blanks. P. O. LOCK BOX 361, ATLANTA, GA.

SCHLEY WILL COME EARLY IN NOVEMBER

Admiral Writes That He Will Be the City's Guest Soon.

CAN'T COME WITH DEWEY

Lieutenant Hodgson May Come with Admiral Schley.

BROOKLYN'S NAVIGATOR GOES TO ATHENS

Admiral Schley Notifies the Mayor That He Will Come if His Duty Does Not Prevent.

The visit of Admiral Dewey and Lieutenant Brumby to Atlanta is to be followed in a few weeks by a call from no less a celebrity than Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, who will be joined in this city in all probability by Lieutenant Albon C. Hodgson, the navigator of the Brooklyn.

In a letter which reached Mayor Woodward yesterday, Admiral Schley notified the Atlanta committee that it would be impossible for him to be in the city at the time of Admiral Dewey's visit, but that he expected to take advantage of Atlanta's invitation and come near the first of November.

As a popular hero of the late war Admiral Schley is second to none and there are thousands in Atlanta and over the state who will take delight in showing honor to the victor of Santiago. It was the special desire of the Atlanta committee that Admiral Schley should come at the time of Admiral Dewey's visit and thus make the occasion one to be long remembered by all attending the celebration. This arrangement cannot be carried out, but the gallant Schley is sure of a royal reception at the hands of Atlantians whenever he comes.

Following is the letter from Admiral Schley received by the mayor yesterday:

The Everett, Washington, D. C., October 17, 1899.—My Dear Sir: I should be much disappointed if my orders to sea should occur before I shall have the pleasure of coming to Atlanta early in November. Just at this time I shall be unable to name the day, but within the next two or three days I shall be able to announce definitely whether I shall be able to come and the day. I shall have to consider an engagement at Birmingham and I will arrange the dates at both places, and I hope it may be agreeable to you.

I should feel much delight if I shall be able to come and truly disappointed if my orders to sea should occur, but with us there is one rule of faith and one of life, that, duty first. Very truly yours, W. S. SCHLEY.

His Honor, the Mayor, Atlanta.

Hodgson May Come, Too.

It was stated in a dispatch from Athens, Ga., which reached The Constitution last night, that a reception is preparing in that town for Lieutenant Albon C. Hodgson, the gallant Georgia boy who navigated the Brooklyn during the campaign in Cuban waters and who from the bridge of his ship first sighted the escaping Spanish fleet in Santiago harbor.

Lieutenant Hodgson bears practically the same relation to Admiral Schley as Lieutenant Brumby does to Admiral Dewey, and the fact that Schley may come accompanied by Lieutenant Hodgson would lend even greater interest to his visit.

A strong effort will be made at once by the Atlanta committee to bring Lieutenant Hodgson to the city at the time of Admiral Schley's visit and there is a strong probability that the effort will be successful. Lieutenant Hodgson is a native of Athens and his splendid conduct during the battle of Santiago has endeared him to the people of the whole state. He is expected to remain in Athens with his family for several days, and it is hoped that he will accept an invitation to visit Atlanta before leaving again for the north.

PROGRAMME HAS BEEN CHANGED

Continued from Fifth Page.

miral Dewey from the reviewing stand at Ponce de Leon avenue and Peachtree street. The admiral will take luncheon at the Piedmont Driving Club at 1 o'clock Thursday.

The changes in the programme have been made after a conference with the committee that went to Washington to decide the date of the admiral's visit. These gentlemen consulted Lieutenant Brumby while in Washington and as a result were of the opinion that the programme had been too elaborate. For this reason it was shortened.

The sword will not be presented to Lieutenant Brumby by Admiral Dewey. He has decided that it would be more appropriate for the governor to perform this duty and his wishes will be complied with.

The new programme is as follows:

Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock the admiral and party will call at the governor's office.

At 10:30 o'clock the legislative reception will occur.

Instead of requiring the public to pass through the capitol rotunda to see the admiral, there will be an opportunity to see him on a grand stand which is to be constructed before the Washington street entrance. The presentation of the beautiful sword will be made at 11 a. m. by Governor Candler. The stand will be occupied by the general committee and distinguished guests.

From the capitol the admiral will return to his hotel, where he will lunch privately and be allowed to rest until 8 p. m.

The Capital City Club's entertainment will be from 8 to 10 o'clock Wednesday night.

From the club's reception the admiral and party will go to the military ball at the Kimball house, which begins at 10 o'clock.

The military parade will take place Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

At 12 o'clock the admiral will review the military parade from the stand at the junction of Peachtree and Ponce de Leon.

At 1 p. m. the admiral will take luncheon at the Piedmont Driving Club.

That Joyful Feeling.

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

DESPITE INCLEMENT WEATHER GREAT CROWDS GATHERED AT STATE FAIR ON THE SECOND DAY



SECOND DAY OF STATE FAIR AS BRILLIANT AS THE FIRST

The second day of the state fair opened auspiciously. At an early hour the sun was shining brightly, and crowds of visitors thronged the grounds and visited the different interesting exhibits which are now all complete.

The greatest change took place in all of the buildings yesterday, and each is now entirely complete in every respect except the dairy department, the chicken show and the dog show, which will not be installed until later during the fair.

The rain that came up during the afternoon prevented additional visitors, but many who came in the morning took dinner at the grounds and remained all during the day.

The feature of the day was to have been the motor-paced bicycle races on the dirt track, but these were necessarily declared off on account of the rain and mud. However, a large crowd went to the coliseum, where Miller and Walthour gave a fine exhibition race of six miles, paced by the infernal machines, which aroused the greatest interest and enthusiasm.

Big Features for Today.

The big features for today will be the motor-paced bicycle races at the coliseum at 3 o'clock, an extended notice of which appears in another part of this paper, and the grand concert by the Mexican National band at the auditorium at 8 o'clock.

The races, as elsewhere stated, will be free to the general public. The gates of the ground will be thrown open to the public at 7 o'clock tonight, and all will be admitted free of charge. An admission of 25 cents will be charged to the auditorium, where the concerts will be given.

Mexican Band Arrives.

The Mexican band, forty-five in number, accompanied by their interpreter, Mr. Venta, arrived at 11 o'clock.

The band was met at at the depot by Secretary T. H. Martin, who carried it to the grounds. The band is under the leadership of Captain Picardo Pacheco, who has been to Atlanta on many occasions, and who is well known in the city. The musicians were taken to the Walker house, near the Piedmont Club, where they will make their home during the fair. Soon after their arrival their gaily caparisoned uniforms were familiar in every section of the grounds. Many had visited Atlanta four years ago, and all were glad to return to the city.

The following fine programme was to have been rendered by the band last night. Owing to the inclement weather, the concert was postponed. The programme will be given tonight:

FIRST PART.

1. March, "Toras y Arbrazoo"—A. Moreno.
2. Waltz, "On the High Ocean"—A. Martinez.
3. Overture, "William Tell"—Rossini.
4. Gallop, "Ki Ki Riki"—Tarbach.

SECOND PART.

1. Overture, "America"—N. N.
2. "The Hunter"—Bucalosi.
3. Concert, "Clirenette"—Wetge.
4. Danza, "Little Mouse"—Leades Tyoda.

Fine Agricultural Display.

Of the many interesting exhibits on the grounds, the agricultural display probably attracted the most attention. On opening day this department presented a somewhat chaotic appearance, owing to the fact that a majority of the exhibits were lacking the finishing touches.

The county display made by the farmers of Cobb is one of the finest ever seen in the south, and attracted the greatest interest. It is fully three times as large as any of the other exhibits, and its general appearance is unusually handsome.

Of the individual exhibits in Cobb's displays, those of J. Gidd Morris and J. M. Mangett are by all odds the finest ever seen at a Georgia state fair, and that both will carry off premiums seems certain.

Mr. Morris has on a large stand outside of his booth a quantity of canned goods of all kinds arranged in the most tasteful manner, and put in the most attractive manner. At one side of this stand is an arch, the pillars of which are composed of corn of different colors. Inside the booth are fine specimens of hay, clover, barley, peanuts, pumpkins, wheat and other farm products. The effect made by the arrangement is artistic in the extreme.

Mr. Mangett's display is larger than that of Mr. Morris, and embraces the same class of products. Mr. Mangett is one of the most scientific farmers in the state, and his exhibit is a forceful demonstration of what Georgia farmers can accomplish by raising a diversified crop. At the Omaha exposition Mr. Mangett had a handsome exhibit which took the gold medal for the best display of farm products.

The other exhibits in the agricultural building are now fully installed, and all make a fine showing.

Educational Exhibits.

Bearing in mind the oft reiterated statement that the Georgia state fair of 1899 should have as its dominant idea the subject of education and its importance to all branches of human effort, the department of education should be the center of interest. And in a large measure it is. Since the completion of the various county and institutional exhibits, the building has been constantly thronged with visitors.

Some of the exhibits have already been mentioned. They were singled out simply because they were the most complete at the time the article was written.

Normal School's Fine Display.

Besides the two excellent county exhibits already mentioned, there are two other displays, those of the Technological school and the Georgia Normal and Industrial college. The exhibit of the Technological will hardly be complete before Monday, but that of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college is practically complete and will be left in charge of Miss Ellen Fox, of Milledgeville.

Nearly every department in the college is represented. The cooking, music and fine art departments have nothing on exhibition, but these departments are in excellent working order. The academic departments, English, mathematics, Latin, natural science, free hand drawing and history display an abundance of material to illustrate the scope, methods and results.

The Normal department has a full exhibit showing that this institution is a normal school in the fullest sense. The subjects represented are phychology, history of education, methods, school management and practice teaching. This department includes three model schools of about 120 pupils, covering the usual eight grades.

The work in methods on exhibition is systematically grouped under geography, history, nature, etc. The use of pictures for study, language and decorative purposes is unusually suggestive.

An Attractive Place.

The industrial departments, stenography, bookkeeping and dress making have exhibits stamping this school as "sui generis."

Superintendent Walker, of Walton county, is placing an exhibit showing very accurate, thorough work.

City Superintendent Gibson, of Columbus, arrived Tuesday with an exhibit.

Manufacturers' Exhibition.

In point of an interest embracing all lines of endeavor, mechanical and industrial, the main building is a strikingly interesting structure. In it are to be found all kinds and classes of exhibits from delicate needle work to heavy engines and motors. And each exhibit has an interest particularly its own.

Probably in point of general importance to farmers and those interested in the subject of cotton, the round baling systems of the Lowry Company and the American Cotton Company are the most striking. Both occupy a large space and each will be put in operation in a day or so.

Van Winkle & Co., of Atlanta, have on exhibition a display of gins and other machinery that cost in round numbers $1,000 to install.

The Fine Arts Section.

A majority of the pictures that will compose the art collection are now in place, and the gallery was yesterday the scene of the greatest interest. All of the exhibits reflect credit on the artists and each came in for its share of praise. A new exhibit that caused especial comment was that of Miss Jeter, whose pictures hang near the entrance of the gallery.

As has been previously stated, a detailed description of the collection will be given at a future time.

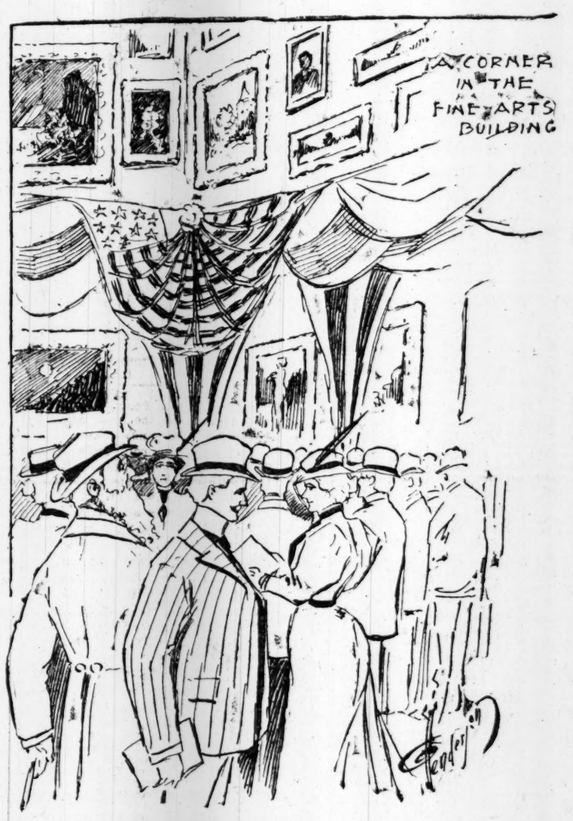
The Baby Lion Christened.

The baby lion which was born on the midway shortly after the arrival of show people, was formally christened on opening and young Leo will henceforth be known to the world as Henry W. Grady. The christening ceremonies were performed by Mr. Howell Irwin in the presence of a large and interesting crowd of spectators.

The midway was the mecca of those who had inspected the buildings yesterday and the different shows did a good business in spite of the rain. All of the shows are first-class in every respect, especially the display of wild animals.

Diving Horse Arrives.

One of the star attractions that has been extensively advertised, the diving horse, arrived in the city yesterday. It was first thought that the animal would dive in the lake, but it was found necessary to dig a special pit of sufficient size. This will be situated in the center of the race course and will give a fine opportunity for all to witness the extraordinary spectacle.



BRILLIANT BICYCLE RACES WILL BE BEGUN TODAY

THE cycle races at the coliseum will open this afternoon rain or shine. All the motor men are in the city, including Charles W. Miller, the long distance champion of the world, Frank Weller, his greatest opponent for many years; Jay Eaton, W. F. Stafford, Joe Judge, A. B. Stone, Johnnie Nelson, the world's amateur paced champion. The infernal machines, all in bright red, are with the men. These new speed makers will be seen in all but one of the contests, as the programmes are being arranged especially to give the people an opportunity to see the motors at their very best. Fast time is certain, for the motor teams all possess records faster than Salvator.

Other than the appearance of the motors, the feature of the day is the fifteen mile motor paced match race between "Bobbie" Walthour, of Atlanta, and Charles W. Miller, the world's long distance champion. Walthour said yesterday that it was his intention to enter the middle distance ranks for good and all and he is bent upon winning his present series against the prominent northern men, as that will give him a prominent position in the indoor races at New York this winter. There is no man Atlanta people would rather see win than "Bobbie" and thousands at the fair today will cheer for their favorite from the start to the finish of the contest.

Both men will have motor pacing and in addition to the one mile trials, the motors, known far and wide as the "infernal machine," ridden by Miller and Judge; the Go-devil," ridden by Eaton and Stone, and the "Devil Catcher," ridden by Waller and Stafford, will be seen in a five mile race in which they will be let loose for the first time on a large track. When the motors are let loose with the full power on, and three teams of men who rank as dare devils are up, there is seen a rare contest.

The sanction for the cycle races today was obtained yesterday from Chairman A. G. Batchelder, of the National Cycling Association board of control, under the auspices of which organization the races will be run. The officials were appointed yesterday. F. Ed Spooner, secretary of the American Racing Cyclists Union, will referee the races. The judges will be P. M. Cyr, A. Summerville, H. H. White; timers, George Hope, W. D. Alexander and A. K. Foot; umpires, George Castle, John Toole; starter, Eli Winesett; announcer, Ralph Smith; clerk of the course, Ed Smith.

Walthour's Fine Exhibition.

"Bobbie" Walthour gave an exhibition of his prowess yesterday afternoon back of one of the celebrated infernal machines, and his work made it look bad indeed for Charley Miller, the long distance champion, whom Walthour is to meet this afternoon at the Coliseum track in a fifteen mile paced race at the fair grounds.

Walthour engaged in an impromptu training race, and several hundred lusty lunged Atlantaians shouted themselves hoarse in their enthusiasm at the sport; the fine riding of the celebrated pair and the beautiful finish which Walthour made after he had all but closed his lap on Miller. It was a race from start to finish. The infernal machines manned by Stone and Judge and Walthour and Stafford came out on the track for a trial. Walthour at first took the rear wheel of Miller, who was following Stone and Judge.

The infernal machine is well named. The noise it made was something terrific and added to the excitement of the sport. Waller and Stafford came out and added to the din. It was then that Walthour made a hit, for he left the rear of Miller, dashed up alongside the first machine, and then dropped back into position. Then the two riders were almost neck and neck and for seven miles they carried on a struggle the like of which has not been seen in Atlanta before. Walthour hung about even for a mile or two and then started to pull away. He followed with precision, and as he gained inch by inch the crowd added its yells to the din of the motors.

An Exciting Chase.

Round and round the track they pedaled in the fast gathering darkness. Occasionally a peal of thunder could be heard above the din. The rain was falling outside and dropping upon the track, but the motors and their drivers took care not to strike the wet spots for a slip would have endangered the life of their charges who were following at indoor record gait for mile after mile.

Walthour continued to gain, doing miles at 1:54, 1:52 and even 1:49, and cutting his last three miles in 5:30, he almost closed with his mighty opponent. It was then that he made a sensational run, past his pacemakers, up and past Miller and out in one of those sprints of his which during the past summer have electrified the people of the north in sprint races. Not to be outdone so easily, Miller dropped his pacemakers and went out for a sprint. He finished well back of Walthour, who sprinted two entire laps. There was a yell from every throat in the building and the consensus of opinion at once favored Walthour in his race which takes place today.

Miller made his six miles in 12:00 flat and Walthour did 11:25. The start was slow and the contest really did not start until after several miles had been passed.

Neither rider was shaken and no matter what the pace given him, Walthour never faltered. His pacemaking was perfect and his following was more so, for he never once dropped from his position with his front wheel striking the rear wheel of the motor.

The infernal machines, motor cycles as they are known to commerce, made an excellent impression. Their pace was perfect and uniform and the speed far beyond anything ever seen in this city. Lap after lap was made in the same time, and the speed was increased so gradually that the riders did not seem to know that they were going faster.

Races Start at 3 O'Clock.

The races will start promptly at 3 o'clock and will conclude at about 5 o'clock or shortly after. Every minute of the time will be taken up with racing, and n all but one contest the motors will be employed. As a closing contest the three motors will be sent against each other for five miles and that race alone will be a feature worth traveling across the country to see.

Jacobs' Pharmacy.



It's Your Duty To Buy

as economically as possible, and we offer you better, purer and fresher goods for less money than any store in town.

In Proof of Which We Submit:

Hot Water Bottles.

Not the cheap, half rubber sort sold by some stores, but the best grade of goods, all rubber, guaranteed for one year.

1-Quart, 85c; 2-quart, $1.00; 3-quart, $1.15; 4-quart.....$1.25

Cheney's Expectorant.....48-38c
Laxative Bromo Quinine.....18c
Wyeth's Syrup White Pine.....25c
King's New Discovery.....40-75c
Dr. Palmer's Tolu and Horley Cough Mixture.....45-35c
Piso's Consumption Cure.....20c
Brown's Bronchial Troches.....20c
Dr. Geo. Brown's Throat Lozenges.....25c
Wyeth's Red Gum Lozenges.....75c
Dr. Palmer's Paregoric and Tar Cough Drops.....5c
Tolu Rock and Rye.....50c

Fountain Syringes.

Palmer's Fountain Syringes. Made from pure white rubber, with hard rubber connections, hard rubber vaginal, rectal and infant pipes and vaginal irrigator, six feet rubber tubing.

Quart, 75c; 2-quart, 85c; 3-quart, $1.00; 4-quart.....1.75
Palmer Bulb Syringe, best hard rubber connections; good bulb, 3 rubber fittings; price.....75c
Wampole's Cod Liver Oil.....75c
Scott's Emulsion.....44-75c
Phillips' Emulsion.....39-75c
Slocum's Ozomulsion.....75c
Slocum's Coltsfoot Expectorant.....75c
Slocum's Psychine.....$2.50
Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream.....40-85c
Holmes' Fragrant Frostella.....20c
Espy's Cream.....20-40c
Camphor Ice and Glycerine.....10c
Otto Rose Cold Cream.....10c

"STRAIGHT WHISKY"

Is a term used in the trade to designate the product of the distillery as it comes from the still, and subjected only to the refining influences of age. Thousands of dealers are most anxious to prove to you that their particular "blend" of whisky is the only good thing on the market, whereas the fact is that in most cases the "blending" is only done to cheapen the goods and increase the profit. Believing that many people prefer to take these whiskies exactly as they are made and aged by the best distillers in the world, we have bought all our whiskies direct from the distillers, avoiding wholesale or blending houses as we would avoid any other "questionable transaction;" therefore when we say that these whiskies are pure, we do it well knowing the weight of our words.

Mount Vernon Rye Whisky, bottled by W. P. Engs & Son, 10 years old, quarts.....$1.25

Jno. Gibson Rye Whisky, bottled in bond, quarts.....90c

A. Overholt Pure Rye Whisky, bottled in bond, quarts...$1.25

Old Saratoga Rye, 10 years old, quarts.....$1.75

Silver Wedding Rye Whisky, 8 years old, quarts.....$1.25

Old Valley Rye Whisky, (Cook and Bernheim) quarts.....$1.25

Paul Jones 4 Star Pure Rye Whisky, 5 years old, qts...79c

Kentucky Bourbon Whisky, 5 years old, quarts.....$1.00

Three Feathers Pure Rye Whisky, 10 years old, quarts...$2.00

Old Hermitage Rye Whisky, 5 years old, qts. $1, gal....$3.50

Old Overholt Rye Whisky, 5 years old, quarts $1, gal. $3.50

Old Oscar Pepper Whisky, qts. 75c, gal.....$2.75

Old Crow Whisky, qts. 75c, gal.....$2.50

XXXX Rye Whisky, qts. 50c, gal.....$2.00

Jacobs' Private Stock Rye Whisky, 5 years old, qts. $1, gal.....$3.50

Uncle Remus Corn Whisky, 3 years old, qts. 75c, gal...$2.50

Rabbit Foot Corn Whisky, 2 years old, qts. 50c, gal....$2.00

Duffy's Malt Whisky, qts. 90c

Jno. Pell Bleno Irish Whisky, qts.....$1.50

Cruiskeen Lawn Irish Whisky, qts.....$1.50

Moses Risk 1 Star Scotch Whisky, qts.....$1.50

Moses Risk 2 Star Scotch Whisky, qts.....$1.75

Moses Risk 3 Star Scotch Whisky, qts.....$2.00

Jno. Dewar Sons' Very Old Scotch Whisky, qts.....$1.33

Glencoe Distillery Co.'s Scotch Whisky in jugs, qts.....$1.25

King William Very Old Scotch Whisky, qts.....$1.75

Glenlevit Scotch Whisky, qts.....$1.50

Jacobs' Pharmacy.

Five Stores { 8 Marietta St. 23 Whitehall St. 6 Marietta St., Liquors. 11-13 Wall St., Wholesale. Birmingham, Ala.

DEWEY-BRUMBY DAYS.

Low Rates and Special Train Service Via Western and Atlantic R. R.

To accommodate its patrons who will desire to visit Atlanta to do honor to Dewey and Brumby, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell low rate round-trip tickets from all stations. In addition to the present schedules, on October 25th and 26th the Marietta accommodation will leave Rome at 5:50 a. m., with stops at all intermediate stations, arriving Atlanta at 8:40 a. m. Returning leave Atlanta at 5:30 p. m., arriving Rome at 8:10 p. m. Also on October 25th and 26th special train will be run from Kingston to Rome, connecting with Western and Atlantic railroad schedule No. 4, leaving Atlanta at 8:30 p. m., arriving Rome about 11 p. m.

Oysters in any style at the celebrated oyster counter of Donehoo & Robinson, 2 S. Broad street.

The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof. You can buy Isaacs Pens at $1 per gross or 6 gross for $5. For sale by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Samples free.

Note—These pens are warranted to be made from selected stock and are care-

UPS AND DOWNS WERE FREQUENT

Cotton Market Started with a Show of Firmness.

LASTED FOR HALF AN HOUR

Before Day Was Over There Was a Sharp Drop in Values.

INVESTORS COUNTERMANDED ORDERS

They Sold with Great Freedom—Europe and the South Also Withdrew from Market—Closed Steady 8 to 9 Points Net Lower.

New York, October 19.—By Associated Press: The cotton market at the start today showed firmness on higher cables and a large batch of bullish reports from receiving points, spot markets and crop districts in the south, but before the day was over there was a sharp drop in values. The opening was steady at unchanged prices to an advance to 2@3 points. Impelled by a flurry of outside buying orders, efforts of the bull crowd and brisk covering prices continued on an upward course during the first half of the hour. But from then on the ups and downs of the market were frequent, even violent, with the bear crowd having decidedly the best of it. Investors countermanded buying orders and in their stead sold with great freedom. Europe and the south also withdrew from the bull crowd. The latter were disconcerted for a time, but later they became more confident, finding there was no general selling for short account; in fact, a majority of the oversold traders were seen to be taking advantage of the lower prices to place themselves on more secure grounds. The crop movement more than ever corroborated late yield accounts. Southern markets were 1-16@⅛ higher in a number of instances. The market closed steady 8@9 points net lower.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, October 19.—There has been somewhat less snap to the demand for staple cottons today, but it has still been in excess of what sellers are willing to fill. It has also been a quiet day in the matter of advances, none of any moment being named. The tone is however, as strong as ever, and there are no definite indications that the market has reached its top limits. Printed calicoes very firm in staple lines, but fancies still easy to buy. Ginghams are strongly held in both first and second hands. There has been no business in regular print cloths. Wide odds are strong. No change in the woolen goods division.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Weak; middling 6⅞c.
Liverpool—Demand fair; middling 4d.
New York—Quiet; middling 7⅝c.
New Orleans—Steady; middling 6⅞c.
Savannah—Firm; middling 6 13-16c.
Galveston—Firm; middling 7⅛c.
Norfolk—Firm; middling 7 1-16c.
Mobile—Steady; middling 5¾c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 6 15-16c.
Augusta—Steady; middling 7⅛c.
Charleston—Firm; middling 6 13-16c.
Houston—Steady; middling 7⅛c.
St. Louis—Firm; middling 7 1-16c.

The following is the statement of receipts shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS 1899	RECEIPTS 1898	SHIPM'TS 1899	SHIPM'TS 1898	STOCK 1899	STOCK 1898
Saturday	1257	1057	1166	850	10290	13412
Monday	1731	1593	891	2150	11136	12855
Tuesday	1678	1905	1000	500	11814	14260
Wednesday	1059	1589	1165	1650	11708	14499
Thursday	1080	1914	529	2091	12259	14022
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	6805	8058	4751	7241	......	......

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS 1899	RECEIPTS 1898	EXPORTS 1899	EXPORTS 1898	STOCK 1899	STOCK 1898
Saturday	52604	54433	47039	20479	774778	791767
Monday	59340	82784	57668	61876	751879	813537
Tuesday	44153	74861	25402	16818	772145	858322
Wednesd'y	43811	72157	20632	41459	790442	884692
Thursday	26588	65549	12836	58734	799849	892470
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Totals	226424	350784	165578	199316	......	......

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale	Closing bid and asked.
October	7 09	7 10	7 07	7 07	6 99-7c
November	7 09	7 11	6 98	6 98	6 99-7o
December	7 12	7 16	7 03	7 03	7 03-04
January	7 17	7 22	7 08	7 09	7 09-10
February	7 20	7 20	7 11	7 11	7 10-11
March	7 23	7 26	7 12	7 13	7 12-13
April	7 26	7 26	7 18	7 21	7 14-15
May	7 29	7 31	7 18	7 18	7 18-19
June	7 30	7 30	7 26	7 26	7 19-20
July	7 24	7 28	7 24	7 24	7 20-21
August	7 31	7 33	7 20	7 21	7 20-21
September	....	....	....	....	....

Closed steady.

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

October	6 77	April	6 92
November	6 73	May	6 95
December	6 78	June	6 98
January	6 83	July	7 00
February	6 87	August	.....
March	6 89	September	.....

Closed steady.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, October 19—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand fair with prices higher; middling uplands 4; sales 10,000; American 8,900; speculation and export 500; receipts 8,000; American 5,000.

Futures opened firm.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
October	3 59-64	3 59	Sellers
October-November	3 58-64	3 58	Sellers
November-December	3 57-64	3 57	Buyers
December-January	3 57-64	3 56½	Buyers
January-February	3 56-64	3 56	Value
February-March	3 56-64	3 56	Sellers
March-April	3 56-64	3 56	Sellers
April-May	3 56-64	3 56	Value
May-June	3 56-64	3 56½	Sellers

Futures closed easy.

New York, October 19.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,127 bales; middling uplands 7⅝; gulf 7⅝; net receipts none; gross 1,228; stock 110,056.

New Orleans, October 19.—Cotton steady; sales 7,550; middling 6⅞; receipts 8,153; stock 283,678.

Galveston, October 19.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅛; sales, 1,821; receipts 9,719; stock 162,388.

Mobile, October 19.—Cotton steady; middling 6¾; sales 1,000; receipts 380; stock 30,699.

Savannah, October 19.—Cotton firm; middling 6 13-16; sales 3,024; receipts 2,689; stock 98,14.

Charleston, October 19.—Cotton firm; middling 613-16; receipts 1,409; stock 38,599.

Wilmington, October 19.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅛; receipts 1,786; stock 13,757.

Norfolk, October 19.—Cotton firm; middling 7 1-16; sales 405; receipts 1,897; stock 31,820.

Baltimore, October 19.—Cotton nominal; middling 7½; receipts 232; stock 14,614.

Boston, October 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅝; receipts net 413; gross 2,106.

Philadelphia, October 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅝; receipts 220; stock 5,627.

St. Louis, October 19.—Cotton firm; middling 7 1-16; receipts 6,125; stock 74,784.

Memphis, October 19.—Cotton steady; middling 6 15-16; receipts, 6,101; sales 6,500; shipments 5,263; stock 106,785.

Augusta, October 19.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛; sales 1,378; receipts 2,051; stock 41,442.

Houston, October 19.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛; sales 1,703; receipts 6,994; stock 101,706.

S. Munn, Son & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, October 19.—Cotton opened steady and very active, unchanged to 3 points higher on satisfactory cables and small crop movement. Prices advanced 3 points further on heavy buying when profit taking, which continued throughout the balance of the session, effected a net decline of 14 points. The close was steady 8 points net loss for the day. Liverpool closed steady 3 points net advance; spot sales 1,000 bales at 1-16d higher. In today's market there was a conspicuous absence of short selling. The heavy unloading by profit taking longs was more than sufficient to offset foreign, southern and investment buying, which was very much in evidence. Spots are reported unchanged to ⅛c higher. On account of the heavy existing long interest the market offers unusual inducements to go short after an advance of 20 points, and we recommend profit taking in the neighborhood of 7.20 for January and purchasing around 7c whenever the opportunity is presented.

Atwood Violett & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, October 19.—Our market has been today weak and firm by turns, closing, however, with the loss of the greater portion of yesterday's gain, mainly because Liverpool was not up to expectations in responding to our advance of yesterday. Somebody bought the cotton so sold. Seemingly it represented more new purchases than the covering of old contracts. The temptation to realize profits was quite pronounced, but there was also equal temptation to buy because of the extremely dull movement. The eccentricities of the New York contract market are seemingly given but little attention to by southern spot markets, as with one or two exceptions they are all firm. With diminishing supplies and the continued large spot demand, the situation is now as for six weeks past, and that is one decidely in favor of the spot holders. It is not within the recollection of any one in the cotton trade today to remember any such favorable conditions as now exist among those who own directly or indirectly the unsold cotton crop in this country. Europe is so accustomed to cheap cotton as to make them take as a personal affront the efforts of the south to make them pay for their needs during the present season. A Galveston correspondent writes us as follows: "There is an extreme scarcity of cotton seed and the yield abnormally short. It is bringing in Texas as high as $17 per ton, and yet mills have not bought half the quantity as at this period last year, when the price was $6 to $8 per ton. The worst bears cannot claim under such conditions that farmers are holding back their seed. We have seen no more convincing proof of a short crop than this.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, October 19.—Cotton has been feverish and erratic today. Starting with good Liverpool cables (1-16 advance on spots and 3-64 in futures), our market opened about 3 points higher, immediately after call, from which a general desire to realize began and values very quickly broke 13 points. At the bottom some new buying manifested itself, and prices recovered to last night's figures. The weather in the south is all that could be asked for saving as much of the crop as possible. In fact, the advices are now disposed to admit a possible addition through the top crop. Southern markets are firm, with some gain in quotations. Receipts are small, but the advance of the last three days is expected to lead to some increase, and as American manufacturers have anticipated requirements to an unusual extent the action of Europe will be the dominating feature, continent of Europe holding off. During the closing hour prices eased off on account of rather heavy selling by the German crowd; also New York was disposed to realize on recent purchases, a prominent bull house being a liberal seller. Port receipts today 26,586 bales, against 66,341 last year.

L. DeGumoens & Son's Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to C. B. Woodruff.

New York, October 19.—There was a lack of confidence in the market most of the day on an idea that the absence of frost would add materially to the crop. Port receipts 26,000, against 66,000 last year. Spots were dull and featureless in all markets. Fair weather was indicated. The feeling today was by no means encouraging from a bullish standpoint. The bears persist in the holding back theory to account for small receipts, and the buying power appeared to be at the low ebb. Realizing sales were rather extensive in the latter dealings. The market closed at 7 and 8 points decline.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, October 19.—Liverpool did not respond with any grace to our advance of yesterday, our cables stating that spinners were only disposed to buy from hand to mouth, believing the movement sure to increase. Opening at a small improvement the market eased under liquidation by the outside holders who have been so successful in their operations on the bull side. The sharp advance of yesterday showed another handsome profit which they have taken. This selling brought a decline of 6 to 7 points from the close, which was checked by buying from the southwest on the Houston movement, which was very light. Outside of Texas the interior movement is showing a little larger than expected, These dispatches and a report of a strike being talked of in Fall River have undoubtedly assisted in the reaction, as the movement as a whole is very light. The liquidation continued to the close, the selling being to realize profits, while at the end yesterday's buyers sold heavily.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, October 19.—With higher cables this morning from Liverpool our market opened at an advance of only 1 point from previous close, and after gaining 4 points in the first hour, the tendency of prices was downward. After the first hour there was little exhibition of strength, and those who had purchased yesterday for a turn took profits at once. Profit taking was the main cause of the decline, as there was little short selling but good buying at the lower level developed later in the evening. The market closed steady. American middling in Liverpool was quoted at 4d for the second time this season. Liverpool futures closed steady at an advance of 4-64d over last night's close.

W. H. Bacheller & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, October 19.—The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
December	6.89	6.90	6.77	6.78-79
January	6.93	6.94	6.81	6.83-84
March	6.99	7.00	6.89	6.89-90

Continued firmness abroad and abundance of new buying orders advanced prices this morning to the highest level of the week and to within 4 points of the highest of this season, but liquidation and realizing of profits softened the market, easing off some 10 points and closing at the lowest levels of the day. The movement continues alarmingly light, and the prospects of a large yield grows less each day. The failure of the spot markets to develop any weakness and of receipts to increase has removed much of the uncertainty that previously existed. Advices from the other side admit that speculation there has been checked by the fear that the selling movement of the south would occur very shortly, but the general belief there is that the crop has been greatly underestimated. So far as the movement is concerned, they have nothing to sustain their views, but they regard the movement as curtailed by holding back of both planters and merchants. With investments amply protected we feel justified in advising purchases on any material recessions which the present surroundings of the trade warrant.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, October 19.—Despite diminishing receipts, there was a poor demand for cattle today and prices declined 10@15c. Good to fancy grades sold at $5.80@6.85; common to medium steers $4.25@5.75; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.80; cows and bulls $2@4.25; Texans $3.50@4.15.

Trade in hogs was quite animated, prices advancing 2½@5c. Fair to prime lots $4.25@4.45; heavy packers $3.85@4.22½; mixed 4.10@4.42½; butchers $4.15@4.47½; light weights $4.10@4.40; pigs $3.80@4.30.

There was an improved demand for sheep and lambs, the recent advance being well maintained. Poor to choice sheep brought $2@4.35; native yearlings selling at the top and western rangers at $4; poor to fancy lambs $3.50@5.75.

Receipts: Cattle 9,000; hogs 23,000; sheep 16,000.

St. Louis, October 19.—Cattle—Receipts 2,500, including 700 Indians. Market steady to strong; native shipping and export steers $5@6.50; dressed beef steers $4.25@5.70; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.20@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.70@4.75; canners $1@2.75; Texas and Indian steers $3.25@4.15; cows and heifers $2.65@3.30.

Hogs—Receipts 6,600. Market 5@10c higher; Yorkers $4.20@4.30; packers $4.15@4.30; butchers $4.25@4.35.

Sheep—Receipts 700. Market 10@15c higher; native muttons $3.60@4; lambs $4@5.10.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, October 19.—Coffee, options opened firm at an advance of 15 to 25 points and ruled sensationally active and strong with an upward tendency on wild demand from shorts and heavy foreign buying; the buying was founded largely on reports of bubonic plague in Santos; all foreign markets were firm and higher; receipts in Brazil were light at but 33,000 bags; closed steady 10 to 25 points higher; sales 51,000 bags, including November 5.00@5.05; December 5.15@5.20; January 5.25; February 5.25@5.35; March 5.30@5.40; May 5.45; July 5.50; August 5.55@5.60; September 5.60@5.65. Spot coffee, Rio strong; prices nominal; No. 7 invoice 6; No. 7 jobbing 6½; mild firmer; Cordova 6½@11¾.

Sugar, raw firm and held higher. Refined steady.

New Orleans, October 19.—Sugar steady; centrifugal yellow 4¼@4 11-16; seconds 2½@4¼; molasses dull; centrifugal 6@14; new cane syrup 54.

The Metal Market.

New York, October 19.—Lead took a turn for the better today, but the other departments of the local market suffered from neglect.

At the close the metal exchange cabled pig iron warrants dull and nominal at $18.

Lake copper easy with sellers at $18.25.

Tin dull with $31.75 bid and $31.85 asked.

Lead steady at $4.60 bid and $4.65 asked.

Spelter weak with $5.35 bid and $5.45 asked.

The brokers' price for lead is $4.40 and for copper $18.

A COVERING DEMAND

Caused Stock Market To Show Signs of Strength Early.

IT WAS SOON SATISFIED

Prices Began To Slip Downward, Bears Took Renewed Courage and Put New Lines.

New York, October 19.—The stock market showed signs of continued strength during the early hours of trading, and the covering movement among a large outstanding bear interest continued in active force. The professional opponents of the bears did all they could to take the market away from them by bidding up prices, picking out individual stocks for that purpose to increase the appearance of strength in the market. As the demand from the bears fell off later in the day the fact began to emerge that there was no great demand for stocks, and prices began to slip downward. Seeing the hesitancy of the advance bears took renewed courage and put out new short lines. The fall in prices was considerably accelerated during the last hour and the demand to cover at the decline was sufficient to cause only a feeble rally. The closing was barely steady and the early gains were practically all wiped out. The fall in prices from the top level reached a point or over in a large number of prominent railroad stocks, and in some of the industrial specialties ranged from 1 to over 3 points. The railroads running through the southern region came into some prominence late in the day on account of the general activity and prosperity of business in that locality and the relatively large increase in earnings shown by its railroads. Illinois Central, Louisville and Nashville, Southern Railway preferred, Norfolk and Western preferred and Chesapeake and Ohio all showed benefit from this cause, and the gains established were better maintained than at other points. Individual strength was shown also by Colorado and Southern first preferred, Tennessee Coal and Iron, the International Paper stocks, Northern Pacific, the Hocking Valley stocks, New York, Chicago and St. Louis first preferred, American Car, American Linseed Oil and Chicago Terminal. Pullman reacted sharply after its long advance, receding an extreme 9 points and losing 4½ net. Consolidated Gas fell 4½, but partly recovered. The local traction stocks and Sugar were sharp sufferers in the late weakness. The reaction was as much without explanation as yesterday's advance, and could only be attributed to the closing up of professional operations.

Call money ruled at 5 per cent for most of the day, but stiffened to 6 per cent before the close. The coming bank statement is the subject of surmise, and observers are unable to figure on any improvement. The movement of money to the interior shows some falling off, but still continues in that direction on balance, and the course of New York exchange at several important points continues downward. The sub-treasury has taken money from the banks, and the applications for anticipated interest on government bonds have proved entirely insignificant. With no gain in cash resources from any source, the condition of the banks can only have been strengthened by a further contraction of loans. The actual rate for demand sterling bounded up ⅛c today. Cotton bills continued exceedingly scarce, and the demand for exchange quite large. The demand is attributed in part to the requirements for remittance on account of the conversion of Central Pacific securities. The possibilities of gold exports depend upon how much further this demand shall extend. The rate for demand sterling is now only ¼c under that at which gold went out earlier in the year.

There was a notable broadening in the bond market, many quiescent issues coming into activity. The tone was generally strong. Total sales $2,120,000.

United States 2s advanced ⅛ in the bid price.

Total sales of stocks were 427,800 shares, including Atchison preferred 24,185; Burlington 7,200; Lake Erie and Western 7,265; Louisville and Nashville 12,145; Manhattan 11,530; Metropolitan 5,800; Northern Pacific 14,025; Reading first preferred 6,500; St. Paul 13,150; Southern Pacific 22,410; Southern preferred 9,100; American Steel and Wire 6,400; American Tobacco 24,190; Brooklyn Rapid Transit 63,640; Federal Steel 5,080; Sugar 46,690; Pullman 14,387; People's Gas 15,260; Leather 5,807; Tennessee Coal and Iron 6,630.

Money on call steady at 4½@6 per cent; last loan at 4½; prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent.

Sterling exchange strong with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.83¼@4.83½ for 60 days; posted rates $4.84 and $4.88; commercial bills $4.82½@4.83.

Silver certificates 57½@59c.

Bar silver 57⅞c.

Mexican dollars 48c.

Government bonds firm.

State bonds weak.

Railroad bonds firm.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	20¾	Minn. & L. 2d pref.	95
do. preferred	63⅝	Missouri Pacific	44
Baltimore & Ohio	52⅜	Mobile & Ohio	45
Canada Pacific	91¾	Mo., Kan. & Texas	12¼
Canada Southern	51¾	Mo., K. & Tex. pref.	38¾
Central Pacific	—	New Jersey Cent.	119
Chesapeake & Ohio	25⅜	New York Central	135¼
Chic. Great West	14	Norfolk & Western	24¾
C., B. & Q.	130⅝	do. 2d preferred	68¾
Chic. Ind. & L.	11¾	Northern Pacific	53⅛
do. preferred	43	do. preferred	75
Chicago & E. Ill.	95	Ontario & Western	24⅛
Chic. & N.W.	170½	Oregon R. & Nav.	42
Rock Island	112⅛	do. 1st preferred	76⅛
C. C. C. & St. L.	58¼	Pennsylvania	131
Colo. Sou.	4¾	Reading	20⅜
do. 1st preferred	46½	do. 1st preferred	58
do. 2nd preferred	16	do. 2d preferred	31⅜
Del. & Hudson	121½	Rio Grande & W.	37½
Del., L. & W.	189⅜	do. preferred	80
Del. & Rio Grande	21	St. Louis & S. F.	10¾
do. preferred	75	do. 1st preferred	70
Erie (new)	13	do. 2d preferred	36
do. preferred	36¼	St. L. & S. W.	13⅛
Great Nor. pref.	172	do. preferred	31⅜
Hocking Coal	18¼	St. Paul	125⅜
Hocking Valley	32	do. preferred	171
Illinois Central	113⅛	St. P. & Omaha	120
Iowa Central	13¼	do. preferred	—
do. preferred	56½	Southern Pacific	37¾
K. C., Pitts. & Gulf	8	Southern Railway	11⅞
Lake Erie & W.	18	do. preferred	53⅛
do. preferred	80⅛	Texas & Pacific	18⅛
Lake Shore	205	Union Pacific	43⅜
Louisville & Nash	82⅞	do. preferred	76⅛
Manhattan L.	107¾	Wabash	7⅛
Metro. Street Ry	193⅛	do. preferred	21
Mexican Central	13¾	Wheel. & L. E. (new)	11
Minn. & St. Louis	72	do. preferred	30

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	114	United States	51
American	148	Wells Fargo	130

MISCELLANEOUS.

Am. Cotton Oil	44⅛	Int. Paper pref.	70
do. preferred	95	La Clede Gas	79⅛
American Malting	13	National Biscuit	42
do. preferred	56	do. preferred	97⅜
Am. Smelt. & Rfg	36	National Lead	29
do. preferred	86⅛	do. preferred	109¾
American Spirits	4	National Steel	49⅛
do. preferred	20	do. preferred	94⅛
Amn Steel Hoop	42⅛	N. Y. Air Brake	148
do. preferred	84⅜	North American Co.	12¾
A. S. & W.	50⅜	Pac. Coast	47¾
do. preferred	95½	do. 1st pref.	86
Amn Tin Plate	37	do. 2d preferred	65¾
do. preferred	85¼	Pacific Mail	38⅜
American Tobacco	120	People's Gas	111⅛
do. preferred	143¼	Pressed Steel Car	55⅛
Anaconda Mining	48⅛	do. preferred	89
Brook. Rap. Tran.	83	Pullman Palace	193
Col. F. & Iron	54⅜	Stand. R. & Twine	6⅛
Cont. Tobacco	42	Sugar	144⅞
do. preferred	92	do. preferred	117
Federal Steel	54	T. C. & Iron	117
do. preferred	77⅝	U. S. Leather	14¾
General Electric	119⅛	do. preferred	77
Glucose Sugar	56	U. S. Rubber	45⅛
do. preferred	104	do. preferred	112
International Paper	24⅛	Western Union	87¾

BONDS.

U. S. 2s reg.	100⅛	L. & N. unified 4s	99⅞
do. 3s	107⅝	M., K. & T. 2nds	69
do. 3s coupon	108⅛	do. 4s	93⅛
U. S. new 4s reg.	128¾	N. Y. Central 1sts	111¾
do. coupon	129¾	N. J. Cent. 5s	119
U. S. old 4s reg.	111¼	N. Carolina 6s	127
do. coupon	112	do. 4s	104
U. S. 5s reg.	110¼	Northern Pac. 1sts	113
do. coupon	111⅛	do. 3s	65¾
District Col. 3 65s	117	do. 4s	102¼
Ala., Class A	110	N. Y., C. & St. L. 4s	105
Ala., Class B	110	Nor. & West. con. 4s	92¾
Ala., Class C	103	Norfolk & Wes. 6s	135
Ala., Currency	100	Oregon Nav. 1sts	115
Atchison, 4s	99	do. 4s	103⅛
do. adj. 4s	87	O. S. Line 6s	128
Canada So. 2nds	108	O. S. Line con. 5s	115
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	97¼	Reading 4s	87⅛
do. first income	38⅛	Rio G. W. 1sts	96⅛
do. second income	11	St. L. & I. M. con. 5s	110
C. & O. 4½s	95	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	124¾
do. 5s	118¾	St. Paul consols	169
Chic. & N. W. con. 7s	145	St. P., C. & P. 1sts	121⅛
do. S. F. deb. 5s	105⅛	do. 5s	120⅜
Chicago Terminals	98	Southern Ry. 5s	108⅝
D. & R. G. 1st	105	Stand. Rose & T. 6s	80
D. & R. G. 4s	99	Tenn. new set. 3s	95
East Tenn. 1st	103⅜	Tex. & Pacific 1sts	114⅜
Erie General 4s	70⅛	do. 2nds	56
F. W. & D. 1sts	78	Union Pacific 4s	103⅜
Gen. Electric 5s	112	Wabash 1sts	115⅛
G., H. & S. A. 6s	110	do. 2nds	100⅛
do. 2nds	108	West Shore 4s	112⅛
H. & T. Cent. 5s	110⅛	Wiscon. Cent. 1sts	75⅛
do. con. 6s	110	Virginia centuries	86⅛
Iowa Cent. 1sts	116	do. deferred	5
K. C., P. & G. 1sts	71½	Colo. Sou 4s	85⅜
La. new consol 4s	106		

The Day's Trade in Stocks Reviewed.

By Private Wire to C. B. Woodruff.

New York, October 19.—The following is from The New York Sun: "It was apparently the renewal of pronounced strength in sterling exchange to which the more hesitating tone in today's stock market was chiefly due, and while its strength served to check active trading in the market it did not produce any noteworthy weakness in the general market. On the contrary, the market was not so uniformly strong as it was a week ago, there were a number of pronounced advances in certain important quarters. Noteworthy instances were General Electric, People's Gas, Northwestern, New York Central, Louisville and Nashville, Southern Railway preferred and Tennessee Coal and Iron. The really remarkable statement published by the last named company for September may be cited in connection with the strength of that stock. Both Louisville and Nashville and Southern Railway submitted most highly gratifying statements of earnings for the second week of the month. The particular firmness of New York Central and Northwestern was unattended by anything definite bearing on these properties. Brooklyn Rapid Transit was the only stock in which actual pressure was apparent, but even in that instance some degree of support was apparent. Sugar was conspicuous for its strength, but the erratic movements in the stock were about as devoid of significance as were those in Brooklyn Rapid Transit. London houses bought about 10,000 shares of stocks, while speculation in London was virtually at a standstill.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid
Am'n Tobacco	121⅛	121⅞	120¼	120¼	120
Am'n Sugar Rfg	145⅜	147¼	144¾	144⅞	144¾
Atchison	21	21	20⅞	21	20⅞
do. preferred	63¾	64¼	63½	63⅝	63⅝
Balto. & Ohio	.....	.....	.....	52⅝	52⅝
Br'k. Rap. Tran.	85⅛	85¾	82¾	83⅛	83⅛
Anaconda Min'g	48⅜	49	47⅛	48⅛	48⅛
Bur. & Quincy	131⅛	131⅜	130⅛	130⅝	130⅝
C., C., C. & St. L.	58	59	58⅛	58⅜	58⅛
Ches. & Ohio	25⅝	26	25⅛	25⅛	25⅝
Canada South'n	.....	.....	.....	52⅝	51⅞
Del. & Hudson	122¼	122¼	122¼	122¼	121½
Cont. Tobacco	42⅛	42⅝	41⅞	42⅛	42
do. preferred	92½	92½	92	92½	92
Con. Gas	189½	189½	186	189	187½
Gen. Electric	119⅝	121⅛	119⅛	119⅛	119⅝
Chic. Great West	14⅜	14⅜	14¼	14¼	14
Jersey Central	120	120⅛	119	119⅛	119
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	.....	.....	.....	.....	12¼
do. preferred	38¾	38¾	38⅛	38⅜	38⅛
Louisv. & Nash.	82⅝	83⅛	82⅝	82⅞	82⅞
Am. Steel & W.	51⅛	51⅜	50⅛	50⅜	50⅜
Manhattan L.	109	109	107⅜	107⅞	107¾
Mo. Pacific	44⅜	44¾	44⅛	44⅜	44
Metro. St. Ry.	196	196¼	193	193⅛	193⅛
National Lead	29⅞	29⅞	29⅛	29⅛	29
Northern Pac.	53⅛	54⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛
do. preferred	75	75⅜	75	75⅛	75
N. Y. Central	135⅝	136⅛	135¼	135⅛	135¼
Northwestern	172	172⅜	170	170	170¼
Omaha	.....	.....	.....	.....	120
Pacific Mail	39⅜	39⅜	38⅞	39⅛	38⅞
People's Gas	111⅜	112⅜	111⅛	111½	111½
Reading	.....	.....	.....	.....	20⅜
Rock Island	113	113⅛	112⅛	112⅛	112⅛
Southern Rwy	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞
do. preferred	52⅜	53⅜	52⅜	53⅛	53⅛
St. Paul	125⅝	126	125	125⅛	125⅜
Tenn. Coal & I.	116⅛	118⅛	113⅜	117⅛	117
U. S. Leather pfd	77	77⅜	77	77⅛	77
Union Pacific	44⅛	44⅜	43⅜	43¾	43⅝
do. preferred	76⅛	77	76⅜	76⅛	76⅛
Western Union	.....	.....	.....	88⅜	87⅜
Wabash pr	21⅛	21¼	21	21	21
Am'n Cotton Oil	44⅛	44⅞	44¼	44½	44⅛
Am'n Spirits	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	22
U. S. Rubber	.....	.....	.....	45½	45⅛
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	112
Federal Steel	54¼	54⅜	53⅜	54	54
do. preferred	78	78⅛	78	78	77⅝
Illinois Central	113	114	112⅞	112⅞	113⅛

*Ex-div. 1½ per cent. †Ex.-div 2. ‡Ex-div. 1.

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, October 19.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The markets here were idle today except in the African mines department, which was set booming by false reports of a battle in south Africa in which 2,000 Boers were killed. American securities opened rather above parity, became stagnant and then advanced on New York buying, causing a firm close. New York took bonds and Northern Pacific and Union Pacific.

The Bank of England bought £175,000 in gold bars.

Money was still very easy.

Southern Exchange Stock Letter.

New York, October 19.—At the opening of the stock market this morning prices were somewhat mixed, but in a majority of cases were higher by a small margin than last night's close. After the first hour prices advanced all round, and on short covering had a further rally later in the day. The entire market was very strong up to the last hour, when the bears put out large lines of short stock and the market broke fractionally. Louisville and Nashville, Southern Pacific and Southern Railway preferred were the strongest features of the day. During the closing hour Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Sugar, St. Paul, Burlington, Metropolitan, Manhattan, Jersey Central, Pullman and Northwestern were under pressure and lost all the advance of the forenoon. The close was steady, but with a weak undertone.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, October 19.—The stock market opened up with a rather uncertain tone, and with the dealings in light volume. While the American market in London was reported fairly steady, consols were shown at a slight decline, and they indicate some uneasiness in respect to the situation in south Africa there. Little Change in the local situation, and no developments bearing upon particular stocks was noted over night. Brooklyn Rapid Transit was again selected as the object of attack by the bearish faction in the market, and the stock sold off quite sharply in the opening dealings. A very rapid decline in Pullman Palace Car was another feature of the market which was without definite explanation. Manhattan also declined at the opening, but subsequently developed steadiness. While the dealings in the Vanderbilt shares were in light volume, that group retained the strong tone that characterized it yesterday. The granger shares, Louisville and Nashville, and the other standard issues, as a rule, opened higher, but showed fractional recessions in the subsequent dealings. Sugar refining was the conspicuous feature of the industrial quarter, but along with the others of the group it moved in line with the general market. An attempt by traders to turn prices down succeeded in the last hour. Pressure appeared in Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Sugar overcame resistance and after first decline came easily. Other markets weakened in sympathy. A large operator was credited with some selling, but the room was more in evidence.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are the bid and asked quotations.

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years	107	Atl'nta 4s	108
Ga. 3½s, 25 to 40 years	108	Aug'ta 7s L.D.	109
Ga. 4½s, 1915	121½ 122½	Macon 6s	118
Savannah 5s	114	Columbus 5s	107
Atl'n'a 8s 1902	109	Rome 5s	107
Atl'n'a 7s 1904	112	So. Car. 4½s	118¼
Atl'n'a 6s L.D.	122	New'n 6s L.D.	110
Atl'n'a 5s L.D.	111	Chat. 5s, 1911	100
Atl'n'a 4½s	109	Col. S. C., grd'd 2s & 4s, 1910	91
		Ala. Class A	109

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1910	114	Atl'n'a & Char 1st 7s, 1907	118
Ga. 6s, 1922	118	Do. income 6s, 1990	101
Ga. Pa. 1st	120		
C., C. & A. 1st 6s, 1909	104		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	206 208	Aug. & Sav	110
Southwest'n	109 111	A. & W. P.	125
		do. deben	104

Foreign Finances.

London, October 19.—Closing: Consols for money 103 9-16; for the account 103 11-16. Illinois Central 115½; New York Central 139½; Pennsylvania 67¼; Louisville and Nashville 84¾.

Bar silver steady at 26⅝d per ounce.

Money 1½@2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills 4@4¼ per cent; for three months' bills 4⅝ per cent.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve increase £407,000; circulation decrease £259,000; bullion increase £147,098; other securities decrease £797,000; other deposits decrease £1,138,000; public deposits increase £583,000; notes reserve increase £285,000; government securities decrease £155,000.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve is 41.46 per cent. Last week it was 40.25 per cent.

The rate of discount remains unchanged at 5 per cent.

Spanish 4s closed at 61.

Gold is quoted at Buenos Ayres today at 137.10.

The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance today was 176,000 pounds.

Paris, October 19.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 42½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 28½ centimes for checks.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation increased 8,175,000 francs; treasury accounts current increase 6,675,000 francs; gold in hand decrease 7,900,000 francs; bills discounted increase 61,325,000 francs; silver in hand decrease 475,000.

Berlin, October 19.—Exchange on London 20 marks 47½ pfennigs for checks.

Madrid, October 19.—Spanish 4s closed at 71.80.

Beunos Ayres, October 19.—The gold quotation today was 137.40.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, Ga., October 19.—Lemons, choice, $3@3.50; fancy, $4@4.25; Bananas, straight, $1@1.25 bunch. Culls 75c to $1. Figs 14 to 15c. Raisins, new California, $2. Nuts, ; almonds, 16c pecans, 7@8c; Brazil, 9@10c; filberts, 11½c; walnuts, 10@12½c; mixed nuts, 10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light, 6@6½c; fancy hand-picked, 5@5½c; Georgia, 2@3½c.

Fruit and Vegetables.

Corrected by McCullough Bros.

Celery, dozen, owing to quality and bleaching, from 40c to 60c; tomatoes, fancy stocked, 50@75c per crate, six baskets, full, no sale; 60@75c for four-basket crates; choice 30@40c; Irish potatoes, fancy, per barrel, $2@2.50; peppers 50@75c, owing to quality; pineapples, full crates, $4@5; half crates in proportion. California fruit strong demand. Peaches, crate, $1.15@1.25; pears $2.75@3; Tokay grapes $1.40@1.60.

OPENING WAS EASY

Due to Weak Cables and Steadily Increasing Stocks of Wheat.

CLOSED SMALL FRACTION OFF

Corn Was Active and Firm, Closing at the Top—Oats Steady—Provisions Lower.

Chicago, October 19.—Weak cables from abroad and an over supply in stock depressed wheat today, but corn came to the rescue and December wheat closed with but an ⅛c loss. Corn closed with a gain of ⅛@¼c. Small receipts and a good shipping demand were the strengthening influences. Oats advanced ⅛c. Pork declined 10c, lard 5c and ribs 7½c.

Wheat opened easy and lower. Disappointing cables and the steady increase of local stocks were the main factors against the market. There was very little effort made to follow up the decline, however, and after the price had worked off ⅜c the selling disappeared entirely. Then for two hours the market remained in a comatose state with fluctuations narrow and trades widely separated. During the last thirty minutes the firmness in corn and complaints of poor condition of winter wheat started an upturn which was but feebly contested, and the market closed firm at the best price of the day. The weakness of outside markets handicapped the trade. December opened ⅛@⅜c lower at 70⅜@70⅝c, touched 70⅞@71c, declined to 70½c and advanced to 71c at the close. Chicago received 115 cars, 4 of which graded contract. Minneapolis and Duluth got 853 cars, compared with 837 cars for the same day last year. Total primary receipts were 1,299,000 bushels, against 2,652,000 bushels a year ago. The local stock of wheat has increased 700,000 bushels in four days, while several boatloads are en route from Duluth to this port, which will augment the increase still further.

Corn ruled firm and active. The market opened a trifle off in sympathy with the decline in wheat, but the buying became so pronounced at the outset that shorts were forced to cover and a rapid advance followed. There was a slight reaction later on profit taking, but elevator buying, owing to improved shipping demand, started another upturn, and the market closed at the top. Light receipts and poor husking returns accelerated the advance. Receipts 393 cars. Seaboard reported 32 boatloads taken for export. December opened a shade lower at 31¼@31⅜c, sold sparingly at 31¼c, advanced to 32c, sold off again to 31⅝c and rose to 32⅛c at the close.

Buying by shorts and the strength in corn steadied oats. The easiness of ocean rates helped the advance. Cash demand slow. Receipts 190 cars. December opened ⅛c lower at 22⅝c, advanced to 22⅝@22¾c and closed with sellers at 22⅝c.

Provisions ruled heavy throughout and prices slumped quite easily when any selling pressure was applied to the market. There was no fresh feature connected with the trade to account for the weakness. January pork closed 10c lower at $9.30@9.32½; January lard 5c lower at $5.32½ and January ribs 7½c lower at $4.87½.

Estimated receipts for Friday. Wheat, 115 cars; corn 360 cars; oats 180 cars; hogs 25,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat No. 2—				
October	69⅝	69½	69	69½
December	70⅞	71	70½	71
May	74½	74⅞	74⅜	74⅞
Corn No. 2—				
May	31¾	32⅛	31⅝	32⅞
October	30⅝	30¾	30½	30¾
December	30⅝	30⅝	30¼	30⅝
Oats No. 2—				
December	22⅝	22¾	22⅝	22⅝
May	23⅝	24¼	23⅞	24¼
Mess pork, per barrel—				
December	7.97½	7.97½	7.82½	7.87½
January	9.40	9.40	9.30	9.32½
Lard, per 100 pounds—				
December	5.20	5.20	5.15	5.17½
January	5.37½	5.37½	5.30	5.32½
Short ribs, per 100 pounds—				
December	4.75	4.75	4.67½	4.67½
January	4.92½	4.92½	4.85	4.87½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	26,000	18,000
Wheat, bushels	276,000	10,000
Corn, bushels	542,000	775,000
Oats, bushels	277,000	316,000
Rye, bushels	5,000	———
Barley, bushels	96,000	25,000

Ware & Leland's Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to C. B. Woodruff.

Chicago, October 19.—Wheat—Liverpool closed ¼d lower; London weak ¼d lower; Paris 5 to 10 centimes lower on wheat; flour 5 centimes higher; Antwerp unchanged; Budapest ⅛c lower; Berlin ⅜c higher. Primary receipts 1,298,000; shipments 370,000. Clearances about 456,000. We estimate for the week a little over 4,000,000 wheat and flour. There was 300,000 worked at the seaboard yesterday. We confirm 10 loads today. The lower cables and large stocks were the main bear arguments, and there was some fairly good commission house selling with St. Louis on that side as well. There was a recovery of ½c from the low price, nearly up to last night's close. Sentiment is quite bearish, and a strong effort is being made to force December wheat under 70c. The main cause of strength was brought about by the advance in coarse grain.

Corn—We confirm 32 loads for export. Charters here 350,000 bushels. Liverpool came ⅛d lower, but the statement of The Price Current mentioning further instances of disappointment in yield brought about strength on which shorts covered freely.

Provisions were again weak on selling by packers.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, October 19.—Wheat opened at a little decline on disappointment at the foreign news, losing ¼ to ⅜c, steadying on buying against privileges. The Liverpool market showed heaviness after a little rally, and there was some foreign selling of May wheat. The local trade was quiet. Stockers are increasing, and the demand for certain grades of wheat is small, resulting in widening carrying charges both here and at the west. Northwest receipts were 853 cars, against 1,137 last year. Wheat was dull in the afternoon and about steady. The close was steady.

The trade in corn was quiet with prices showing a better feeling. The foreign markets were weaker, Liverpool losing ⅜ to ½d, and this was rather disappointing in view of the firmness of freights. Receipts were 393 cars, a year ago about equal to the estimates. Country offerings are moderate at the west. Corn was quiet late and a little firmer.

Trade in oats was somewhat more active, and prices improved a little, partly in sympathy with the rise in corn. Country offerings are reported moderate, and receipts at western points show some falling of for the week. Oats closed dull but steady.

Flour—The trade is quiet with bears steadily holding off for concessions, but mills are firm and fearing lighter freights offering sparingly.

There was light trading in hog products at steady prices. Live hogs opened dull and easy. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 23,000. Provisions closed quiet. Receipts of hogs, part estimated, at interior points today 76,700; shipment 8,967; receipts four days this week 285,800; last week 271,000, last year 292,900.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, October 19.—Wheat, spot No. 1 red western winter dull at 6s; No. 1 northern spring dull at 6s 2½d; futures dull; December 5s 11¾d; March 6s ⅛d; May 6s 1⅛d.

Corn, spot American mixed new quiet at 3s 9¼d; American mixed old quiet 3s 9¼d; futures quiet; November 3s 8⅜d; December 3s 8¼d; January 3s 7⅛d.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., October 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 50½; receipts 1,486; sales 503; exports 178. Rosin firm; receipts 4,321; sales 930; exports 1,375. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, $.05; F, $.10; G, $1.20; H, $1.25; I, $1.30; K, $1.35; M, $1.70; N, $2.25; windowglass $2.75; waterwhite $3.60.

Wilmington, October 19.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; prices unchanged; receipts 76 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; receipts 237. Crude turpentine steady at $1.50; receipts 106. Tar quiet at $1.30; receipts 211.

Charleston, S. C., October 19.—Turpentine market firm at 50; sales none. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales none.

FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, October 19.—Flour; all wheat, first patent, $5; second patent, $4.50; straight, $4; extra fancy, $3.90; fancy, $3.70; extra family, $2.85. Corn, white, 52c; mixed 50c. Oats, white, 40c; mixed, 36c; Texas rustproof, 40c. Rye, Georgia, $1; Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, 85@90c; No. 1 small bales 80@85c; No. 2 75c. Meal, plain 50c; bolted 45c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 90c; small sacks, 90c. Shorts $1. Stock meal, 85c. Cotton seed meal 95c per 100 pounds. Grits, $2.80 per barrel; $1.40 per bag.

New York, October 19.—Flour, low grades continued firm, while the higher grades were in good supply and freely offered; closed steady. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 76⅛; options opened weak at a decline of ⅛c, cables being unsatisfactory, and speculative support small; later firmed up and became more active on small northwestern receipts and following corn, which caused active covering locally and led to an advance of ⅝c from the lowest point of the day; buying was checked, however, by an unexpected increase in the visible supply by next Monday's statement; closed firm, net ⅛@¼c decline; March 79¾; May 79½; December 75⅞. Corn, spot firm; No. 2, 40⅛; options opened quiet at ⅛c decline and for a time ruled easier, but later a decidedly firmer feeling prevailed on disappointing receipts, causing covering and some investment demand with the market finally firm at ⅛c net advance; May 37; December 38½. Oats, spot quiet; No. 2, 28½; options inactive and nominal.

Chicago, October 19.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour easy. No. 2 spring wheat 68¾@71; No. 3 spring wheat 64@70; No. 2 red 71@71½; No. 2 corn 31¾; No. 2 yellow 31¾@32. No. 2 oats 22¾; No. 2 white 25½; No. 3 white 24¾. No. 2 rye 55.

St. Louis, Mo., October 19.—Flour inactive. Wheat, No. 2 red cash 69⅝; December 70½@70⅝; May 75½. Corn, No 2 cash 31; December 29¾; May 30⅝. Oats, No. 2 cash 23; December 23¼; May 25¼.

Provisions.

Atlanta, October 19.—Clear side ribs boxed 5⅝; half ribs 5⅝; rib bellies 6½; icecured bellies 8¾c. Sugar cured hams 11@13½; California, 8c; breakfast bacon 10@12½c. Lard, best quality, 7 8-8c; second quality, 6⅞ to 6⅝; compound 5c.

St. Louis, Mo., October 19.—Pork steady; standard mess jobbing $9.00. Lard lower; prime steam 5.12½; choice 5.15. Dry salt meats easy; boxed shoulders 4.75; extra shorts 5.37½; clear ribs 5.50; clear sides 5.62½. Bacon easy; boxed shoulders 5,50; extra shorts 5.75; clear ribs 5.87½; clear sides 6.12½.

Chicago, October 19.—Mess pork 7.85@790. Lard 5.20@5.25. Short ribs sides (loose) 4.75@5.15; dry salted shoulders, (boxed) 6@6⅛; short clear sides, (boxed,) 5.45@5.55.

Cincinnati,— October 19. Flour dull. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red 71. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 35½. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 25½.

New York, October 19.—Lard easy; western steam 5.55; October 5.55, nominal; refined steady. Pork dull.

Cincinnati, October 19.—Lard quiet at 5.05@5.07½. Bulk meats easy at 5.25. Bacon easier at 6.15.

Groceries.

Atlanta, October 19.—Roasted coffee: Dutch Java, 100 pounds, $13.60; Arbuckle $11.30; Lion and Levering $10.80, all less 50c per 100 pound cases. Green coffee, choice 11c; fair 9c; prime 7¼@8¼c. Sugar, standard granulated, New York 5.31; New Orleans 5¼; New Orleans white 5¼. Sirup New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed 12½@20c; green 50@65. Rice, head, 6½; choice 6 to 5½c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.15; salt, barrel bulk $2; 100 3s $2.75; ice cream $1.25; common 65@70c. Cheese, full cream 13½c. Matches 65s 45@55; 200 $1.50@1.75, 300s $2.75. Soda, boxes 6c; Crackers, soda, 5¾; cream 6¾; gingersnaps 6c. Candy, common stick 6½c; fancy 12@14c. Oysters, F. W. $1.85@1.75; L. W. $1.10.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, October 19.—Eggs 16@17c; in good demand. Butter, fancy Georgia 18@20c; choice, 12½@14c, dull; fancy Tennessee, 15@17½c; choice 12½c. Live poultry, chickens, hens, 27½—30; spring chickens, large, 16@18; medium, 12½@14; ducks puddle, 22½@25; peking, 25@27½c. Irish potatoes, 60 to 65c per bushel. Honey, strained 6@7c, in comb 9@10c. Onions 65@75c per bushel, $2@2.75 per barrel. Cabbage 1@1½c per pound. Beeswax 22½@25c. Dried fruit, apples 6@7c, peaches 8@9c.

Hides, Iron and Metals.

Corrected by Edward O. Miles & Co.

Hides—Dry flints, 16 to 16½; dry salts, 14 to 14½. G. S., 9¼ to 9¾; G. S. kip, 8 to 8½. Tallow, in cakes, 5½; in barrels, 4½ to 4¾. Brass, 10 to 12. Copper, 12 to 14. Iron, No. 1 wrought, $12; No. 1 cast, $8.

G. W. ADAIR. AUCTIONEER.

Central Rent Paying Property

ON

Piedmont Ave., Butler, Gilmer and Bell Sts.,

Monday, October 23d.

We will sell on the premises, Monday, October 23d, the property of Mr. W. J. Lynch.

At 3 o'clock we will sell No. 63 Piedmont avenue, a well constructed six-room cottage, which rents for $20.60 per month, on a beautiful lot.

At 3:30 o'clock we will sell at the northeast corner of Butler and Gilmer streets, seven (7) nice cottages, yielding an income of $78 per month. This is the very best first-class, rent-paying property, and will invite capital that looks for safe investment. Either one of these cottages would be particularly desirable as a nice, modest home near trade centers.

Just north of this property is a very large lot 60x211 feet, No. 53 Butler street. A splendid location for a school, college, or similar building; or, it could be built up with small cottages that would rent well.

At 4:30 o'clock we will sell No. 125 Bell street, 50x107, just south of Edgewood avenue. The lot has an alley on one side, and two houses that always rent well. If you want to make a small, safe investment, you will do well to buy this place.

The sale will be positively without reserve or limit. Titles are perfect. Terms cash. Remember the day, October 23d.

18-20-22-23 G. W. ADAIR.

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86 S. FORSYTH ST. ATLANTA, GA.
Estimates furnished for good work at reasonable charges.

By the Southern Auction Commission Co.
106 Decatur Street.
Tomorrow, Saturday, October 21st, at 10 A. M. Sharp.

Elegant Lot of Furniture at Auction.

Contents of two residences from South Pryor street and Woodward avenue, consisting of handsome Sideboards, extra fine 12 foot Extension quartered Oak Table and 6 Chairs to match. Pantosote Leather Couch and Operating Table to match, useful for physician, elegant Bed Room Suit, cheval mirror and 2 extra good Walnut Suits, extra fine secretary and handsome Mahogany Center Table, 2 Lounges, Cooking Stoves and 2 Heaters, Gas Range, Matting, Kitchen Table and Silverware, Rockers, Chairs, Shades, Springs and Mattresses, Singer Sewing Machine. Absolutely to the highest bidder.

LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.

Second hand Furniture and other merchandise bought, or received, or consigned.

SATZKY, THE TAILOR,
Has Moved to
27 N. FORSYTH ST.
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New and Full Line of Patterns.

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MERCHANT TAILORING.
The finest goods and the latest styles. Call and see them at junction of Peachtree and Pryor streets.

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COTTON, STOCK S, GRAIN.
Orders executed with best houses over direct private wires; all orders confirmed by mail.
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COTTON, STOCKS, WHEAT, ETC.
Bought and sold on margins. Determine the responsibility of the house through which you deal. References: Fourth National and Capital City banks.

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Augusta, - Georgia.
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3 South Pryor St. (Jackson Building) New York Office, 44 and 46 Broadway.
References: Lowry Banking Company, Capital City bank and Mercantile Agencies.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO.
DEALERS IN
Investment Securities.

RAILWAY SCHEDULES

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains from Union Depot.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
* 8	Chattanooga 5 00 am	*13	Cincinnati [illegible]
*13	Jacksonville 5 05 am	*16	Brunswick [illegible]
*25	Washington 5 10 am	*16	Columbus [illegible]
26	Tallapoosa 8 25 am	*35	Birmingh'm [illegible]
17	Toccoa 8 30 am	*12	Richmond [illegible]
*21	Fort Valley 10 20 am	* 7	Chattanooga [illegible]
* 9	Macon 10 40 am	*38	Washington [illegible]
* 9	Columbus 10 40 am	* 8	Macon [illegible]
*38	Birmingham 11 30 am	*15	Chattanooga [illegible]
*16	Chattanooga 11 50 am	*37	Birmingham [illegible]
*37	Washingt'n 3 55 pm	*10	Macon [illegible]
*15	Brunswick 7 20 pm	*10	Columbus [illegible]
*11	Richmond 9 00 pm	*22	Fort Valley [illegible]
* 7	Macon 9 55 pm	18	Toccoa [illegible]
* 7	Columbus 9 55 pm	25	Tallapoosa [illegible]
*14	Cincinnati 10 45 pm	*14	Jacksonville [illegible]
*36	Birmingham 10 55 pm	* 9	Chattanooga [illegible]
		*36	Washington [illegible]

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
101	Jonesboro 6 45 am	102	Hapeville [illegible]
* 3	Savannah 7 25 am	*2	Savannah [illegible]
103	Hapeville 8 00 am	104	Hapeville [illegible]
*105	Griffin 9 00 am	108	Jonesboro [illegible]
109	Hapeville 9 35 am	110	Hapeville [illegible]
*11	Macon 11 20 am	*12	Macon [illegible]
115	Hapeville 5 45 pm	112	Hapeville [illegible]
111	Jonesboro 2 05 pm	114	Hapeville [illegible]
113	Hapeville 3 30 pm	*116	Griffin [illegible]
*1	Savannah 7 35 pm	*4	Savannah [illegible]
117	Hapeville 7 50 pm	118	Jonesboro [illegible]
	Sunday Trains.		Sunday Trains.
119	Hapeville 10 45 am	120	Hapeville [illegible]
121	Hapeville 2 05 pm	122	Hapeville [illegible]

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
* 3	Nashville 7 30 am	*2	Nashville [illegible]
73	Marietta 8 40 am	74	Marietta [illegible]
*71	Chattanooga 10 35 am	*70	Chattanooga [illegible]
75	Marietta 2 40 pm	72	Marietta [illegible]
*1	Nashville 7 30 pm	*4	Nashville [illegible]

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To
*38	Montg'mery 11 40 am	35	Montg'mery [illegible]
*34	Selma 7 00 pm	*33	Montg'mry [illegible]
*36	Selma 11 30 pm	*37	Selma [illegible]
	Accommodation Trains.		Accommodation Trains.
12	College Pk. 7 05 am	11	College Pk. [illegible]
14	LaGrange 8 20 am	13	College Pk. [illegible]
16	College Pk 10 00 am	15	Palmetto [illegible]
20	Palmetto 2 15 pm	19	College Pk. [illegible]
22	College Pk. 3 50 pm	21	College Pk. [illegible]
24	College Pk. 5 50 pm	23	LaGrange [illegible]
26	College Pk. 7 45 pm	27	College Pk. [illegible]
28	College Pk. 9 15 pm	27	College Pk. [illegible]
30	College Pk. 12 25 am	29	College Pk. [illegible]
	Sunday Trains.		Sunday Trains.
42	LaGrange 10 20 am	41	West Point [illegible]
*35	Montg'mry 5 25 am		

Trains No. 12, 16, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 [illegible] Whitehall Street Platform.

All trains leave from Union Passenger Station. *Daily.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
*41	Norfolk 5 15 am	*402	Washingt'n [illegible]
35	Abbeville 9 50 am	36	Abbeville [illegible]
*403	Washingt'n 2 50 pm	38	Norfolk [illegible]

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
*3	Augusta 5 00 am	*28	Augusta [illegible]
23	Conyers 6 45 am	24	Conyers [illegible]
9	Covington 7 45 am	10	Conyers [illegible]
*1	Augusta 12 35 pm	*2	Augusta [illegible]
25	Latonia 3 35 pm	*4	Augusta [illegible]
*27	Augusta 8 20 pm	26	Lithonia [illegible]

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN RAILWAY.

(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville [illegible]

Ar. Atlanta from Knoxville [illegible]

WOMAN and ...SOCIETY

The Country Club in New Colors

The interior of the Piedmont Driving Club is undergoing renovation that will make it one of the prettiest country clubs in the south. No club of the kind in the country is better known, and in its cosy apartments or on its spacious verandas all the distinguished guests that have visited Atlanta since the club's organization have been entertained.

Mrs. Clarence Knowles, the wife of President Knowles, who has so frequently acted as hostess on the most brilliant occasions in the club's history, is giving the renovation of the club her personal interest. It was after conference with one of the best known decorators in New York, who has furnished the handsomest country seats and clubs, that Mrs. Knowles gave the order that is now being carried out in the Piedmont club interior.

In the quaint hallway the paper used shows an old English hunting scene, the base or wainscoting suggesting in design dull colored Mosaics. In the first apartment, or entrance, the walls are in a bright hued amber, the woodwork to correspond, while the little dining or supper room beyond carries out most effectively as to mural decoration, furnishing and ornamentation a "Delft" room.

The far room, or one facing the entrance of the club, is done in greet and white, the woodwork all of ivory white, that harmonizes strikingly with the walls of soft-toned green. The main dining room is rich in its decoration of the terra cotta colors, while the woodwork will similate English oak.

All the hangings and portieres will correspond with the general scheme of decoration, and the daintiest muslin curtains will complete the homelike charm of the very popular social rendezvous.

The first large entertainment to take place in the club since its renovation will doubtless be the proposed luncheon to be given Admiral Dewey there next week.

Women Delegates to Richmond

Many important business matters were transacted at the regular meeting of the Daughters of the Confederacy yesterday afternoon. The most important of these was the election of delegates to the general convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy which convenes in Richmond the 8th of November. The delegates will be Miss Alice Baxter, Mrs. Joseph Ranie, Miss Leda Field, Mrs. Berkely, Mrs. A. McD. Wilson, Mrs. Nixon, Mrs. Norwood Mitchell. Alternates: Miss Annie Randolph Howard, Miss Mary Connally, Miss Genie West, Miss Ruth Cunningham, Miss Salile Melone, Miss Stacey Earnest and Mrs. Cleveland Wilcoxson. These ladies, with Mrs. Helen Plane, vice president from Georgia, and president of the Atlanta chapter, and Mrs. S. E. Gabbett, chairman of the United Daughters of the Confederacy committee on the cross of honor, will constitute the Atlanta delegation to Richmond.

Mrs. Plane opened the meeting by a short and enthusiastic talk relative to the recent convention in Athens, which she pronounced the most significant yet held by the organization. She explained the action of the memorial committee in that the Winnie Davis memorial be established in Athens, and the subsequent joy of the students at the Normal college at hearing the decision was in their favor. She urged that the Atlanta chapter begin at once to do their part toward contributing money to the memorial, and concluded by an enthusiastic expression concerning the hospitality of the Athens people and their royal entertainment of the visitors. Mrs. S. E. Gabbett followed Mrs. Plane, and was eloquent in her praise of the ideal hospitality dispensed by the residents of the Classic City, both individually and collectively. She referred to the visit made to the Normal school, and the cordiality of the students.

Mrs. Gabbett concluded her remarks by a reference to the cross of honor or badge which the United Daughters of the Confederacy will present to the surviving veterans, and one descendant of each deceased veteran whose claims may be established. As proof of the appreciation felt by the veterans in this proposed gift from the Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. Gabbett read a letter addressed to her from the officers of the reunion of the blue and gray as follows:

"The officers of the reunion of the blue and gray at Evansville, Ind., have considered and investigated the just and glorious plan of Mrs. S. E. Gabbett, of Atlanta, Ga., to bestow on every ex-confederate veteran, for this world reunion, valor, patriotism and sincerity, the cross of honor.

"(Signed) C. J. MORRIS, Sec."

In reference to the letter Mrs. Gabbett expressed her great appreciation of its contents, and explained that whereas, she was the chairman of the committee appointed by Mrs. Kate Cabel Currie to act in the matter of deciding upon estimates and designs for the proposed cross of honor, that the original idea of its presentation was that of Mrs. Erwin, of Athens, Ga., who first proposed it at the convention of Daughters held in Atlanta during the confederate reunion.

Reference was also made, in reports of the state convention, of the resolutions offered and adopted whereby the corresponding secretary was instructed to send the greetings of the convention to Mrs. E. McDowell Wolff, who was unable to be present on account of her intended departure for Brazil, where she will reside temporarily. Mrs. Wolff is the foundress of the Children of the Confederacy in Georgia, and an enthusiastic Daughter of the Confederacy.

Report was also made of the enthusiastic reception accorded Mrs. Charles Rice's report of the work being done by the Children of the Confederacy in the state; also the indorsement given the southern history compiled and being published by Miss Mitchell, of Athens.

Mrs. Melone reported several cases of destitution helped through her by the Daughters of the Confederacy, and Mrs. Plane urged that those who haven't yet paid their annual dues, do so at once. Announcements were made relative to the programme of the Richmond convention, which programme will be published later.

De Pachmann Recital.

A number of the box parties which will be given at the De Pachmann concert on Tuesday have been arranged and their holders are as follows:

Lower boxes, right hand side, Mr. and Mrs. DeGive, Dr. and Mrs. Joe Jacobs, Mr. and Mrs. M. Rich; Mr. and Mrs. William Lawson Peel; Mr and Mrs. H. Smith; Mr. and Mrs. W. Woods White; lower left side, Mr. and Mrs. J. Carroll Payne; Mr. and Mrs. Alex Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Victor Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Anderson; Mrs. W. M. Nixon; Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Boyd; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Raoul; upper right side, Mrs. Harry Jackson; Miss Myrtle Everett; Mr. and Mrs. Ed Peters; Mr. and Mrs. Cosgrove; Mr. and Mrs. Crandall; Mr. Robert Shedden; upper left side, Tuesday morning Musical Club, Mr and Mrs. Joseph Orme; Mr. and Mrs. John Grant; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kiser; Mr. and Mrs. Morris Brandon; Mr and Mrs. Wilmer Moore; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Healy; Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Richardson; Mr. and Mrs. Roby Robinson; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Thornton; Mr. Thomas Egleston.

Opera Tonight.

Musical and spectacular beauty will characterize the production of the comic opera "Mikado," which will be sung this afternoon at matinee and this evening. The final rehearsals have been so satisfactory that the management promises splendid public productions, and the size of the audiences who will attend is expected to be as encouraging as is the excellence of the practice performances.

Wurm's orchestra, augmented to the number of twenty, will contribute to the beauty of the production. Mr. Stuart MacLean will be the efficient stage manager, and Mr. J. Lewis Browne will direct the opera.

A number of box parties have been arranged and they will add to the attractive appearance of the house.

Symphony Club Auxiliary

The regular monthly meeting of the ladies' auxiliary of the Atlanta Symphony Club was called for yesterday afternoon at the club house, and although the weather was very disagreeable several of the members were present.

Mrs. John M. Slaton, the president, called the meeting to order, but on account of the small attendance, no business of importance was transacted. Plans for the winter were discussed and it was decided that at the next meeting the question of introducing musical essays as a part of the programmes for the auxiliary meetings, will be considered.

As none of the ladies who were to contribute to the musical programme were present, the meeting then adjourned.

Miss Howard's Success.

"Am I succeeding? Just look at this crowd," said Miss Mary Burt Howard as she called attention to every table in her restaurant yesterday.

"They are filled every day, too, said a well-known business man enjoying his luncheon, "and I am trying to persuade Miss Howard to keep her enterprise going all winter, for I do not think the public would tire of patronizing any movement for the orphans."

The menu to be served today, the first of the state fair, will be tempting and delicious, and Miss Howard will be assisted in the entertainment of her guests by a coterie of charming young women.

Social Items.

Mr. Clarence Knowles is on a business trip north.

Mrs. Thomas Hunter is receiving charming attentions in Virginia.

Miss Bertha Willingham, of Macon, will be the guest of Miss Louise Todd next week.

Miss Isabel Thomas, of Athens, will visit Miss Florence Jackson this fall.

Miss MacDougal has returned from Macon.

Miss Annie Mays is the guest of Mrs. Jack Cutter in Macon.

Miss Julia Dean, of Rome, will be the guest of Miss Belle Scott next week.

The illness of Mrs. Bozeman is the source of great sorrow and anxiety among her many friends in the city.

During her visit to the city Miss Mary Harris Brumby, of Athens, will be the guest of Mrs. Henry B. Tompkins.

Miss Edna Avery, who is at Lucy Cobb, will be in Atlanta today and tomorrow.

The Reviewers will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. T. H. Austin, 45 Currier street.

The regular monthly meeting of the Piedmont Continental chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held on Friday, October 20th, at 3 p. m. at Woman's Club room. Nominations for officers, a board of managers and delegates to the continental congress will be made. The revision of the by-laws will be discussed and other important business transacted. A full attendance is urged.

By order of
MRS. NORWOOD MITCHELL,
CAROLINE SISSON, Acting Regent.
Secretary.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Bagby will be grieved to learn of the serious illness of their little daughter Aline at their home, 91 Park street, West End.

Yesterday quite a large number of people filled the restaurant being operated by Miss Mary Burt Howard for the Methodist orphans. Luncheon was served from 12 till 3 o'clock and a delicious menu was served. Next week many new dishes will be served in connection with the regular menu.

The executive board of the Atlanta Woman's Club will meet this morning at 10 o'clock.

Miss Georgia Wilson returns today from the north, where she has spent several weeks, and is at her home, 298 Forrest avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Wellborn Martin have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Willie Wellborn, to Mr. George Fletcher Hurt, which will take place Thursday evening, November 2d, at 8:30 o'clock in Trinity church.

Mrs. Bessie A. Ellis and daughter, of Winona, Miss., are visiting friends here.



VLADAMIR DE PACHMANN,

The Great Russian Pianist, Who Will Appear at the Grand Next Tuesday Evening Under the Auspices of the Atlanta Concert Association.

COMING OF DE PACHMANN.

The Celebrated Russian Pianist To Be Heard in Atlanta Soon.

De Pachmann is coming. That is the cry of every musician and musical student in town. De Pachmann is not a naval hero, nor is he a pugilist, although he is blessed with a pair of hands that have compelled multitudes of people to bow down before him. Vladimir de Pachmann is a pianist! One whose greatness is acknowledged by our leading American and European musical authorities. He is probably the most perfect pianist now before the musical world. He possesses all of the qualities that go to make one. His touch is light and gentle; technique all that is to be desired. His style is insinuating, yet devoid of sensationalism; he phrases exquisitely, and smooths away the greatest difficulties with so much ease and grace that one unconsciously is drawn to him. No one can be more gentle and delicate, no one more forceful and strong, or linger more lovingly over a delicate poetic phrase, than De Pachmann. It is in this, his poetic reading, his unerring judgment in expression that he towers above his rivals, so much so, that one never doubts but the composer is speaking his soul when De Pachmann plays.

Pachmann will appear in this city next Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Atlanta Concert Association. The membership tickets of the association will not go on sale till Saturday at noon. One day longer has been allowed in which the tardy members can secure season tickets. The box office at the Grand will open Monday morning.

Malt-Nutrine quiets nerves, restores sleep to the wakeful, is a balm to the tired-out body and brain. The Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n makes it, which guarantees its merit.

Solid carload of Pompano, Trout, Spanish Mackerel and Mullet received today. Get in your orders. Donehoo & Robinson, 2 S. Broad street.

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.

Low Rates Via Southern Railway.

For this occasion the Southern railway offers unusually low rates and irreproachable regular and special train service. Tickets will be sold from all points within the state of Georgia at rate one fare round trip October 16th to November 4th, inclusive, with final limit November 6th. Also, at less than one fare round trip on October 19th, 21st, 24th, 26th, 28th, 31st, November 2d and 4th, with final limit five days from date of sale.

For complete information call on any agent Southern railway.

The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof. You can buy Isaacs Pens at $1 per gross or 6 gross for $5. For sale only by John M. Miller Co., 29 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Samples free.

Note—These pens are warranted to be made from selected stock and are carefully examined before boxing.

For Croup use Cheney's Expectorant.

For LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER

Leave Orders at the GAS OFFICE,

Cor. Broad and Alabama Streets.

Garwood's Standard Perfumes
MANUFACTURED BY
SCHANDEIN & LIND,
Philadelphia.
All Our Odors Are True to the Natural Flowers.
Have You Used Garwood's Cuban Violets?
This odor possesses the advantage of improvement over all others and is today the most delightful and fashionable of all toilet luxuries. For sale by the leading druggists throughout the country.



When Selecting Jewelry

I secure the most original and unique styles. My stock is noted for its richness and elegance. My Diamonds are the finest in color, shape and brilliancy.
A superb stock of Sterling Silverware, suitable for Wedding Gifts.
A rare selection of Bric-a-Brac. Your inspection invited.

Charles W. Crankshaw
Cor. Whitehall and Alabama Sts.

Lyceum Theater
TONIGHT.
Miss Josie McClain,
supported by her own company in an elaborate spectacular production of
"Lost in London."
Beautiful scenery,
STRONG CAST,
elaborate electrical and mechanical effects.
Prices, 10, 20, 30c.
Ladies free tonight with every paid 30c ticket. Sale of seats at box office in Lyceum theater building. Big matinee Saturday 10c to all parts of the house. Telephone 1531. Plenty of specialties.

RIDER'S IMPERIAL
—HAS WHAT YOU WANT—
TONIGHT AND MATINEES.
KARINA, Very Frenchy. ANNIE HART, A New York Favorite.
15—BASHFUL MAIDENS—15
SMOKING CONCERTS.

SHE GETS YEAR'S SUPPORT.

Mrs. Euphemia Loyd Was Awarded $1,400 by a Jury in Superior Court Yesterday.

Mrs. Euphemia Loyd, widow of James W. Loyd, was awarded $1,400 by a jury in the superior court yesterday as the amount of a year's support for herself and two minor children.

The case was brought up from the ordinary's office, Judge W. H. Hulsey holding himself disqualified, as he was a creditor of the estate of the late James Loyd.

Mr. Loyd died early in the present year, and James Banks, the county administrator, was appointed administrator of his estate. The property of the estate was sold, and amounted to $4,400, but the estate was declared insolvent.

Mrs. Loyd and her two minor children filed a petition in the ordinary's court for a year's support, and appraisers were appointed, who set apart $1,200 for the year's support.

J. F. Alexander and other creditors of the Loyd estate filed objection to the year's support, and had the case appealed to the superior court. In the trial yesterday in the superior court the jury increased the award of the appraisers, and allowed a year's support of $1,400.

Mrs. Loyd was represented by Arnold & Arnold. The objecting creditors were represented by George C. Spence and Frank A. Arnold.

Oysters in any style at the celebrated oyster counter of Donehoo & Robinson, 2 S. Broad street.

New Hotel Jackson, in the center of Atlanta, just refurnished. Has every modern convenience. American and European plans. 10-19 1m

ALL GEORGIANS
WILL DON THEIR "BEST"
IN HONOR OF
Dewey and Brumby.
If you need a new outfit for the occasion, one of our "High Art" suits will
Dewey t
They fit better, wear better and cost no more than the ordinary kind.
Eisemann & Weil
3 WHITEHALL
Hats and Neckwear to match the suits. Watch our show windows for the "Latest Fad."

THE GRAND
SATURDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT.
"If all French grocers' wives had such a knack of undressing as Leonie, then they would be the most bewitching creatures in the world."—New York Herald, September 4, 1898.
THE NAUGHTY FRENCH FARCE.
200 Booming Nights In New York
THE TURTLE
All Paris London Berlin Flocked To see it
ACT 1st OUTLINES A DROLL STORY.
ACT 2d IS DEFT, DARING AND DAINTY.
ACT 3d IS SCREAMINGLY FUNNY, AND STARTLING IN ITS COMIC SITUATIONS.
The Piquancy and Dash of the Comedie Francaise and Palais Royal interpreted by skilled American Artists who possess the True French Finesse.
I'M NOT SO SLOW—I'M FRENCH YOU KNOW.
Night Prices—25c to $1. Matinee 25c to 75c. Sale now open. Get your seats quick.

Friday, October 20, Matinee 2:15; evening 8:15.
"THE MIKADO."
Grand Production by the
Atlanta Symphony Club.
The Mikado..... ....Mr. John H. Mullin
Nanki-Poo.... .. .. ..Mr. Charles Werner
Ko-Ko.. ....Mr. Stuart MacLean
Poo-Bah.... .. .. ..Mr. Edward G. Warner
Pish-Tish.. .. .. ..Mr. Charles H. Cothran
Yum-Yum.... .. ..Mrs. H. M. Owsley
Petti-Sing.... .. ..Miss Phoebe Hardy
Peep-Bo..Mrs. Harry Wentworth Young
Katisha.... Miss Rose White Steinhagen
Chorus of Sixty
Wurm's Orchestra of Twenty.
Mr. Stuart McLean, Stage Manager.
Mr. J. Lewis Browne, Director of the Opera.

The fourth annual session of the Atlanta Lecture Association will open at the Grand opera house
MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 23,
—WHEN—
DR. ROBERT McINTYRE,
of Chicago, will discuss "Buttoned up People."
Dr. McIntyre is one of the most forceful, eloquent and logical speakers on the American platform.
The box office at the Grand will open for sale and reservation of seats Friday morning at 9 o'clock. The membership of the association admitted free. Price of admission for all who are not members 50 cents.

COLUMBIA THEATRE
ALL THIS WEEK.
Matinee Daily at 3 p. m.
Baldwin-Melville Co.
Matinee Today
LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY.
Tonight
THE RUSSIAN SLAVE.
Saturday Matinee
TURNED UP.
$25 Given Away Saturday Night.
Seats now on sale. Night prices 10c, 20c, 30c. Daily matinees, only 10c for everybody.

THE BIG SHOW IS COMING
One week, commencing Monday, October 23. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. The favorite
KLIMT-HEARN CO.,
In the greatest repertoire ever presented at popular prices.
Monday night, William Gillette's Great Play,
HELD BY THE ENEMY.
TWO—Carloads of Scenery—TWO
All new specialties.
The Dewey moving pictures at every performance.
Prices—10, 20 and 30c.
Sale opens Saturday.

Mrs. Rosa Freudenthal Monnish, M. D
Specialty, diseases of Uterus, Ovaries and Menstrua Disorders. Consultation confidential. Twenty years' successful experience. Graduate of American and European colleges and hospitals. A few first-class patients can be accommodated during treatment. Hours 9 to 2. Residence 3 Church, cor. Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga. 'Phone 1321. Dr. W. A. Monnish, physician and surgeon, specialty, diseases of women. Hours 10 to 1 and 3 to 6. Chamberlin-Johnson building, 2d floor. Take elevator.

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No. 20 W. Canal St., Cincinnati, O.

A Word About Fall Suits.
You are probably going to buy a new suit of clothes today. Just a word: Go to any of the other stores you please, scan their clothing and prices closely. Before making up your minds, we request that you come here and see the line we show at
$10.00 to $25.00.
We court comparison; indeed there is no better way of arriving at a conclusion. We are frequently told we have the best fitting clothes in the city—We believe it. We believe that our clothing is made by the best manufacturers in the United States. We have tried others, we know the prices cannot be lower, quality considered—Only see and you will be convinced.
Geo. Muse Clothing Co.
Fashionable Clothiers.

COMSTOCK SCHOOL, 32 West 40, New York.
Boarding and Day School for Girls. . .
Primary, Preparatory, Academic and Musical Departments.
College Preparation and Special Courses.
The school was founded in 1872 and from the beginning its aim has been to foster habits of intelligent study and to encourage accuracy of thought and speech.
Miss Day is assisted by a LARGE and COMPETENT CORPS of teachers. It is the aim of the principal to establish close personal relations with the girls, that all may find a friend to whom none need hesitate to go for help and advice. The rules for government are few, but they are firmly and impartially enforced. In the atmosphere of a well regulated home the girls live in the midst of comfortable and attractive surroundings.
New York city offers exceptional opportunities for education in Art and Music. Occasional visits are made to the Lenox Library, the Academy of Design and other museums and galleries open to the public. Frequent excursions are made to points of educational and historic interest in and about New York.
The health of the pupils is carefully guarded, and the work in physical culture is regulated to meet especial needs of each. House steam heated. Rooms very large. Fire escapes, staircase in rear, etc.

N. P. PRATT LABORATORY, Fitten Buildin-
Analytical and Assay Department:—We assay ores of gold, silver, copper, etc. We analyze fertilizers, clays, ochres, paints, oils, coals iron ores, mineral waters and all commercial products.
Are you satisfied that the materials you buy are up to the standards? Why not have them analyzed? We do this work. 'Phone 1624.

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY, 17 East Alabama St.
Clearance Sale during Fair. We have an accumulation of
Odd Trunks, Valises and Suit Cases
At less than manufacturers' prices. We manufacture all our goods and will sell above at just what it costs for the material.
Full 30 inch Trunk $2.75
Suit Case $1.50
Bridal Trunks $4.50
Come before they are picked over.
FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY, 17 E. Alabama St.
Repairing a Specialty. Phone No. 230. New and Bell Phones.

HAWES HATS
Best value ever shown for $3.00.
Derbys and Softs.
$3.00
Monarch Shoes
Wonder of the age, $3.00.
In All Leathers.
R. B. Swift & Co.,
Peachtree St., ATLANTA, GA.

TO THE PUBLIC.
The Boston Confectionary store at 111 Peachtree street, is now complete and stocked with the most superb line of candies ever offered in Atlanta. If you have a sweet tooth you cannot afford to miss the opportunity of getting these candies at the very low prices being offered. Come to see me, 111 Peachtree street.

J. P. STEVENS
Manufacturer of
FASHIONABLE STATIONERY
for social correspondence, and engraver of
WEDDING, RECEPTION AND VISITING CARDS.
37 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's Business College
The Complete Business Course. Total Cost, $50.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

China Painting Taught at Lycett's
White China and All Art Materials at Bottom Prices. Firing and Gilding done and China Painted to order. 83½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Mail orders command prompt attention.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND Business University
ATLANTA, GA.
The leading business school of the South, located in the most progressive city. Over 5000 graduates in positions. Places its pupils in positions daily. Low rates. Superb equipment. Bank references. Enter now. Catalogue free. Mention this paper. Address, A. C. BRISCOE, President, or L. W. ARNOLD, Vice-President, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Pursuant to sections 2545 and 2546 of the civil code of Georgia, I, Mrs. Amelia Lyon, guardian of my minor child, Ellen Reid Lyon, shall, on Saturday, November 11, 1899, at 9 a. m., present to Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of superior court of said county, at the courthouse in said county, a petition for leave to sell the remainder interest of my said ward in a certain house and lot in Barnesville, Pike county, Georgia, lying on the south side of Elm street, between an alley and Mrs. Dr. Gray's place and containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, and to reinvest in a house and lot on Bass street, Atlanta, Ga., being No. 209 Bass street. The reasons for the sale are that the Barnesville place is out of repair and depreciating in value and I wish to provide a home and a better investment for my child in Atlanta, where we now reside. This, October 12, 1899. MRS. AMELIA LYON,
oct 13 20 27 nov 3 fri

SALE OF NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.
Executive Department. Atlanta, Ga., September 25, 1899: By virtue of the authority conferred by an act of the general assembly of Georgia, entitled "An act to authorize the sale of the Northeastern Railroad, to confer powers and duties on the governor relative thereto, and for other purposes," approved December 21, 1897, and in accordance with an order this day issued by me as governor of Georgia, fixing the terms of the sale and prescribing rules and regulations as to the submission of bids for the purchase of said road under said act, I, Allen D. Candler, governor of Georgia, will receive, at the executive office, Atlanta, Ga., until 4 o'clock p. m., October 31, 1899, sealed bids for the purchase of the line of railroad known as the Northeastern Railroad, extending from Athens, Clarke county, Georgia, to Lula, Hall county, Georgia, a distance of thirty-nine and four-tenths miles, together with the franchises, equipment and other property connected with the operation of said road, consisting of its roadbed, right of way, side tracks, rails, crossties, station houses, rolling stock, real estate, equipments, and all property, rights, privileges and franchises pertaining to said road. A full and complete inventory of same being of file both in this office and in the office of the Northeastern Railroad at Athens, which may be inspected upon request.

Said railroad is offered for sale upon the following terms as to payments, to-wit:

$100,000 cash, $100,000 November 1, 1900, with interest from November 1, 1899, at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum, to be paid semi-annually, and the balance of the purchase price November 1, 1914, with interest from November 1, 1899, at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum, to be paid semi-annually. The title to said property to remain in the state until all the deferred payments shall have been fully paid, the purchaser having the right to pay all cash or to make either or both the deferred payments at any semi-annual interest period, and in case of default of any deferred payment or any interest payment the state to have the right to enter upon and seize the property as prescribed in said act. A fee simple deed will be made the purchaser upon the payment of all purchase money and interest on same.

As a prerequisite to having his bid entertained, each bidder for said property shall deposit with his bid a certified check on some solvent bank in the state of Georgia in the sum of $5,000, payable to the order of W. J. Speer, treasurer of the state. Such checks so deposited by unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them, and the check so deposited by the successful bidder shall be retained by the governor, as part of the first payment of $100,000 cash, and in the event such successful bidder shall fail upon the acceptance of his bid to make said first payment said check and the sum of money represented by it shall stand as a forfeit, and shall become at once the property of the state.

The right of the governor to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

A. D. CANDLER,
Governor.

WAR AND DIAMONDS.

Few indeed realize how far-reaching are the effects of the war in south Africa between the sturdy, but mistaken Boers, and our friends, the British.

A recent and accurate computation gives the gold output of this, the richest of all mining districts, at $24,000,000 and the diamond output at $42,000,000 for the past year.

Be it remembered that Kimberley, which is the very heart center of this south African war, is the world's only diamond producer and is already beleagured, and in a state of siege.

Last Saturday diamonds, which had already advanced a full 33 per cent in anticipation of hostilities, advanced another 25 per cent, and a diamond which a twelve-month or even a half year ago might have been bought for $100, would today cost $175.

Schooled by years of experience in the New York markets, Messrs. Nat Kaiser & Co., the Kimball house jewelers, foresaw this, and "in time of peace prepared for war," and bought heavily before the rise.

We can and do sell diamonds at prices our competitors have to pay for them.

A glance at their show windows and a comparison of prices will convince all.

Diamonds,
Watches,
Sterling Silverware,
Wedding Presents.

STILSON'S,
55 Whitehall St.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 N. Pryor St.

Have your Carpets and Rugs cleaned, also Lace Curtains and Draperies, by the only concern in the city. Suits cleaned and pressed, 99 cents. Troy Steam Laundry, 38 North Forsyth Street.

FALL BUSINESS ++
In all lines will be good.
Now Is the Time
TO ILLUSTRATE.
All Kinds of Cuts Made by
SOUTHERN ENGRAVING CO.
Constitution Bldg., Atlanta.

Paint. Paint. Paint. Paint. Paint. Paint.

PARIAN PAINTS

Beautify, protect and preserve your property.
Parian Paints adhere firmly to tin, galvanized iron, wood, stone or tile and are not affected by climatic changes.
Take no chances of getting a poor job or a poor paint. Insist on your painter using Parian Paints.
Parian Paints produce a high gloss, cover perfectly, and are the most durable paints ever placed on the market.
We guarantee it.

Parian Paint Co
39 S. Pryor St.
Southern Agency CARRARA.

Paint. Paint. Paint. Paint. Paint.

Don't Forget

That we sell spectacles.
We fit the eyes and fit the face.
Any oculist's prescription filled on short notice.
Our prices are moderate.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,
Jewelers and Opticians.
7 WEST ALABAMA ST.
Cash paid for old gold and silver.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

FOUR TRAINS TO MACON

Atlanta—
Leave 5:20 a. m.
12:05 noon
4:20 p. m.
11:00 p. m.

CANDLER TO URGE BALLOT REFORM

Will Make Strong Recommendation to Legislature.

WAR ON CORRUPT BALLOT

Measures in the House Will Back Up Governor's Position.

HARDWICK TO HAVE REFORM BILL

Chief Executive Will Advise in His Message the Lightening of the Burden of Taxation and the Equalizing of Taxes.

In his forthcoming message to the legislature Governor Candler will recommend such an amendment to the constitution as will restrict the ballot to the virtue and intelligence of the state. The governor will point out the evils that have grown up as the result of traffic in the ballot, and will lay it down as a self-evident proposition that the man who would sell his ballot is not entitled to it.

The corrupting influence upon the body politic of the purchase and sale of votes and the evils growing out of such a system are pointed out in strong language in the draft of his message, which he is now revising. The steps taken by sister states toward restriction of the ballot are referred to, and while there is no suggestion of any particular plan for securing the desired end, the governor's idea that the mass of the ignorant negro vote should be eliminated is made clear. He is decidedly specific, however, in his declaration that the distinction should not be of race color, and that it should not be based on a property qualification that would eliminate a man for lack of this world's goods. Virtue and intelligence—good citizenship—that should be the test. It is understood that several bills looking to such an amendment to the constitution have been prepared by members of the legislature, and this franchise matter promises to become one of the most interesting before the general assembly at its coming session.

Tax Commission Backed Up.

Governor Candler naturally devotes considerable space in his message to the necessity for lightening the burdens of taxation wherever it is possible, and for economy in the expenditure of the people's money. That was one of the chief planks on which he made his campaign, and his whole record has borne out his professions in this regard. He will tell of the work of the tax commission, whose report will be presented during the early days of the legislature's session, and will commend the whole subject to the careful consideration of the state's lawmakers.

With regard to the public schools of the state, Governor Candler will urge that they should be more closely restricted to the elementary branches, as is contemplated by the constitution and in the acts establishing the public school system. He thinks there has been too much of a tendency toward higher branches; and this, he thinks, is a perversion of the intent of the public school system, and one that does grave injustice to the people who are really meant to be benefited by the public schools.

Military To Be Strengthened.

Crime and mob violence will be dwelt on at some length. The governor points out the expense of the administration of the criminal laws in the state, showing that the cost is more than half a million dollars for meting out justice to the negroes alone. He points out the injustice of charging the acts of the criminal class against the race, and tells of the many leading negroes who are as law-abiding as the whites, and who join them in condemnation not only of mob violece, but of the terrible crimes that have incited such violence.

In this connection he pays high tribute to the military of the state, and urges upon the legislature the necessity of sustaining this important branch of the state government. He tells of the part the military companies have played during the past year in upholding the authority of the courts, and in this connection he makes a recommendation which will be of especial interest to the officers and men of the militia. He will recommend to the legislature that the pay of the officers be reduced somewhat, and that each private soldier be paid $1 a day when in actual service. As it is, the privates get but 43 cents a day each.

Bureau Wanted.

At the suggestion of very many mechanics and artisans throughout the state, Governor Candler will recommend the establishment of a bureau of labor statistics as a part of the agricultural department. Most of the states of the union have such departments, and the statistics they gather have proven of great value in many ways.

The governor will review the annual reports of the other state officers, which are made a part of his message. He will tell of the report of the special legislative commission appointed to investigate the geological department, which report was the basis for his action in continuing the department, the legislature at its last session having delegated to him the authority to discontinue the department if the report of that commission was unfavorable. The tone of his message as a whole will be optimistic rather than pessimistic. He sees a great future for Georgia in every respect, and he will express his confidence in the wisdom of the legislature to meet in a broad and progressive spirit all questions of legislation that may present themselves for consideration.

COLLEGE FOOTBALL GAME SATURDAY

Georgia and Sewanee Will Contest for Supremacy at Piedmont Park.

GAME WILL BE SCIENTIFIC

Both Teams Have Been Under Excellent Trainers All the Season.

PLAYERS ARE ALL EXPERIENCED

Georgia Is Heavier, but Sewanee Is Faster—Contest Will Be a Hard Fought One.

The college men of the University of Georgia and Sewanee will come to the city tomorrow to play the first big football game of the season at Piedmont park.

Yesterday came the usual reports from both institutions that the men of the elevens were badly broken up and crippled, but these rumors need deter no one from a red hot game between men uninjured and trained in the finest fashion and to a finish.

The game promises to be one of the best-played of the entire season. It will be scientific from the moment the signal for play is given, and some of the



HENRY SEIBLES,
Captain and Half-Back on Sewanee's Eleven.

prettiest work of the year will be seen. Georgia for the last forty days has been in the hands of Coach Gordon Saussy, who was one of Cornell's fastest players, and they have improved most wonderfully. Sewanee, on the other hand, has been under the direction of Coach Suter, a '99 Princeton player, who has accomplished wonders with the men.

Who the Players Are.

Georgia will go in the game with the heaviest team, but Suwanee will equalize the handicap with her magnificent team work and fast-running backs. In the Georgia line will be Goff, a 225 pound wonder, who has been playing superbly. With him will be Shannon, Lindsay, Ritchie and McCutcheon, all members of the last year team. These men all have weight, grit and the other qualities that make fine players. Along with them will be Hamilton and Simcox, two experienced players.

Behind this heavy line will be Finnegan, one of the fastest sprinters and players in the south. He has a record of making 100 yards in 10 1-5 seconds, and is said to play football in the same way he runs. Hewlette, the other half, is an old Barnesville boy, who has had much experience, and who bucks the line like a battering ram. McIntosh is another fast runner, and he is kicking the ball almost in the same wonderful style that Kit Jones did to win the Vanderbilt game for Georgia last year. At quarter Young is one of the nerviest and steadiest of players ever seen in the south; he is scheduled for the all-southern team. The average of the team in weight will be nearly 180 pounds.

With the Sewanee Players.

At Sewanee the coach has been giving much time and attention to the development of team work and quick playing, hoping by fast work to overcome the handicap Georgia has in weight. In the line she has nearly all of her last year's team, and the men have considerable experience.

Her center is from Baltimore, and is six feet in height. He played the position last year, and has been doing superbly this season. For his guards he has his choice of Mason, Claiborne and Keys, all heavy fast men, who know the game. Jones and Bolling, two six footers will play tackle, the same positions they had last year. On the ends will be the best two of the four excellent players, Black, Pearce, Kirby-Smith and Sims.

Behind the line will be some of the fastest players on any southern college team. Simpkins will play full, and he has a reputation of being one of the best ground gainers anywhere. Seibles, a fine all around athlete, will do the end running. He is captain of the eleven, and a very fine player. He will be assisted by Kilpatrick, who did such good work against Vanderbilt when Sewanee won from her last season. At quarter Sewanee has little Wilson, a South Carolina boy, who possesses as much football knowledge as the best men have. He governs the men with much decision and shows great head work in his choice of plays.

Sewanee has not played any games this season, but her men have been earnestly at work, and will be in the game at all times Saturday. Georgia has played only one, which she won by a score of 11 to 0. It was with Clemson.

The Georgia players will arrive in the city tonight, and will be quartered at the Kimball house. The Sewanee players will come early Saturday morning, leaving their home today.

The sponsors for Georgia will be Miss Louise DuBose, of Athens, and Miss Frances Johnson, of this city. Those for Sewanee have not been chosen yet, but will be announced today. The game will be a society event, as well as an athletic contest.

The teams will line up as follows:

Georgia—McCutcheon, left end; Hamilton, left tackle; Lindsay, left guard; Goff, center; Shannon, right guard; Ritchie, right tackle; Simcox, right end; Young, quarterback; Finnegan, left halfback; Hewlette, right halfback; McIntosh, fullback.

Sewanee—Pierce or Smith, left end; Jones or McBee, left tackle; Keys or Mayson, left guard; Poole, center; Claiborne, right guard; Bolling, right tackle; Sims or Black, right end; Wilson, quarterback; Gray or Kirkpatrick, left halfback; Seibles, right halfback; Simpson, fullback.

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Moldings, Fence Posts, Flooring, Ceiling

Weatherboards, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Prompt Delivery; Lowest Market Prices.

SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER COMPANY, - O. STEWART, Proprietor.

'Phone 532:—Yard and Office 62 W. Hunter St. Cor. Madison Ave.

Embroideries

Just received 500 pieces of Edging and Insertings. They are worth from 10c to 75c yard. Will be put on sale from 5c to 25c yard. Remnant sale of Embroideries and Laces going on.

Novelties

In Ledies' Neckwear, Real Applique Ties and Embroidered Chiffon Jabots in all shades and designs. Brussels, Point de Esprit and Silk Guipure Lace Ties, 2 yards long from 25c up.

Iridescent

and cut Jet Collars in all the new shapes at less than cost of importation, from 75c up.

LACE HOUSE
28 Whitehall St.
DIRECT IMPORTERS

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

INDICTMENTS FOR THE TWO PICKERTS

Grand Jury Returns Truebills Against Them Yesterday.

FOUR WITNESSES TESTIFIED

Father and Son Are Charged with Serious Separate Offenses.

MINISTERS GIVE NOTICE TO DEALERS

Claim That Many in City Are Violating the State Law Governing Observance of Sabbath.

Among the number of true bills of indictment returned yesterday by the Fulton grand jury was one against A. F. Pickert, charging him with receiving stolen goods, and another against his son, V. F. Pickert, charging burglary.

A number of witnesses were summoned before the grand jurors, among others being Sam Wilkes, whose house was recently robbed of a large amount of silverware, and several of the members of the detective department. Will Etheridge, the negro who was captured some time ago, told of some transactions alleged to have been made with Pickert. It was upon the testimony of these witnesses that the bills of indictment were returned by the grand jury.

It will be remembered that the elder Pickert, who for a number of years was a prominent jeweler of the city, was arrested about a week ago charged with being a receiver of stolen goods.

For the past year he has been conducting a pawn broker's office upstairs on Whitehall street near the railroad, and at the time of his arrest it was alleged that he had received silverware that had been stolen from the residence of Sam Wilkes, in West End, last month.

Last Saturday young Pickert was arrested by Detective John Harris on the charge of burglary. The detectives had been notified that a witness could be secured to swear that Vincent Pickert had been seen on the Wilkes premises when the house was burglarized.

Ministers Give Warning.

Yesterday morning a committee of preachers from the Evangelical Ministers' Association called to ask that all dealers in the city and county guilty of violating the Sunday law be indicted and tried for the offenses. This committee, however, after a consultation with Solicitor Charley Hill, decided not to go before the grand jury until after notice had been given those alleged to be breaking the laws governing the observance of the Sabbath.

The ministers claim that cigar stores, soda water founts, news dealers, railroads, drug stores and others are violating the law and the association gives it out that evidence will be produced when necessary to convict a large number in Atlanta.

The section of the code under which the ministers will proceed is as follows:

"Any person who shall pursue his business, or the work of his ordinary calling, on the Lord's day, works of necessity or charity only excepted, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."—Sec. 422, criminal code of Georgia.

The following is their notice to the public:

Notice to the violators of Sunday laws in the city of Atlanta:

At a late meeting of the Evangelical Ministers' Association of Atlanta the undersigned were appointed a committee to appear before the grand jury of Fulton county and ask for indictments against all violators in our city of the state laws governing the observance of the Christian Sabbath.

After mature deliberations we have decided that the more Christian mode of procedure will be to first give formal notice of our intention, thus giving our friends who are engaged in unlawful commerce on the Lord's day an opportunity to desist voluntarily.

Acting upon this suggestion we, therefore, do here and now call upon all persons and corporations engaged in unlawful traffic on the Lord's day to desist from said traffic at once.

In the event of persistence in this unlawful conduct beyond date of this notice we solemnly covenant to bring the matter to the attention of the grand jury of Fulton county and to prosecute such cases faithfully in a spirit of loyalty to the Christian government under which we have the happiness to live.

A. R. Holderby, chairman; W. B. Stradley, W. F. Quillian, W. W. Landrum, F. E. Jenkins, committee.

Atlanta, Ga., October 19, 1899.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Retailers will do well to get their orders in at once. A solid carload of Pompano, Trout, Spanish Mackerel and Mullet received today. Donehoo & Robinson, 2 S. Broad street.



Changing Hands

Is a simple matter in real estate. For instance the owner of that central property on Piedmont avenue, Butler, Gilmer and Bell streets must have money. Therefore, we will sell the property at auction on

MONDAY, OCT. 23rd.

Call at our office for a plat, pick out a home, attend the sale and buy at your own price. The titles are perfect, sale absolute, and terms cash.

G. W. Adair,
14 WALL STREET.

EDWIN P. ANSLEY
Successor to ANSLEY BROS.
REAL ESTATE, RENTS AND LOANS
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.
FIRE INSURANCE.
12 East Alabama St.

J. C. HENDRIX.

Eight acres just outside city limits on street car line at a bargain. Hendrix avenue lot; must sell it. Call in and make me a bid; have a cash customer for a ten or twelve thousand dollar residence, north side. Ten-room residence nearly new on Boulevard, that I am directed to sell, as party is going away.

J. C. HENDRIX.

A. J. WEST & CO.,
Real Estate Agents

BUSINESS LOT, 26x100, Pryor street, opposite Marion hotel. Margin for profit.

NORTH AVE. HOME, between the two Peachtrees, 2-story, 8-room house, all modern improvements. Price inducive.

PULLIAM STREET LOT, 50x115, $450.

WEST PEACTREE LOT, 35x200, $700.
LIME KILN property, half price.

BRICK STORE, large corner lot, near the center, prominent street, bargain.
A. J. WEST & CO.,
13 Pryor Street, Kimball House.

A. F. LIEBMAN.
Real Estate, Renting and Loans,
28 Peachtree Street.

FOR RENT.

The Exchange hotel, on Marietta street, consisting of an office, dining room and kitchen on ground floor and about 45 rooms. The Exchange is just opposite the Brady-Miller, J. B. Thompson and Martin & Bowden's stables, only three blocks from the postoffice, and less than half mile from carshed. The hotel is well arranged and is partly furnished. The right party can make big money here. Rent very reasonable to party with money enough to run the place and make a success.

HOUSES.

308 S. Pryor st., 10 rooms, elegant	$37 50
307 Whitehall st., 7 rooms, beauty	30 00
120 Pulliam st., 7 rooms, modern	27 50
132 Pulliam st., 6 rooms, modern	25 00
224 Crumley, 6 rooms, modern	20 00
419 Whitehal st., 8 rooms, modern	24 00
71 Smith st., 7 rooms, modern	18 00
92 Marietta st., 13 rooms, boarding house	75 00

Cliff W. & Will S. Ansley,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
Office 21½ East Alabama Street.
'Phone 288. Atlanta, Ga.
Dealers In All Kinds of City and Suburban Property, Farms, Mineral and Timber Lands.
Mr. T. H. SAPPINGTON, is with us.

SPECIAL SPEED SALE.
Brady & Miller Stable,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25,
By Jewell & Patterson, Lexington, Kentucky.

Beginning at 9.30 a. m. In this lot will be found such horses as
LAURABEL, record 2.27¾,
ENRIQUE, trial 2.30,
BETTIE R (2d in race) 2.16,
BANKS, trial 2.45,
HUGHES, trial 2.40,
HAZEL BOY, record 2.31½,
MANAKIN, trial 2.23,
ROAN MARE, trial 2.38,
JOE F, trial 2.30,
E. M. H., record 2.16
And a number of others that can show better than three minutes.

Electric Night Sale Wednesday Night.

This will be the best sale of speed and high class business horses ever offered in the South. At night horses will be shown and sold under electric lights. Ladies invited.

fri-sat-mon

The Brown Supply Company
47 and 49 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
IN
General Mill Supplies, Machinery and Tools
* * * * * * * * * * * * *
Wrought and Cast Iron Pipe for Steam, Water and Gas.
Leather and Rubber Belting, Hose Packing, Etc.
Corrugated and V-Crimped Iron Roofing for Warehouses, Ginneries, Etc.
Write for Prices.

W. S. DUNCAN & CO.



and PRATT'S FOOD for Horses, Cattle and Poultry.

Wholesale
FLOUR, GRAIN and HAY.
Bran, Shorts, C. S. Meal, C. S. Hulls, Clipped Oats, White Oats, Mixed Oats, Choice Hay, Wheat Straw for Bedding, Victor Corn and Oat Feed.
"Texas Rust Proof Oats" Seed, Wheat, Rock Salt, Fresh water ground Meal

Seed Rye, Barley, Winter Grazing Oats, Choice Milling Corn.

W. S. DUNCAN & CO.
TELEPHONE NO. 359.
28 E. Alabama St.



CASE NOW IN JUDGE'S HANDS.

All Argument in the Street Railway Trial Was Concluded Yesterday Afternoon.

All argument in the street railway case, on trial before Judge John S. Candler, was concluded late yesterday afternoon. The case now is in the hands of the judge, who is expected to make a decision in the next few days.

The trial began last Monday in the courtroom of the criminal branch of the superior court, but after the first day's hearing, it was agreed to hold the continuation in the library at the capitol. Accordingly, the trial for the past three days has been held at that place.

The case is one of the most interesting that has been up for trial for some time, and the court's decision will be awaited with considerable interest by a number who have given more than passing attention to the interests at stake.

The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof. You can buy Isaacs Pens at $1 per gross or 6 gross for $5. For sale by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Samples free.

Note—These pens are warranted to be made from selected stock and are carefully examined before boxing.

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.

Low Rates Via Southern Railway.

For this occasion the Southern railway offers unusually low rates and irreproachable regular and special train service. Tickets will be sold from all points within the state of Georgia at rate one fare round trip October 16th to November 4th, inclusive, with final limit November 6th. Also, at less than one fare round trip on October 19th, 21st, 24th, 26th, 28th, 31st, November 2d and 4th, with final limit five days from date of sale.

For complete information call on any agent Southern railway.

oct19 d till nov 5

EXCURSION RATES TO GEORGIA STATE FAIR,

Atlanta, Ga., Via Central of Georgia Railway.

For this occasion, the Central of Georgia railway offers low rates and convenient schedules from all points in southern Georgia to Atlanta. Excursion tickets on sale October 18th to November 4, 1899. For full particulars, rates and schedules, apply to any agent Central of Georgia railway.

oct 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 31

SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company, Portsmouth, Va., October 8, 1899.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 10, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m.

J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Seaboard Air Line Belt Railroad Company, Portmouth, Va., October 8, 1899.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Seaboard Air Line Belt Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company in Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 10, 1899, at 11 o'clock a. m. J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, October 19.—Forecast: Georgia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia—Cloudy, with local rains Friday, Saturday fair; light variable winds.

Eastern and Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair except showers on the coast Friday and Saturday; light southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Friday and Saturday; southerly winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair in western, showers followed by fair in eastern portions Friday. Saturday fair and warmer; variable winds.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Mean temperature	[illegible]
Normal temperature	[illegible]
Highest temperature	[illegible]
Lowest temperature	[illegible]
Rainfall in 24 hours	[illegible]
Deficiency of rainfall since January 1st	[illegible]

Reports from Other Stations.

STATION.	Temperature	Maximum Temperature.	Rainfall
Abilene, clear	82	90	.00
Augusta, part cloudy	76	88	.00
Buffalo, rain	48	60	.48
Charleston, part cloudy	76	82	.00
Charlotte, clear	72	82	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	66	80	.08
Chicago, cloudy	50	54	.02
Cincinnati, cloudy	58	66	.02
Corpus Christi, part cloudy	80	82	T
Detroit, cloudy	46	54	.30
Dodge City, cloudy	66	76	.00
Galveston, part cloudy	78	82	.00
Huron, clear	44	50	.00
Jacksonville, clear	76	86	.00
Jupiter, clear	78	84	.00
Kansas City, clear	66	72	.00
Key West, clear	80	84	.00
Knoxville, cloudy	66	80	T
Memphis, cloudy	80	84	.00
Mobile, clear	76	82	.00
Montgomery cloudy	68	88	1.10
New Orleans, clear	76	84	T
New York, clear	66	74	.00
Norfolk, clear	68	76	.00
North Platte, part cloudy	56	66	.00
Omaha, clear	58	64	.00
Palestine, cloudy	80	88	.00
Port Eads, part cloudy	76	84	.00
Raleigh, clear	72	80	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	40	64	.00
St. Louis, clear	70	78	.10
St. Paul, clear	42	46	.02
Savannah, clear	74	86	.00
Tampa, clear	80	86	.00
Vicksburg, clear	80	84	T
Wilmington, clear	72	88	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

"Phone 70"—For the Doll Ballard Baggage Co, 26 E. Wall St. Prompt delivery.

PROPOSAL.

Sealed bids for lighting the City of Opelika, Ala., from June 1st, 1900, for a period of five (5) and (10) years, will be received by the light committee up to Monday, 12 o'clock noon, November 6th, 1899. For plans and specifications apply to the undersigned.

The right to reject any and all bids reserved.

JNO. W. WILLIAMS, JR.,
Chairman of Light Committee.

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A..
New
Fast
Schedule
BETWEEN
ATLANTA
AND
COLUMBUS

Via Atlanta and West Point R. R.
With superb Pullman and Dining Car service.

"THE BUSINESS MAN'S TRAIN."
Leave Atlanta ... 5:25 a. m.
Arrive Opelika ... 8:50 a. m.
Arrive Columbus ... 9:55 a. m.

"THE VESTIBULED LIMITED."
Leave Atlanta ... 4:20 p. m.
Arrive Opelika ... 7:37 p. m.
Arrive Columbus ... 8:40 p. m.

Twenty-five minutes quicker than any other line, making only four stops between Atlanta and Columbus.

The best service Columbus to Atlanta.
Leave Columbus ... 7:05 a. m. 1:45 p. m.
Arrive Atlanta ... 11:40 a. m. 7:00 p. m.

For further information apply to
J. W. WARNER, C. T. A., 12 Kimball House, Atlanta.
A. HOWELL, U. T. A., Depot, Atlanta.
GEO. W. ALLEN, Trav. Pass. Agent, 12 Kimball House, Atlanta.
B. F. WYLY, JR., G. P. and T. A., Atlanta, Ga.
R. E. LUTZ, Traffic Manager, Montgomery, Ala.
GEORGE C. SMITH, President and General Manager, Atlanta, Ga.

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Dealer in foreign and domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobaccos, Ales, Porter, Beer and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store, the very best in the city or state. Send your orders or come in person. Terms cash.

Peter Lynch's Seed and Variety Store fronts 7 Mitchell. Stand will be open in a few days with a new stock Field and Garden Seeds and a variety of other goods.

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Contractors for Tin, Slate and Galvanized Iron Work, Metal Skylights, Metal Ceilings, Etc.

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